

Iterative Deepening A* Search Algorithm

- **Iterative deepening A* (IDA*)** is a graph traversal and path-finding method that can determine the shortest route in a weighted graph between a defined start node and any one of a group of goal nodes.
- It is a kind of **iterative deepening depth-first search** that adopts the **A* search algorithm's** idea of using a heuristic function to assess the remaining cost to reach the goal.

How IDA* algorithm work?

- **Step 1: Initialization**

- Set the root node as the current node and find the f-score.

- **Step 2: Set threshold**

- Set the cost limit as a threshold for a node i.e the maximum f-score allowed for that node for further explorations.

- **Step 3: Node Expansion**

- Expand the current node to its children and find f-scores.

How IDA* algorithm work?



- **Step 4: Pruning**

- If for any node the f-score > threshold, prune that node because it's considered too expensive for that node and store it in the visited node list.

- **Step 5: Return Path**

- If the Goal node is found, then return the path from the start node Goal node.

- **Step 6: Update the Threshold**

- If the Goal node is not found, then repeat from step 2 by changing the threshold with the minimum pruned value from the visited node list. And

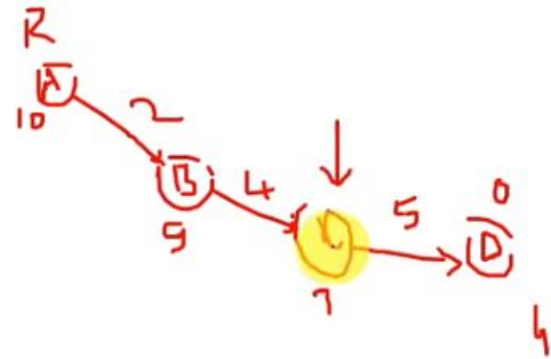


~~Continue it until you reach the goal node.~~

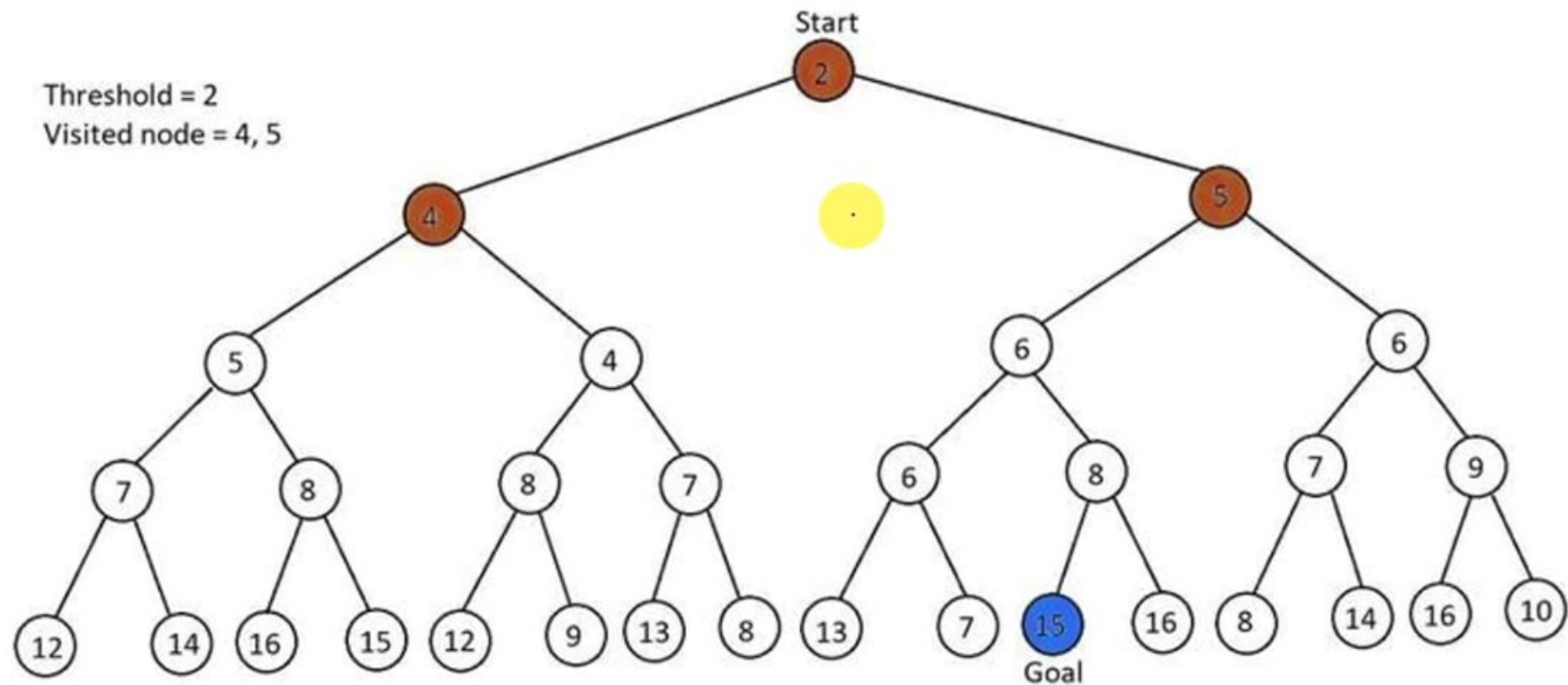
Iterative Deepening A* Search Algorithm

- What is the f score?
- In the A* and IDA* algorithm, F-score is a **heuristic function** that is used to estimate the cost of reaching the goal state from a given state. It is a combination of two other heuristic functions, $g(n)$ and $h(n)$.

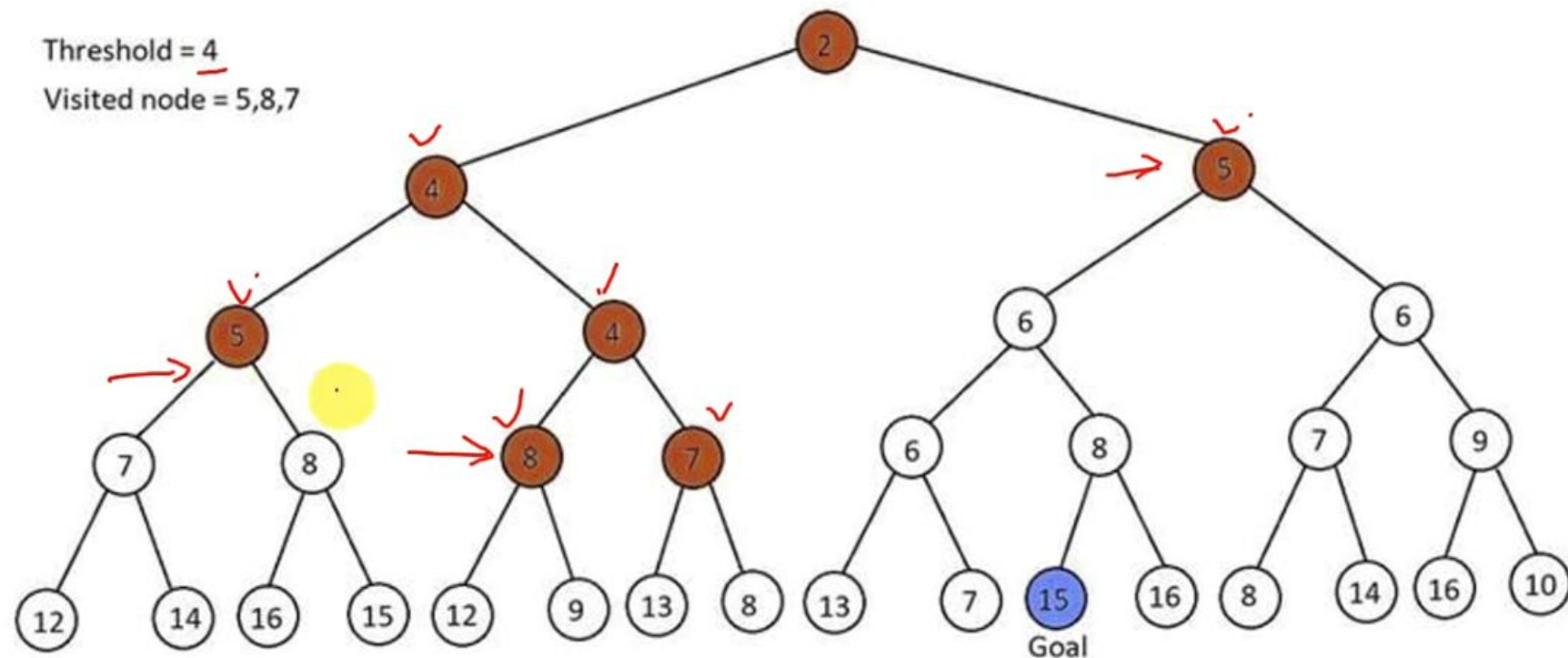
$$f(n) = g(n) + h(n)$$



