Assignment 5

Case Studies

1. Formulating the Problem

1.1 Problem Description

Design and implement a Java program that enables two users to chat. Using GUIs implement one user as the server and the other as the client.

1.2 Verbalization

What is the goal?
Create a chat for two users
What are the givens?

None

1.3 <u>Information Elicitation</u>

Goal

Create Java program that enables two users to chat.

Givens

None

Unknowns

None

Conditions

Chat for two users

2. Planning the Solution

2.1 Solution Strategy

The sever has two text areas: one for entering text and the other (noneditable) for displaying text received from the client.

The client has two text areas: one for receiving text from the server and the other for entering text.

When the user presses the enter key, the current line is sent to the server or client.

2.2 Goal Decomposition

Sub-goal 1

Create server side

Sub-goal 2

Create client side

Sub-goal 3

Display data.

2.3 Resources

Relevant formulas

3.1 Structure Chart

First Level Decomposition

The first level decomposition includes three main goals of this program.

- 1. Create a client with two text areas.
- 2. Create a server side
- 3. Display messages

Goal Refinement

Sub-goal 1

Get data from the user.

Sub-goal 1.1

Create a interface with two text areas.

Sub-goal 2

Create a server side

Sub-goal 2.1

Implement server and client

Sub-goal 3

Display results.

Sub-goal 3.1

Create Main method to display messages

4. Translation

4.1 Source Code

```
2 // Name
             : Tsagan Garyaeva
3 // SID
            : 31483539
4 // Course : IT-114
5 // Section : 452
6 // Instructor: Maura Deek
7 // T.A
10 // Assignment #: 5
11 // Date
             : 04/22/2019
12 //=====
14
1 1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.net.*;
3 import java.util.Scanner;
4
5 public class Client
6 {
7
    final static int ServerPort = 1234;
8
9
    public static void main(String args[]) throws UnknownHostException, IOException
10
11
       Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
12
13
       // getting localhost ip
14
       InetAddress ip = InetAddress.getByName("localhost");
15
16
       // establish the connection
17
       Socket s = new Socket(ip, ServerPort);
18
19
       // obtaining input and out streams
20
       DataInputStream dis = new DataInputStream(s.getInputStream());
21
       DataOutputStream dos = new DataOutputStream(s.getOutputStream());
22
23
       // sendMessage thread
24
       Thread sendMessage = new Thread(new Runnable()
25
       {
26
          @Override
27
          public void run() {
28
            while (true) {
29
30
              // read the message to deliver.
31
              String msg = scn.nextLine();
32
33
              try {
34
                 // write on the output stream
35
                 dos.writeUTF(msg);
```

```
36
               } catch (IOException e) {
37
                  e.printStackTrace();
38
39
             }
40
41
        });
42
43
        // readMessage thread
44
        Thread readMessage = new Thread(new Runnable()
45
        {
46
          @Override
47
          public void run() {
48
49
             while (true) {
50
               try {
51
                  // read the message sent to this client
52
                  String msg = dis.readUTF();
53
                  System.out.println(msg);
54
               } catch (IOException e) {
55
56
                  e.printStackTrace();
57
               }
58
             }
59
          }
60
        });
61
62
        sendMessage.start();
63
        readMessage.start();
64
65 }
66 } }
 1 import java.io.*;
 2 import java.util.*;
 3 import java.net.*;
 4
 5 // Server class
 6 public class Server
 7 {
 9
     // Vector to store active clients
 10
      static Vector<ClientHandler> ar = new Vector<>();
11
12
      // counter for clients
13
      static int i = 0;
14
15
      public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException
16
17
        // server is listening on port 1234
```

```
18
        ServerSocket ss = new ServerSocket(1234);
19
20
        Socket s;
21
22
       // running infinite loop for getting
23
       // client request
24
        while (true)
25
        {
26
          // Accept the incoming request
27
          s = ss.accept();
28
29
          System.out.println("New client request received: " + s);
30
31
          // obtain input and output streams
32
          DataInputStream dis = new DataInputStream(s.getInputStream());
          DataOutputStream dos = new DataOutputStream(s.getOutputStream());
33
34
35
          System.out.println("Creating a new handler for this client...");
36
37
          // Create a new handler object for handling this request.
38
          ClientHandler mtch = new ClientHandler(s,"client " + i, dis, dos);
39
40
          // Create a new Thread with this object.
          Thread t = new Thread(mtch);
41
42
43
          System.out.println("Adding this client to active client list");
44
45
          // add this client to active clients list
46
          ar.add(mtch);
47
48
          // start the thread.
49
          t.start();
50
51
          // increment i for new client.
52
          // i is used for naming only, and can be replaced
53
          // by any naming scheme
54
          i++;
55
56
       }
57
     }
58 }
60 //ClientHandler class
61 class ClientHandler implements Runnable
62 {
63 Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
64 private String name;
65 final DataInputStream dis;
66 final DataOutputStream dos;
```

```
67 Socket s:
68 boolean isloggedin;
69
70 // constructor
71 public ClientHandler(Socket s, String name,
72
                  DataInputStream dis, DataOutputStream dos) {
73
     this.dis = dis;
74
     this.dos = dos;
75
     this.name = name;
76 this.s = s;
77
     this.isloggedin=true;
78 }
79
80 @Override
81 public void run() {
82
83
     String received;
84
     while (true)
85
     {
86
       try
87
       {
88
          // receive the string
89
          received = dis.readUTF();
90
91
          System.out.println(received);
92
93
          if(received.equals("logout")){
94
             this.isloggedin=false;
95
             this.s.close();
96
             break;
97
          }
98
99
          // break the string into message and recipient part
100
           StringTokenizer st = new StringTokenizer(received, "#");
101
           String MsgToSend = st.nextToken();
102
           String recipient = st.nextToken();
103
104
           // search for the recipient in the connected devices list.
105
           // ar is the vector storing client of active users
106
           for (ClientHandler mc : Server.ar)
107
           {
108
             // if the recipient is found, write on its
109
             // output stream
110
             if (mc.name.equals(recipient) && mc.isloggedin==true)
111
112
                mc.dos.writeUTF(this.name+" : "+MsgToSend);
113
                break;
114
             }
           }
115
```

```
} catch (IOException e) {
116
117
118
          e.printStackTrace();
119
120
121
    }
122 try
123 {
124
       // closing resources
125
       this.dis.close();
126
       this.dos.close();
127
     }catch(IOException e){
128
       e.printStackTrace();
129
130 }
131 }
132 }
```

4. Solution Testing

Test the program with following data domain:

The domain range includes integers

Test the program with following data: