```
In [63]: import pandas as pd
          import numpy as np
          from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
          from sklearn.datasets import make_blobs
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
          from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
          from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
         dataset = pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\WELCOME\Desktop\mcdonalds.csv')
In [64]:
In [65]:
         dataset.head()
Out[65]:
             yummy convenient spicy fattening greasy fast cheap tasty expensive healthy disg
          0
                 No
                           Yes
                                 No
                                         Yes
                                                 Nο
                                                    Yes
                                                           Yes
                                                                 No
                                                                          Yes
                                                                                  No
           1
                Yes
                           Yes
                                 No
                                         Yes
                                                Yes
                                                     Yes
                                                           Yes
                                                                 Yes
                                                                          Yes
                                                                                  No
          2
                 No
                           Yes
                                Yes
                                         Yes
                                                Yes
                                                     Yes
                                                            No
                                                                 Yes
                                                                          Yes
                                                                                  Yes
           3
                                                                                  No
                Yes
                           Yes
                                 No
                                         Yes
                                                Yes
                                                     Yes
                                                           Yes
                                                                 Yes
                                                                           No
                           Yes
                                         Yes
                                                    Yes
                                                                                  Yes
                 No
                                 No
                                                Yes
                                                           Yes
                                                                 No
                                                                           No
In [66]: dataset.shape
Out[66]: (1453, 15)
In [67]: MD_x = dataset.iloc[:, 0:11].values
          MD_x = (MD_x == "Yes").astype(int)
          col_means = np.round(np.mean(MD_x, axis=0), 2)
In [68]: col means
Out[68]: array([0.55, 0.91, 0.09, 0.87, 0.53, 0.9, 0.6, 0.64, 0.36, 0.2, 0.24])
In [69]: pca = PCA()
         MD_pca = pca.fit_transform(MD_x)
```

```
std_deviation = pca.explained_variance_**0.5
In [70]:
         print("Standard Deviation of Principal Components:")
         print(std_deviation)
         # Proportion of variance explained by each principal component
         prop_variance = pca.explained_variance_ratio_
         print("\nProportion of Variance Explained by Each Principal Component:")
         print(prop_variance)
         # Cumulative proportion of variance explained
         cumulative prop variance = prop variance.cumsum()
         print("\nCumulative Proportion of Variance Explained:")
         print(cumulative_prop_variance)
         Standard Deviation of Principal Components:
         [0.75704952 0.60745556 0.50461946 0.39879859 0.33740501 0.31027461
          0.28969732 0.27512196 0.2652511 0.24884182 0.23690284]
         Proportion of Variance Explained by Each Principal Component:
         [0.29944723 0.19279721 0.13304535 0.08309578 0.05948052 0.05029956
          0.0438491 0.03954779 0.0367609 0.03235329 0.02932326]
         Cumulative Proportion of Variance Explained:
```

[0.29944723 0.49224445 0.6252898 0.70838558 0.7678661 0.81816566

1

0.86201476 0.90156255 0.93832345 0.97067674 1.

```
In [71]:
         # Perform PCA
         pca = PCA()
         MD_pca = pca.fit_transform(MD_x)
         # Get the words for your features
         feature_names = ["yummy", "convenient", "spicy", "fattening", "greasy", "fa
         # Create a DataFrame for better formatting
         pca_components_df = pd.DataFrame(pca.components_, columns=feature_names)
         # Print the DataFrame
         print(pca_components_df.round(3))
             yummy
                                        fattening
                                                            fast cheap
                    convenient
                                spicy
                                                   greasy
                                                                         tasty
         0
            -0.477
                        -0.155 -0.006
                                            0.116
                                                    0.304 -0.108 -0.337 -0.472
         1
             0.364
                         0.016 0.019
                                           -0.034
                                                   -0.064 -0.087 -0.611
                                                                        0.307
         2
            -0.304
                        -0.063 -0.037
                                           -0.322
                                                   -0.802 -0.065 -0.149 -0.287
         3
             0.055
                        -0.142 0.198
                                           -0.354
                                                    0.254 -0.097 0.119 -0.003
         4
            -0.308
                         0.278
                                0.071
                                           -0.073
                                                    0.361
                                                          0.108 -0.129 -0.211
         5
             0.171
                        -0.348 -0.355
                                           -0.407
                                                    0.209 -0.595 -0.103 -0.077
         6
            -0.281
                        -0.060 0.708
                                           -0.386
                                                    0.036 -0.087 -0.040 0.360
         7
             0.013
                        -0.113
                                0.376
                                           0.590
                                                  -0.138 -0.628 0.140 -0.073
         8
             0.572
                        -0.018 0.400
                                           -0.161
                                                   -0.003
                                                           0.166
                                                                  0.076 -0.639
         9
            -0.110
                        -0.666 -0.076
                                           -0.005
                                                    0.009
                                                           0.240 0.428
                                                                         0.079
         10 0.045
                        -0.542 0.142
                                           0.251
                                                    0.002 0.339 -0.489
                                                                         0.020
             expensive healthy
                                 disgusting
         0
                 0.329
                         -0.214
                                       0.375
         1
                 0.601
                          0.077
                                      -0.140
         2
                 0.024
                          0.192
                                      -0.089
                 0.068
         3
                          0.763
                                      0.370
         4
                -0.003
                          0.288
                                      -0.729
```

-0.211

-0.027

-0.167

-0.072

-0.290

-0.041

5

6

7

8

9

10

-0.261

-0.068

0.030

0.067

0.454

-0.490

-0.178

-0.350

0.176

-0.186

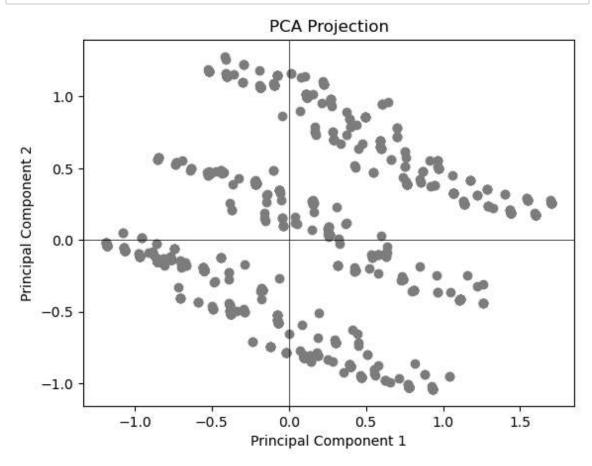
-0.038

0.158

```
In [72]:
    # Scatter plot of the first two principal components
    plt.scatter(MD_pca[:, 0], MD_pca[:, 1], color="grey")
    plt.xlabel("Principal Component 1")
    plt.ylabel("Principal Component 2")
    plt.title("PCA Projection")

# Add axes for better interpretation
    plt.axhline(0, color='black',linewidth=0.5)
    plt.axvline(0, color='black',linewidth=0.5)

plt.show()
```



```
In [73]: # Setting seed for reproducibility
    np.random.seed(1234)

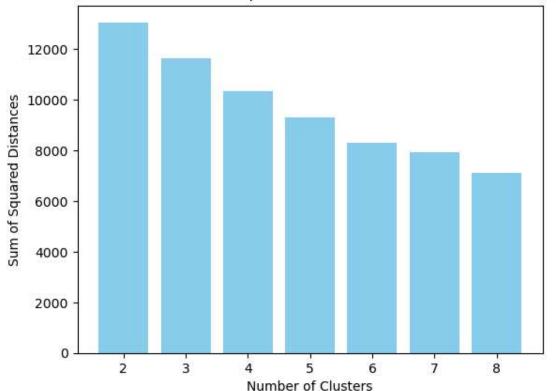
# Standardize the data (if needed)
    scaler = StandardScaler()
    MD_x_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(MD_x)

# Perform k-means clustering
    n_clusters = 3 # Adjust the number of clusters as needed
    model = KMeans(n_clusters=n_clusters, random_state=1234, n_init=10)
    cluster_labels = model.fit_predict(MD_x_scaled)
```

