

EXP : 7 (Unification & Resolution)

Aim : Implementation of unification & so resolution in real world application.

(A) Unification (Pattern matching)

Problem Formulation :

To find a mapping between two expression that may both contain variables.

Print the variables to their values in the given expression until no bound variables remain.

Initial state :

exp 1 = 'f(x, h(x), y, g(y))'

exp 2 = 'f(g(z), w, z, x)'

Final state :

x : g(z)

w : h(x)

y : z

exp 1 = f(g(z), h(g(z)), z, g(z))

exp 2 = f(g(z), h(g(z)), z, g(z))

Problem Solving :

• unify f(x, h(x), y, g(y)) and f(g(z), w, z, x)

• It would loop through each argument.

• unify (x, g(z)) is involved.

here, x → variable, ∴ put x = g(z)

• unify (h(x), w) is involved

w → variable, ∴ w = h(x)

The substitutions are mapped to a python dictionary
& it expands as $\{x = g(z), w = h(x)\}$

- unify (y, z) is involved

$y, z \rightarrow$ variables, \therefore add to dictionary

$\{x = g(z), w = h(x), y = z\}$ $\nexists z = y$ or $y = z$ are same

- unify $(g(y), x)$ is involved

$x \rightarrow$ variable but already present in dict.

$\therefore (g(y), g(z))$

\downarrow
both have g

\therefore unify y & z
 \hookrightarrow already present.

- all variables are bounded, unification is complete

Final result : $\{x = g(z), w = h(x), y = z\}$

Algorithm:

1. Start
2. Declare a python dict mapping variables to terms
3. When either side is a variable, it calls unify-variable
4. Else, if both sides are func applications it ensures they apply the same func.
5. If v is bound in the substitution, we try to unify its defn
6. Stop

(B) Implementation of Resolution (predicate logic)

Problem Formulation :

By building reputation proofs, i.e., proofs by contradictions prove a conclusion of those given statements based on the conjunctive normal form or clausal form.

Initial state

- a. John likes all kind of food
- b. Apples & vegetable are food
- c. Anything anyone eats & not killed is food
- d. Anil eats peanuts & still alive
- e. Harry eats everything that Anil eats

Final state

'TRUE'
(proved)

Prove by resolution :

- f. John likes peanuts

Problem solving

- Conversion of facts into FOL.

- a. $\forall x : \text{food}(x) \rightarrow \text{likes}(\text{John}, x)$
- b. $\text{food}(\text{Apple}) \wedge \text{food}(\text{vegetables})$
- c. $\forall x \forall y : \text{eats}(x, y) \wedge \neg \text{killed}(x) \rightarrow \text{food}(y)$
- d. $\text{eats}(\text{Anil}, \text{peanuts}) \wedge \text{alive}(\text{Anil})$
- e. $\forall x : (\text{eats}(\text{Anil}, x) \rightarrow \text{eats}(\text{Harry}, x))$
- f. $\forall x : \neg \text{killed}(x) \rightarrow \text{alive}(x)$
- g. $\forall x : \text{alive}(x) \rightarrow \neg \text{killed}(x)$
- h. $\text{likes}(\text{John}, \text{Peanuts})$

- Elimination of implication, moving negation inwards & renaming variables

- $\forall x \rightarrow \text{food}(x) \vee \text{likes}(\text{John}, x)$
- $\text{food}(\text{Apple}) \wedge \text{food}(\text{vegetable})$
- $\forall y \forall z \rightarrow \text{sees cats}(y, z) \vee \text{killed}(y) \vee \text{food}(z)$
- $\text{cats}(\text{Anil}, \text{Peanuts}) \wedge \text{alive}(\text{Anil})$
- $\forall w \rightarrow \text{cats}(\text{Anil}, w) \vee \text{cats}(\text{Harry}, w)$
- $\forall g \rightarrow \text{killed}(g) \vee \text{alive}(g)$
- $\forall k \rightarrow \text{alive}(k) \vee \text{killed}(k)$
- $\text{likes}(\text{John}, \text{Peanuts})$

- Drop existential quantifiers.

