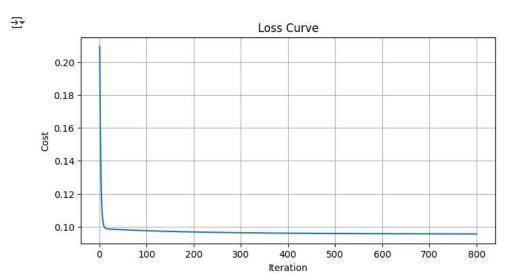
## Practical\_Assignment 1

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from datetime import datetime
df = pd.read_csv("/content/employee_promotions.csv")
\label{eq:def_date_of_birth'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date_of_birth'], format="%d-%m-%Y")} df['date_of_birth'] df['date_of_birth'] df['date_of_birth'] df['date_of_birth'] df['date_of_birth'] df['date_of_birth'] df['date_of_birth'] df['date_of_birth'] df
df['date_of_joining'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date_of_joining'], format="%d-%m-%Y")
today = datetime.today()
df['age'] = (today - df['date_of_birth']).dt.days / 365.25
df['years_service'] = (today - df['date_of_joining']).dt.days / 365.25
X = df[['gender', 'age', 'years_service']].values
y_cont = df['promoted'].values
y_class = y_cont.copy()
multiclass = False
m = X.shape[0]
X_{bias} = np.c_{np.ones((m, 1)), X]
def hypothesis(theta_array, x_row):
        return float(np.dot(x_row, theta_array))
def Cost_Function(theta_array, X, y, m):
       error = 0.0
        for i in range(m):
              error += (hypothesis(theta_array, X[i]) - y[i]) ** 2
       return error / (2 * m)
def Gradient_Descent(theta_array, X, y, m, alpha):
        summation = np.zeros(len(theta_array))
       for i in range(m):
               pred = hypothesis(theta_array, X[i])
               summation += (pred - y[i]) * X[i]
       new\_theta = theta\_array - (alpha / m) * summation
       return new_theta
def Training(X, y, alpha, iters):
       theta_array = np.zeros(X.shape[1])
       cost_values = []
       m = X.shape[0]
       for _ in range(iters):
               theta_array = Gradient_Descent(theta_array, X, y, m, alpha)
               cost_values.append(Cost_Function(theta_array, X, y, m))
       return theta_array, cost_values
alpha = 1e-4
iters = 800
theta_final, cost_values = Training(X_bias, y_cont, alpha, iters)
plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
plt.plot(np.arange(1, len(cost_values)+1), cost_values, '-')
plt.xlabel('Iteration')
plt.ylabel('Cost')
plt.title('Loss Curve')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
y_pred_cont = np.array([hypothesis(theta_final, X_bias[i]) for i in range(m)])
thresh = 0.5
y_pred_class = (y_pred_cont >= thresh).astype(int)
print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_class, y_pred_class))
print("Confusion Matrix:\n", confusion_matrix(y_class, y_pred_class))
print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_class, y_pred_class))
X_train, X_test, ytrain_cont, ytest_cont, ytrain_class, ytest_class = train_test_split(
```

```
X_bias, y_cont, y_class, test_size=0.2, random_state=42
)

theta_hold, cost_hold = Training(X_train, ytrain_cont, alpha, iters=400)
ytest_pred_cont = np.array([hypothesis(theta_hold, X_test[i]) for i in range(len(X_test))])
ytest_pred_class = (ytest_pred_cont >= thresh).astype(int)

print("\nTest Accuracy:", accuracy_score(ytest_class, ytest_pred_class))
print("Test Confusion Matrix:\n", confusion_matrix(ytest_class, ytest_pred_class))
print("Test Classification Report:\n", classification_report(ytest_class, ytest_pred_class))
```



Accuracy: 0.72
Confusion Matrix:

[[ 62 72] [ 12 154]]

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.84	0.46	0.60	134
1	0.68	0.93	0.79	166
accuracy			0.72	300
macro avg	0.76	0.70	0.69	300
weighted avg	0.75	0.72	0.70	300

Test Accuracy: 0.68333333333333333

Test Confusion Matrix: [[11 14]

[ 5 30]]

Test Classification Report:

1636 614331116	precision		f1-score	support
0	0.69	0.44	0.54	25
1	0.68	0.86	0.76	35
accuracy			0.68	60
macro avg	0.68	0.65	0.65	60
weighted avg	0.68	0.68	0.67	60