## In [74]:

```
# Setting seed for reproducibility
np.random.seed(1234)
# Standardize the data (if needed)
scaler = StandardScaler()
MD_x_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(MD_x)
# Perform k-means clustering with varying number of clusters
num clusters range = range(2, 9)
inertia_values = []
for n_clusters in num_clusters_range:
    model = KMeans(n_clusters=n_clusters, random_state=1234, n_init=10)
    model.fit(MD_x_scaled)
    inertia values.append(model.inertia )
# Plot the bar chart
plt.bar(num_clusters_range, inertia_values, color='skyblue')
plt.title('Within-Cluster Sum of Squared Distances vs. Number of Clusters')
plt.xlabel('Number of Clusters')
plt.ylabel('Sum of Squared Distances')
plt.show()
```

## Within-Cluster Sum of Squared Distances vs. Number of Clusters

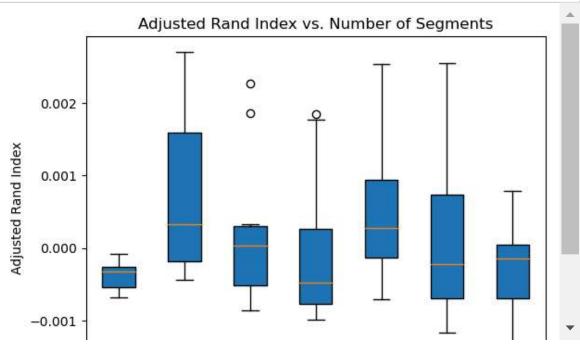


## In [78]:

```
# Setting seed for reproducibility
np.random.seed(1234)
# Define the number of bootstrap samples and repetitions
n bootstraps = 100
n_repetitions = 10
# Perform bootstrapped KMeans clustering
num_clusters_range = range(2, 9)
bootstrapped_results = []
for n_clusters in num_clusters_range:
    rand_indices = []
    for _ in range(n_repetitions):
        bootstrap_sample = resample(MD_x, random_state=np.random.randint(10)
        model = KMeans(n_clusters=n_clusters, random_state=np.random.randin
        labels_true = np.random.randint(0, n_clusters, len(bootstrap_sample
        labels_pred = model.fit_predict(bootstrap_sample)
        rand_indices.append(adjusted_rand_score(labels_true, labels_pred))
    bootstrapped_results.append(rand_indices)
# Convert the results to a NumPy array for easier handling
bootstrapped_results = np.array(bootstrapped_results)
```

```
In [79]:
```

```
# Setting seed for reproducibility
np.random.seed(1234)
# Define the number of bootstrap samples and repetitions
n bootstraps = 100
n_repetitions = 10
# Perform bootstrapped KMeans clustering and calculate adjusted Rand index
num clusters range = range(2, 9)
bootstrapped_results = []
for n_clusters in num_clusters_range:
    rand indices = []
    for _ in range(n_repetitions):
        bootstrap_sample = resample(MD_x, random_state=np.random.randint(10)
        model = KMeans(n_clusters=n_clusters, random_state=np.random.randin
        labels_true = np.random.randint(0, n_clusters, len(bootstrap_sample
        labels_pred = model.fit_predict(bootstrap_sample)
        rand_indices.append(adjusted_rand_score(labels_true, labels_pred))
    bootstrapped_results.append(rand_indices)
# Convert the results to a NumPy array for easier handling
bootstrapped_results = np.array(bootstrapped_results)
# Create boxplots
plt.boxplot(bootstrapped_results.T, labels=list(num_clusters_range), vert=T
plt.title('Adjusted Rand Index vs. Number of Segments')
plt.xlabel('Number of Segments')
plt.ylabel('Adjusted Rand Index')
plt.show()
```