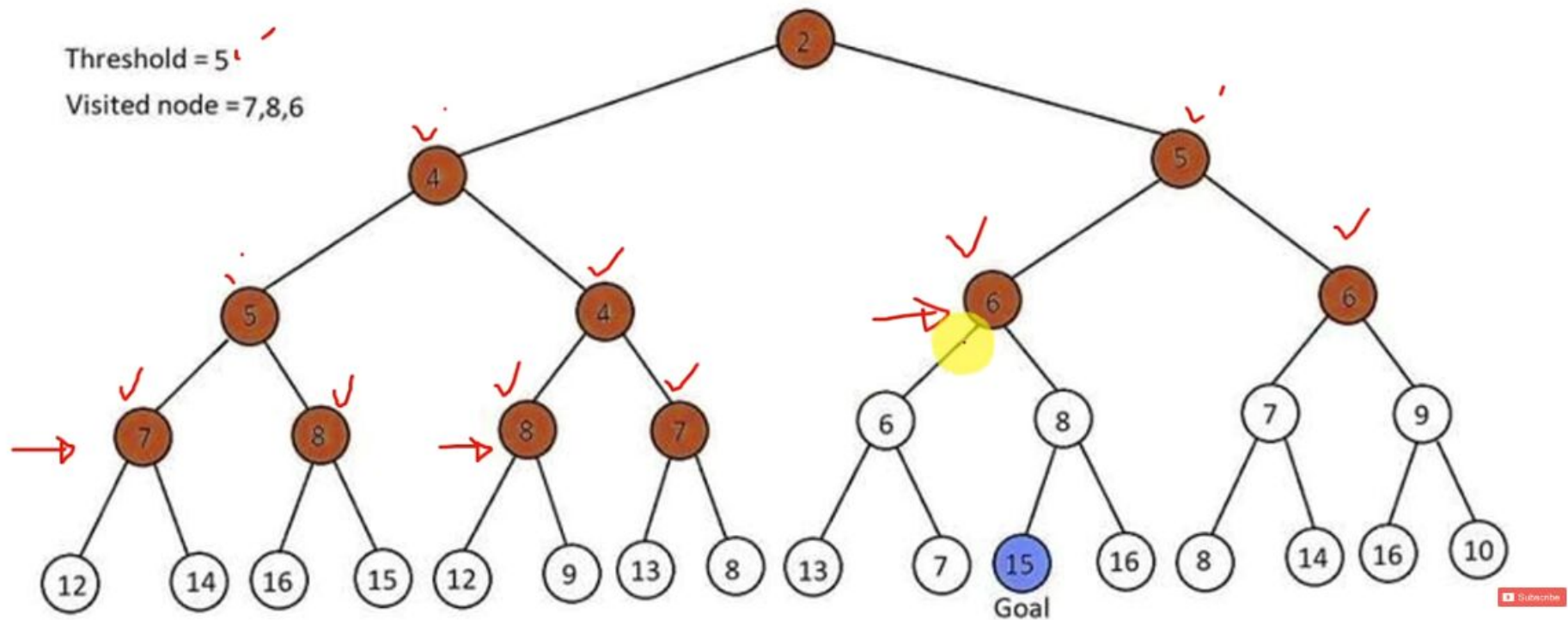
How IDA* algorithm work?