- $\text{food}(x) \vee \text{likes}(\text{John}, x)$
- $\text{food}(\text{Apple})$
- $\text{food}(\text{vegetables})$
- $\neg \text{cats}(y, z) \vee \text{killed}(y) \vee \text{food}(z)$
- $\text{cats}(\text{Anil}, \text{Peanuts})$
- $\text{alive}(\text{Anil})$
- $\neg \text{cats}(\text{Anil}, w) \vee \text{cats}(\text{Harry}, w)$
- $\text{killed}(g) \vee \text{alive}(g)$
- $\neg \text{alive}(k) \vee \neg \text{killed}(k)$
- $\text{likes}(\text{John}, \text{Peanuts})$

- Negate the statement to be proved.

- $\neg \text{likes}(\text{John}, \text{Peanuts})$

$\neg \text{food}(x) \wedge \neg \text{likes}(\text{John}, x)$

$\neg \text{likes}(\text{John}, \text{Peanuts})$

$\neg \text{food}(\text{Peanuts})$

$\neg \text{cats}(y, z) \vee \text{killed}(y) \vee \text{food}(z)$

(Peanut/z)

$\neg \text{cats}(y, \text{Peanuts}) \vee \text{killed}(y)$

$\text{killed}(\text{Anil})$

$\text{cats}(\text{Anil}, \text{Peanuts})$
 $\{\text{Anil}/y\}$

$\neg \text{alive}(\text{Anil})$

$\neg \text{alive}(x) \vee \neg \text{killed}(x)$
 $\{\text{Anil}/x\}$

$\text{alive}(\text{Anil})$

$\{\} \text{ Proved}$

Unification

Code:

```
def get_index_comma(string):
    index_list = list()
    par_count = 0

    for i in range(len(string)):
        if string[i] == ',' and par_count == 0:
            index_list.append(i)
        elif string[i] == '(':
            par_count += 1
        elif string[i] == ')':
            par_count -= 1

    return index_list


def is_variable(expr):
    for i in expr:
        if i == '(' or i == ')':
            return False

    return True


def process_expression(expr):
    expr = expr.replace(' ', '')
    index = None
```

```

for i in range(len(expr)):
    if expr[i] == '(':
        index = i
        break
predicate_symbol = expr[:index]
expr = expr.replace(predicate_symbol, "")
expr = expr[1:len(expr) - 1]
arg_list = list()
indices = get_index_comma(expr)

if len(indices) == 0:
    arg_list.append(expr)
else:
    arg_list.append(expr[:indices[0]])
    for i, j in zip(indices, indices[1:]):
        arg_list.append(expr[i + 1:j])
    arg_list.append(expr[indices[len(indices) - 1] + 1:])

return predicate_symbol, arg_list

```

```

def get_arg_list(expr):
    _, arg_list = process_expression(expr)

    flag = True
    while flag:
        flag = False

        for i in arg_list:

```

```

    if not is_variable(i):
        flag = True
        _, tmp = process_expression(i)
        for j in tmp:
            if j not in arg_list:
                arg_list.append(j)
        arg_list.remove(i)

return arg_list

```

```

def check_occurs(var, expr):
    arg_list = get_arg_list(expr)
    if var in arg_list:
        return True

return False

```

```

def unify(expr1, expr2):

    if is_variable(expr1) and is_variable(expr2):
        if expr1 == expr2:
            return 'Null'
        else:
            return False
    elif is_variable(expr1) and not is_variable(expr2):
        if check_occurs(expr1, expr2):
            return False

```



```

else:
    tmp = str(expr2) + '/' + str(expr1)
    return tmp
elif not is_variable(expr1) and is_variable(expr2):
    if check_occurs(expr2, expr1):
        return False
    else:
        tmp = str(expr1) + '/' + str(expr2)
        return tmp
else:
    predicate_symbol_1, arg_list_1 = process_expression(expr1)
    predicate_symbol_2, arg_list_2 = process_expression(expr2)

    # Step 2
    if predicate_symbol_1 != predicate_symbol_2:
        return False

    # Step 3
    elif len(arg_list_1) != len(arg_list_2):
        return False
    else:
        # Step 4: Create substitution list
        sub_list = list()

        # Step 5:
        for i in range(len(arg_list_1)):
            tmp = unify(arg_list_1[i], arg_list_2[i])

            if not tmp:
                return False

```

```
elif tmp == 'Null':  
    pass  
else:  
    if type(tmp) == list:  
        for j in tmp:  
            sub_list.append(j)  
    else:  
        sub_list.append(tmp)
```

