LAB 1: Implementation Of Toy Problem 8-puzzle Problem

Problem Formulation:

The 8 puzzle consists of eight numbered, monable titles set in a 3 × 3 frame. One cell of the frame is always empty thus making it possible to move an adjacent numbered title into the empty cell.

The initial & the goal states are given.

The problem is to change the initial configurations to the final one, by morning the tites one by one in the single empty state space, thus achieving the goal conf.

Problem Solvery

Instead of moning the tiles in the empty space into we can visualize moving the empty space into place of the tile. The empty space can more place of the tile. The empty space can more now only in 4 directions: 1) Up 2) Down 3) Right 4) Left

* The empty space cannot more diagonally & can only take one step a time.

Methods to solve the problem: a) Uninformed searching 6) Informed searching

Heuristic search is an informed search technique A heuristic value tells an algorithm whileh path will provide he solution as early as possible.

A* algorithm

This algorithm keeps a track of each visited node which helps in ignoring the rodes that are already visited, saving a huge amount of time.

A* uses a combination of heuristic value h-score as well as g-score.

f(score) = h(score) + g(score)

horse actual cost

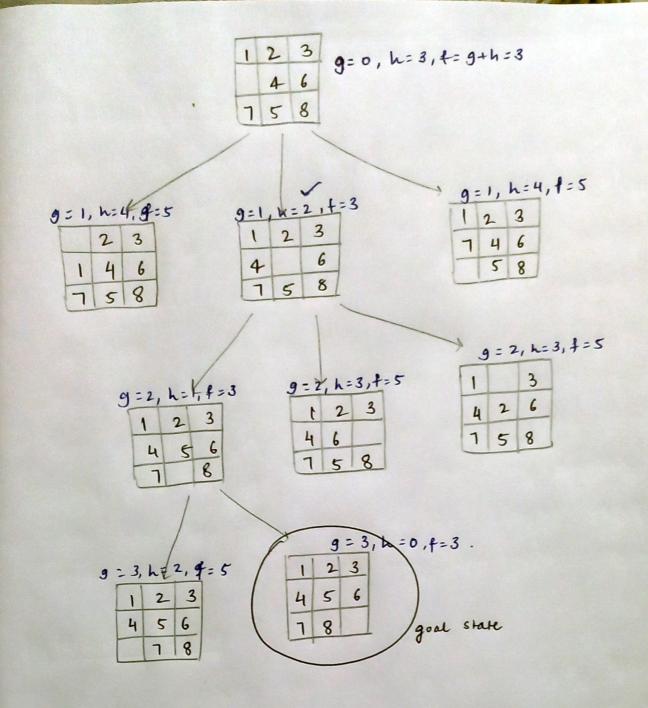
estimation from start

cost from hode to n

n to goal node

We define the h-score as the no. of misplaced tiles by comparing the current state to the goal state or summation of manhattan distance b/w nisplaced nodes.

g-score will remain as no. of nodes traveresed from a start node to get to the current node.



Algorithm

- · It malntains 2 list: OPEN and CLOSE
- · DPEN contains mose noder mat have been evaluated by me heuristic fune, but haven't been expanded yet.
- · closed centains me nodes already visited.
- · Define a list OPEN, contains start node s
- · Remone node n with smallest natur of fin) from OPEN and more it to closed.
- . It node is goal state return success & exit.
- · Expand node n
- · It any successor to n is goal, return success