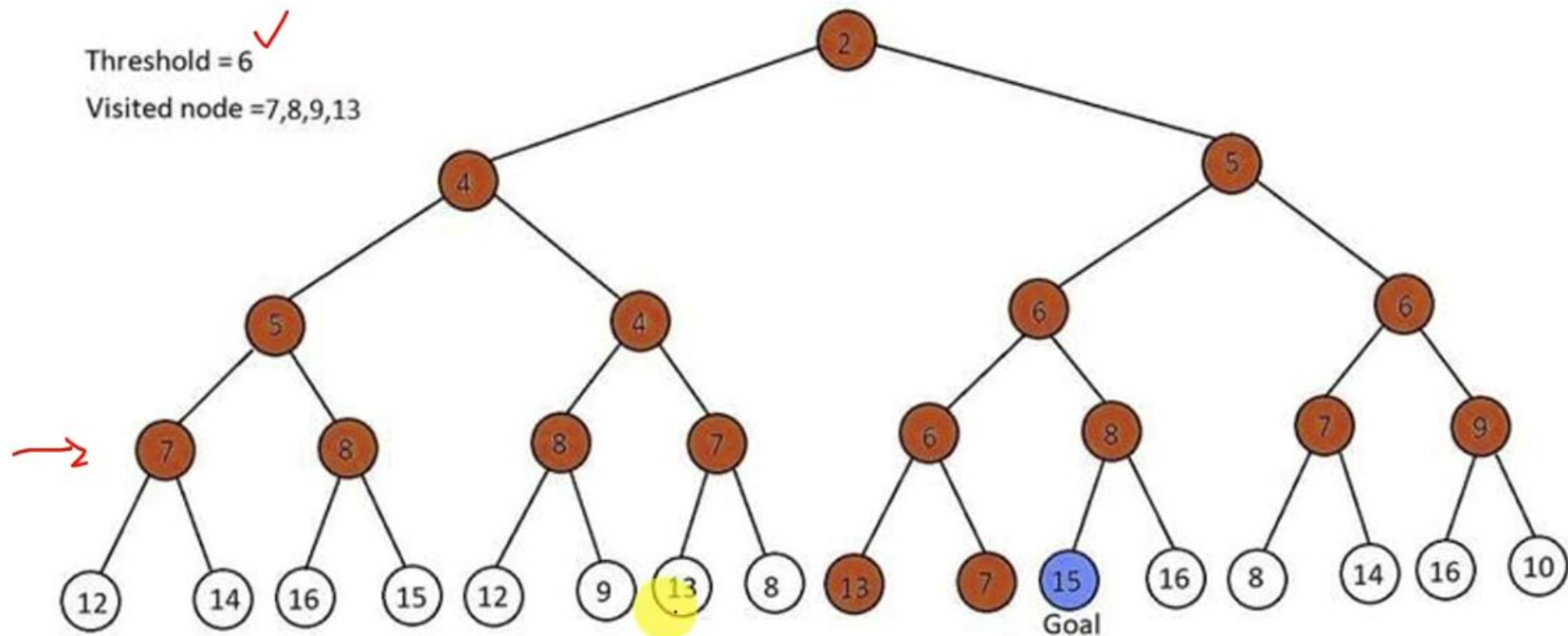
Iterative Deepening A* Search Algorithm – Solved Example