Step 6

```
return sub_list
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
```

```
    f1 = 'Q(a, g(x, a), f(y))'
```

```
    f2 = 'Q(a, g(f(b), a), x)'
```

```
    #f1 = 'Q(hello, f(why))'
```

```
    #f2 = 'Q(a, f(g(no)))'
```

```
    result = unify(f1, f2)
```

```
    if not result:
```

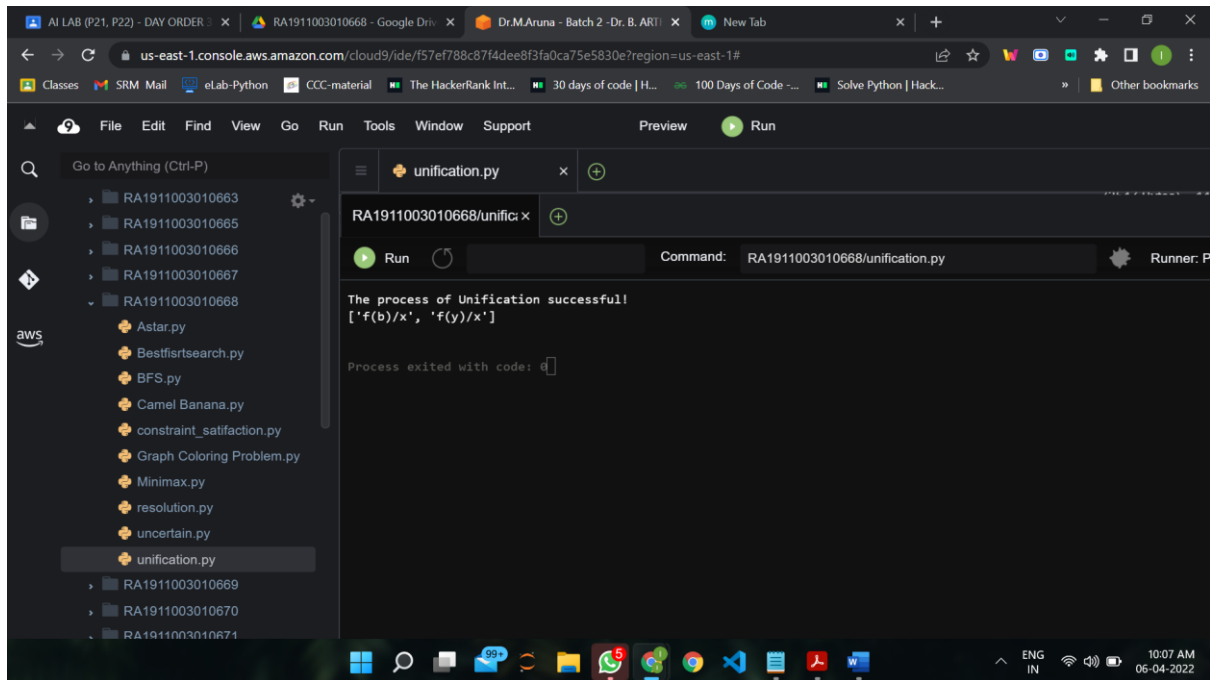
```
        print('The process of Unification failed!')
```

```
    else:
```

```
        print('The process of Unification successful!')
```

```
        print(result)
```

Output:



The screenshot shows a web-based IDE interface. The browser address bar displays a URL from the AWS console. The IDE's file explorer on the left lists several Python files, with 'unification.py' selected. The main editor area shows the code for 'unification.py'. Below the editor, a 'Run' button is visible, and the output console shows the message: 'The process of Unification successful!' followed by the list ['f(b)/x', 'f(y)/x']. The process exited with code 0.

Resolution

Algorithm:

Step-1: Start

Step-2: if L_1 or L_2 is an atom part of same thing do

(a) if L_1 or L_2 are identical then return NIL

(b) else if L_1 is a variable then do

(i) if L_1 occurs in L_2 then return F else return (L_2/L_1)

else if L_2 is a variable then do

(i) if L_2 occurs in L_1 then return F else return (L_1/L_2)

else return F.

Step-3: If length (L_1) is not equal to length (L_2) then return F.

Step-4: Set SUBST to NIL

(at the end of this procedure , SUBST will contain all the substitutions used to unify L_1 and L_2).