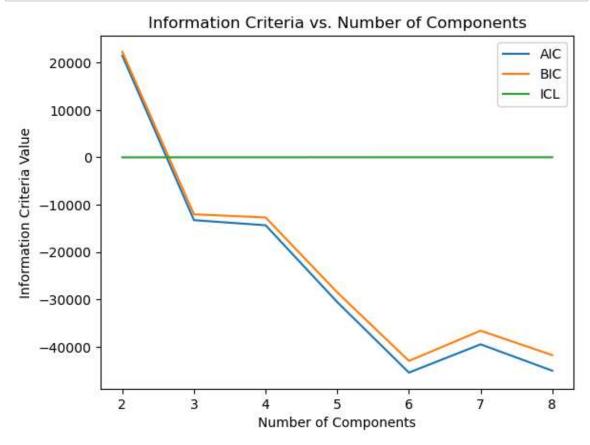
```
In [95]:
         # Set seed for reproducibility
         np.random.seed(1234)
         # Standardize the data (if needed)
         scaler = StandardScaler()
         MD_x_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(MD_x)
         # Define the range of components to evaluate
         n components range = range(2, 9)
         # Initialize lists to store AIC, BIC, and ICL values
         aic_values = []
         bic_values = []
         icl_values = []
         # Loop over different numbers of components
         for n_components in n_components_range:
             # Create a Gaussian Mixture Model
             gmm = GaussianMixture(n_components=n_components, random_state=1234)
             # Fit the model to your scaled data
             gmm.fit(MD_x_scaled)
             # Calculate AIC, BIC, and ICL
             aic_values.append(gmm.aic(MD_x_scaled))
             bic_values.append(gmm.bic(MD_x_scaled))
             icl_values.append(gmm.lower_bound_)
         # Create a DataFrame to store the results
         results_df = pd.DataFrame({
             'Components': n_components_range,
             'AIC': aic_values,
             'BIC': bic_values,
             'ICL': icl_values
         })
         # Print the results
         print(results_df)
```

	Components	AIC	BIC	ICL
0	2	21456.798102	22275.412880	-7.276944
1	3	-13273.952049	-12043.389189	4.728132
2	4	-14347.590292	-12705.079351	5.149294
3	5	-30575.623904	-28521.164881	10.789272
4	6	-45458.433005	-42992.025901	15.964361
5	7	-39492.826265	-36614.471079	13.965184
6	8	-45054.182133	-41763.878864	15.932569

```
In [97]: plt.plot(results_df['Components'], results_df['AIC'], label='AIC')
    plt.plot(results_df['Components'], results_df['BIC'], label='BIC')
    plt.plot(results_df['Components'], results_df['ICL'], label='ICL')

# Add LabeLs and a Legend
    plt.xlabel('Number of Components')
    plt.ylabel('Information Criteria Value')
    plt.title('Information Criteria vs. Number of Components')
    plt.legend()

# Show the plot
    plt.show()
```



In [83]: # Select the cluster assignment for the four-segment solution
MD\_k4 = cluster\_labels

```
In [101]:
          # Setting seed for reproducibility
          np.random.seed(1234)
          # Convert data to DataFrame if not already
          if not isinstance(MD_x, pd.DataFrame):
              MD_x = pd.DataFrame(MD_x)
          # Perform Latent class analysis using Gaussian Mixture Model
          k_range = range(2, 9)
          nrep = 10
          md_m28 = None
          for k in k_range:
              for _ in range(nrep):
                  md = GaussianMixture(n_components=k, random_state=1234)
                  md.fit(MD_x)
                  if md_m28 is None or md.score(MD_x) > md_m28.score(MD_x):
                      md_m28 = md
```

GaussianMixture(n\_components=8, random\_state=1234)

# Print the resulting model

print(md\_m28)