Iterative Deepening A* Search Algorithm – Solved Example



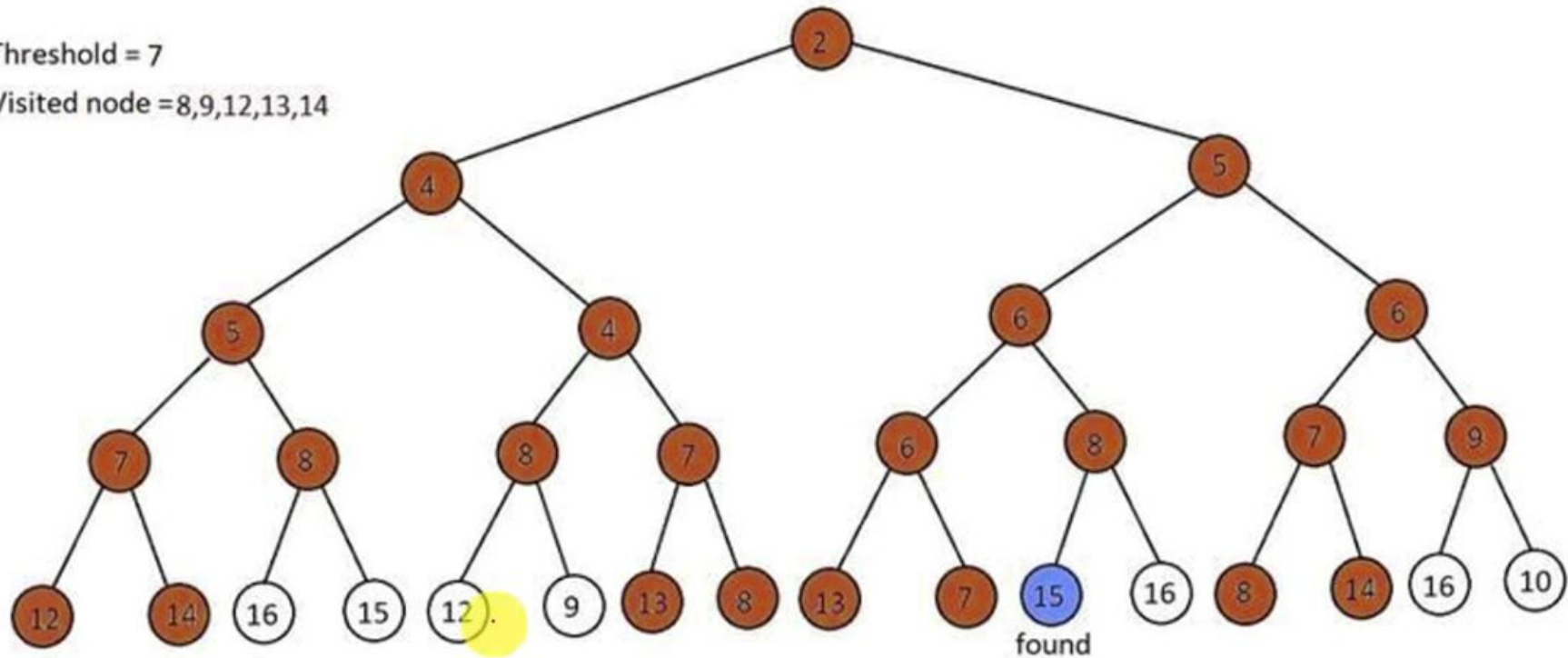
Iterative Deepening A* Search Algorithm – Solved Example



Iterative Deepening A* Search Algorithm – Solved Example

Threshold = 7

Visited node = 8,9,12,13,14



Iterative Deepening A* Search Algorithm – Solved Example

Threshold = 8

Visited node = 12, 14, 16, 15, 9, 13

