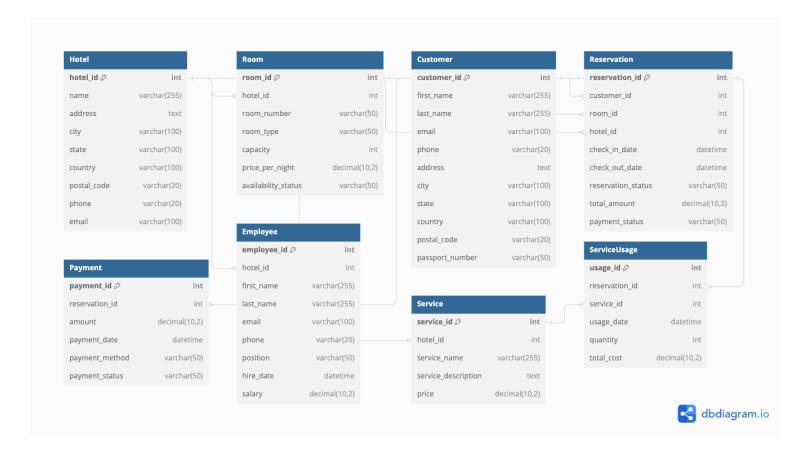


Question 1: Design a database schema that can handle the operations of a room reservation system for a global hotel chain. Ensure the schema is scalable, maintainable, and supports the necessary business operations.

Database Schema:



Please refer to the below link to see the relationships between the tables in detail.

https://dbdiagram.io/d/Hotel-Reservation-Schema-65e02cc7cd45b569fb2e529a

Explanation:

1. Table Hotel:

- Stores basic information about each hotel, like name, address, and contact details.
- The primary key (hotel_id) ensures each hotel is uniquely identifiable across multiple locations.

2. Table Room:

- Contains details about individual rooms in each hotel, linked to the Hotel table via hotel id.
- Room attributes like type, capacity, and price support dynamic pricing.

3. Table Customer:

 Holds customer data and can be used for personalized service and marketing.

4. Table Reservation:

- o Manages booking details, linking customers, rooms, and hotels.
- Supports business operations like booking management and occupancy tracking, critical for optimizing revenue management strategies.

5. Table Payment:

o Tracks payments for reservations, essential for financial record-keeping.

6. Table Employee:

- o Records details about hotel staff, crucial for HR management.
- o Links to Hotel to maintain information on staff allocation per hotel.

7. Table Service:

- Details additional services offered by hotels, such as spa treatments or food services.
- Enables hotels to easily expand or manage service offerings.

8. Table ServiceUsage:

- Connects services to reservations, allowing detailed tracking of service usage.
- Essential for accurate billing and service management, facilitating detailed analytics on service popularity and revenue.