Step-5: For $I = 1$ to number of elements in L_1 do

i) call UNIFY with the i th element of L_1 and I 'th element of L_2 , putting the result in S

ii) if $S = F$ then return F

iii) if S is not equal to NIL then do

(A) apply S to the remainder of both L_1 and L_2

(B) SUBST := APPEND (S, SUBST) return SUBST.

Step-6: Stop.

Code:

```
import copy
```

```
import time
```

```
class Parameter:
```

```
    variable_count = 1
```

```
    def __init__(self, name=None):
```

```
        if name:
```

```
            self.type = "Constant"
```

```
            self.name = name
```

```
        else:
```

```
            self.type = "Variable"
```

```
            self.name = "v" + str(Parameter.variable_count)
```

```
            Parameter.variable_count += 1
```

```
    def isConstant(self):
```

```
        return self.type == "Constant"
```

```
    def unify(self, type_, name):
```

```
        self.type = type_
```

```
        self.name = name
```

```
def __eq__(self, other):  
    return self.name == other.name
```

```
def __str__(self):  
    return self.name
```

```
class Predicate:
```

```
    def __init__(self, name, params):  
        self.name = name  
        self.params = params
```

```
    def __eq__(self, other):  
        return self.name == other.name and all(a == b for a, b in zip(self.params,  
other.params))
```

```
    def __str__(self):  
        return self.name + "(" + ",".join(str(x) for x in self.params) + ")"
```

```
    def getNegatedPredicate(self):  
        return Predicate(negatePredicate(self.name), self.params)
```

```
class Sentence:
```

```
    sentence_count = 0
```



```

def __init__(self, string):
    self.sentence_index = Sentence.sentence_count
    Sentence.sentence_count += 1
    self.predicates = []
    self.variable_map = {}
    local = {}

    for predicate in string.split(" | "):
        name = predicate[:predicate.find("(")]
        params = []

        for param in predicate[predicate.find("(") + 1:
predicate.find(")")]
.split(","):
            if param[0].islower():
                if param not in local: # Variable
                    local[param] = Parameter()
                    self.variable_map[local[param].name] = local[param]
                new_param = local[param]
            else:
                new_param = Parameter(param)
                self.variable_map[param] = new_param

            params.append(new_param)

        self.predicates.append(Predicate(name, params))

def getPredicates(self):

```

```
    return [predicate.name for predicate in self.predicates]
```

```
def findPredicates(self, name):
```

```
    return [predicate for predicate in self.predicates if predicate.name ==  
name]
```

```
def removePredicate(self, predicate):
```

```
    self.predicates.remove(predicate)
```

```
    for key, val in self.variable_map.items():
```

```
        if not val:
```

```
            self.variable_map.pop(key)
```

```
def containsVariable(self):
```

```
    return any(not param.isConstant() for param in self.variable_map.values())
```

```
def __eq__(self, other):
```

```
    if len(self.predicates) == 1 and self.predicates[0] == other:
```

```
        return True
```

```
    return False
```

```
def __str__(self):
```

```
    return "".join([str(predicate) for predicate in self.predicates])
```

```
class KB:
```

```
    def __init__(self, inputSentences):
```

```
        self.inputSentences = [x.replace(" ", "") for x in inputSentences]
```

```
self.sentences = []  
self.sentence_map = {}
```

```
def prepareKB(self):
```

```
    self.convertSentencesToCNF()  
    for sentence_string in self.inputSentences:  
        sentence = Sentence(sentence_string)  
        for predicate in sentence.getPredicates():  
            self.sentence_map[predicate] = self.sentence_map.get(  
                predicate, []) + [sentence]
```

```
def convertSentencesToCNF(self):
```

```
    for sentenceldx in range(len(self.inputSentences)):  
        # Do negation of the Premise and add them as literal  
        if "=>" in self.inputSentences[sentenceldx]:  
            self.inputSentences[sentenceldx] = negateAntecedent(  
                self.inputSentences[sentenceldx])
```

```
def askQueries(self, queryList):
```

```
    results = []  
  
    for query in queryList:  
        negatedQuery = Sentence(negatePredicate(query.replace(" ", "")))  
        negatedPredicate = negatedQuery.predicates[0]  
        prev_sentence_map = copy.deepcopy(self.sentence_map)  
        self.sentence_map[negatedPredicate.name] = self.sentence_map.get(
```

```

        negatedPredicate.name, []) + [negatedQuery]
self.timeLimit = time.time() + 40

try:
    result = self.resolve([negatedPredicate], [
        False]*(len(self.inputSentences) + 1))
except:
    result = False

self.sentence_map = prev_sentence_map

if result:
    results.append("TRUE")
else:
    results.append("FALSE")

return results

def resolve(self, queryStack, visited, depth=0):
    if time.time() > self.timeLimit:
        raise Exception
    if queryStack:
        query = queryStack.pop(-1)
        negatedQuery = query.getNegatedPredicate()
        queryPredicateName = negatedQuery.name
        if queryPredicateName not in self.sentence_map:

```

```

return False

else:
    queryPredicate = negatedQuery
    for kb_sentence in self.sentence_map[queryPredicateName]:
        if not visited[kb_sentence.sentence_index]:
            for kbPredicate in
kb_sentence.findPredicates(queryPredicateName):

                canUnify, substitution = performUnification(
                    copy.deepcopy(queryPredicate),
copy.deepcopy(kbPredicate))

            if canUnify:
                newSentence = copy.deepcopy(kb_sentence)
                newSentence.removePredicate(kbPredicate)
                newQueryStack = copy.deepcopy(queryStack)

            if substitution:
                for old, new in substitution.items():
                    if old in newSentence.variable_map:
                        parameter = newSentence.variable_map[old]
                        newSentence.variable_map.pop(old)
                        parameter.unify(
                            "Variable" if new[0].islower() else "Constant", new)
                        newSentence.variable_map[new] = parameter

                for predicate in newQueryStack:

```



```

        for index, param in enumerate(predicate.params):
            if param.name in substitution:
                new = substitution[param.name]
                predicate.params[index].unify(
                    "Variable" if new[0].islower() else "Constant",
new)

```

```

        for predicate in newSentence.predicates:
            newQueryStack.append(predicate)

            new_visited = copy.deepcopy(visited)
            if kb_sentence.containsVariable() and
len(kb_sentence.predicates) > 1:
                new_visited[kb_sentence.sentence_index] = True

            if self.resolve(newQueryStack, new_visited, depth + 1):
                return True

        return False

    return True

```

```

def performUnification(queryPredicate, kbPredicate):
    substitution = {}
    if queryPredicate == kbPredicate:
        return True, {}
    else:
        for query, kb in zip(queryPredicate.params, kbPredicate.params):

```

```

if query == kb:
    continue
if kb.isConstant():
    if not query.isConstant():
        if query.name not in substitution:
            substitution[query.name] = kb.name
        elif substitution[query.name] != kb.name:
            return False, {}
        query.unify("Constant", kb.name)
    else:
        return False, {}
else:
    if not query.isConstant():
        if kb.name not in substitution:
            substitution[kb.name] = query.name
        elif substitution[kb.name] != query.name:
            return False, {}
        kb.unify("Variable", query.name)
    else:
        if kb.name not in substitution:
            substitution[kb.name] = query.name
        elif substitution[kb.name] != query.name:
            return False, {}
return True, substitution

```

```
def negatePredicate(predicate):  
    return predicate[1:] if predicate[0] == "~" else "~" + predicate
```

```
def negateAntecedent(sentence):  
    antecedent = sentence[:sentence.find("=>")]  
    premise = []  
  
    for predicate in antecedent.split("&"):  
        premise.append(negatePredicate(predicate))  
  
    premise.append(sentence[sentence.find("=>") + 2:])  
    return "|".join(premise)
```

```
def getInput(filename):  
    with open(filename, "r") as file:  
        noOfQueries = int(file.readline().strip())  
        inputQueries = [file.readline().strip() for _ in range(noOfQueries)]  
        noOfSentences = int(file.readline().strip())  
        inputSentences = [file.readline().strip()  
                           for _ in range(noOfSentences)]  
    return inputQueries, inputSentences
```

```
def printOutput(filename, results):
```

```
print(results)
```

with open(filename, "w") as file:

for line in results:

```
    file.write(line)
```

```
    file.write("\n")
```

```
file.close()
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
```

```
    inputQueries_, inputSentences_ = getInput('RA1911003010675/Input.txt')
```

```
    knowledgeBase = KB(inputSentences_)
```

```
    knowledgeBase.prepareKB()
```

```
    results_ = knowledgeBase.askQueries(inputQueries_)
```

```
    printOutput("RA1911003010675/output.txt", results_)
```

Output:

