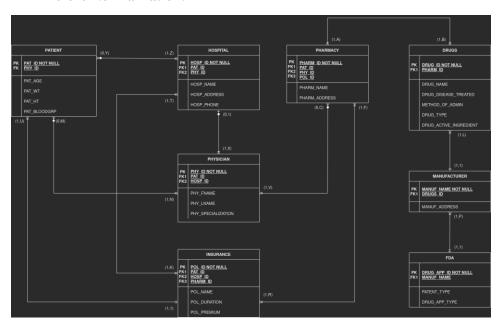
CIS 552

Conceptual Database Design

Team members:

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ERD Before Normalization:



Functional Dependencies:

Patient:

PAT_ID -> (PAT_AGE, PAT_WT, PAT_HT, PAT_BLOODGRP)

Physician:

PHY_ID -> (PHY_FNAME, PHY_LNAME, PHY_SPECIALIZATION)

Hospital:

HOSP_ID -> (HOSP_NAME, HOSP_ADDRESS, HOSP_PHONE)

Insurance:

POL_ID -> (POL_NAME, POL_DURATION, POL_PREMIUM)

Pharmacy:

PHARM_ID -> (PHARM_NAME, PHARM_ADDRESS)

Drug:

DRUG_ID -> (DRUG_NAME, DRUG_DISEASE_TREATED, METHOD_OF_ADMIN, DRUG_TYPE, DRUG_ACTIVE_INGREDIENT)

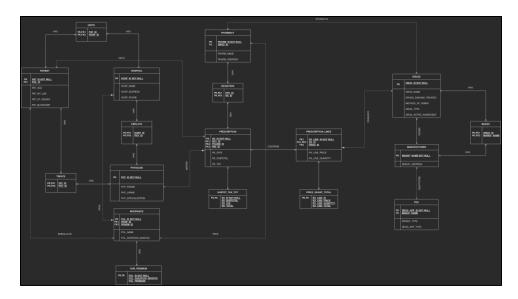
Manufacturer:

MANUF_ID -> (MANUF_ADDRESS)

FDA:

FDA -> (PATENT_TYPE, DRUG_APP_TYPE)

After Normalization:



Updated Entities:

- 1. PATIENT
- 2. PHYSICIAN
- 3. HOSPITAL
- 4. INSURANCE
- 5. PHARMACY
- 6. PRESCRIPTION
- 7. PRESCRIPTION_LINES
- 8. DRUG
- 9. MANUFACTURER
- 10. REGULATORY AUTHORITY

Database Schema:

Table	Column	Туре
DRUGS	◆ DRUG_ACTIVE_IN	varchar(10)
DRUGS	DRUG_ID	int
DRUGS	DRUG_NAME	varchar(15)
DRUGS	DRUG_TYPE	varchar(10)
DRUGS		varchar(15)
DRUGS		, ,
	• METHOD_OF_AD	varchar(10)
DUR_PREMIUM	POL_DURATION	int
DUR_PREMIUM	◆ POL_ID	int
DUR_PREMIUM	◆ POL_PREMIUM	float
EMPLOYS	→ HOSP_ID	int
EMPLOYS	◆ PHY_ID	int
FDA	DRUG_APP_ID	int
FDA	DRUG_APP_TYPE	varchar(20)
FDA	MANUF_NAME	varchar(20)
FDA	PATENT_TYPE	varchar(20)
HOSPITAL	→ HOSP_ADDRESS	varchar(50)
HOSPITAL	→ HOSP_ID	int
HOSPITAL	→ HOSP_NAME	varchar(20)
HOSPITAL	→ HOSP_PHONE	bigint
INSURANCE	→ HOSP_ID	int
INSURANCE	◆ PHARM_ID	int
INSURANCE	◆ POL_DURATION	int
INSURANCE	◆ POL_ID	int
INSURANCE	◆ POL_NAME	varchar(10)
MAKES	DRUG_ID	int
MAKES	◆ MANUF_NAME	varchar(20)

Table	Column	Туре
MANUFACTURER	MANUF_ADDRESS	varchar(50)
MANUFACTURER	MANUF_NAME	varchar(20)
PATIENT	◆ PAT_AGE	int
PATIENT	◆ PAT_BLOODGRP	varchar(4)
PATIENT	◆ PAT_HT_INCHES	float
PATIENT	◆ PAT_ID	int
PATIENT	◆ PAT_WT_LBS	float
PATIENT	◆ POL_ID	int
PHARMACY	◆ DRUG_ID	int
PHARMACY	PHARM_ADDRESS	varchar(50)
PHARMACY	PHARM_ID	int
PHARMACY	◆ PHARM_NAME	varchar(20)
PHYSICIAN	◆ PHY_FNAME	varchar(10)
PHYSICIAN	◆ PHY_ID	int
PHYSICIAN	◆ PHY_LNAME	varchar(10)
PHYSICIAN	→ PHY_SPECIALIZAT	varchar(10)

Table	Column	Туре
PHYSICIAN	◆ PHY_SPECIALIZAT	varchar(10)
PRESCRIPTION	◆ PAT_ID	int
PRESCRIPTION	PHARM_ID	int
PRESCRIPTION	◆ PHY_ID	int
PRESCRIPTION	RX_DATE	date
PRESCRIPTION	RX_ID	int
PRESCRIPTION	RX_SUBTOTAL	float
PRESCRIPTION	RX_TAX	float
PRESCRIPTION_LINES	DRUG_ID	int
PRESCRIPTION_LINES	RX_ID	int
PRESCRIPTION_LINES	RX_LINE_ID	int
PRESCRIPTION_LINES	RX_LINE_PRICE	float
PRESCRIPTION_LINES	RX_LINE_QUANTI	int
PRICE_QUANT_TOTAL	RX_LINE_ID	int
PRICE_QUANT_TOTAL	RX_LINE_PRICE	float
PRICE_QUANT_TOTAL	RX_LINE_QUANTI	int
PRICE_QUANT_TOTAL	RX_LINE_TOTAL	float
REGISTERS	PHY_ID	int
REGISTERS	RX_ID	int
SUBTOT_TAX_TOT	RX_ID	int
SUBTOT_TAX_TOT	RX_SUBTOTAL	float
SUBTOT_TAX_TOT	RX_TAX	float
SUBTOT_TAX_TOT	RX_TOTAL	float
TREATS	◆ PAT_ID	int
TREATS	◆ PHY_ID	int
VISITS	→ HOSP_ID	int
VISITS	◆ PAT_ID	int

10 Answerable Queries:

- 1. We can query records of PAT_AGE and the premium amount they pay to the INSURANCE to find out the proportionality
- 2. We can query records to find the diseases every PATIENT is being treated for using the DRUGS, PRESCRIPTION, PRESCRIPTION_LINES and PATIENT table through DRUGS_DISEASE_TREATED attribute
- 3. We can query the total number of prescriptions, total price of all prescriptions, smallest and largest total and the average total of all prescriptions using PRESCRIPTION and PRESCRIPTION_LINES
- 4. We can query the most prescribed DRUG_TYPE (inhalers, injections, pills etc) using the DRUGS and PRESCRIPTION_LINES tables
- 5. We can query the drugs with lowest price and highest price using DRUGS and PRESCRIPTION_LINES tables
- 6. We can find the different diseases for each PHY_SPECIALIZATION by using DRUGS, PRESCRIPTION, PRESCRIPTION_LINES and PHYSICIAN
- 7. We can query the number of drugs sold for each manufacturer split by DRUG_NAME using DRUGS, MANUFACTURER, PRESCRIPTION_LINES
- 8. We can query the net income from the premium for INSURANCE
- 9. We can query the most opted insurance policy from PATIENT table
- 10. We can query the state medicinal tax using the PRESCRIPTION and PHARMACY tables. Tax_percent = rx_tax/rx_subtotal * 100

Queries not supported by the database:

1. We cannot get records of which prescription the Insurance has paid for to the pharmacy on behalf of the patient.

== We can resolve this by splitting the RX_TOTAL into RX_COPAY and RX_INS_PAY and linking INSURANCE with PRESCRIPTION ==

2. We cannot get records of over-the-counter drugs bought by the PATIENT as they are not recorded by prescriptions