## Ü

# Linked Lists: Detect a Cycle ☆

#### You have successfully solved Linked Lists: Detect a Cycle

X

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**Problem** 

Submissions

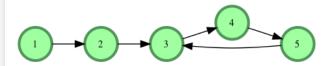
Leaderboard

Editorial

#### RATE THIS CHALLENGE



A linked list is said to contain a cycle if any node is visited more than once while traversing the list. For example, in the following graph there is a cycle formed when node  ${f 5}$  points back to node  ${f 3}$ .



#### **Function Description**

Complete the function has\_cycle in the editor below. It must return a boolean true if the graph contains a cycle, or false.

has\_cycle has the following parameter(s):

• head: a pointer to a Node object that points to the head of a linked list.

Note: If the list is empty, head will be null.

## **Input Format**

There is no input for this challenge. A random linked list is generated at runtime and passed to your function.

#### Constraints

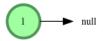
•  $0 \le list size \le 100$ 

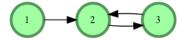
## **Output Format**

If the list contains a cycle, your function must return true. If the list does not contain a cycle, it must return false. The binary integer corresponding to the boolean value returned by your function is printed to stdout by our hidden code checker.

#### Sample Input

The following linked lists are passed as arguments to your function:

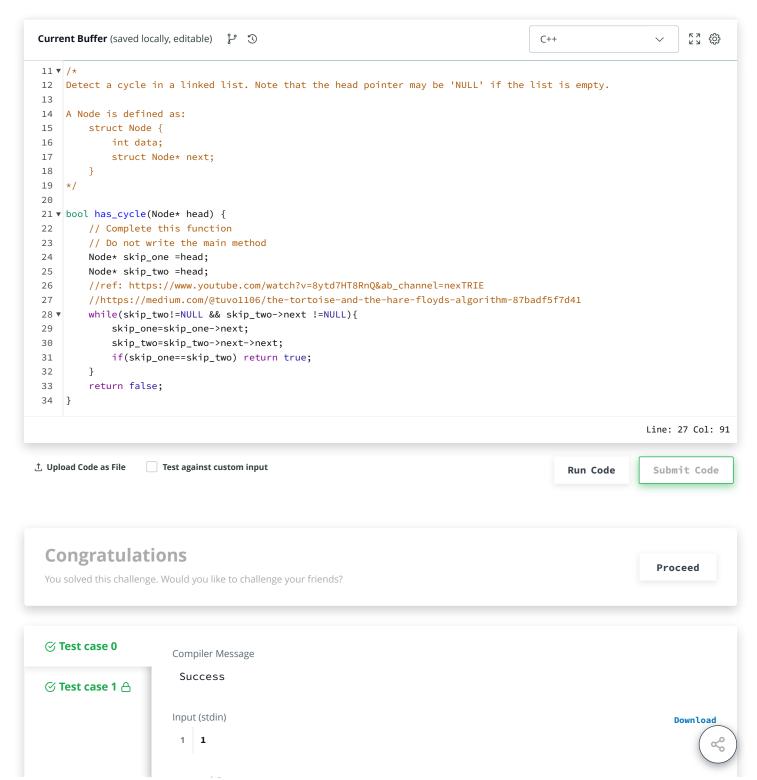






## Sample Output

```
0
   1
Explanation
1. The first list has no cycle, so we return false and the hidden code checker prints \mathbf{0} to stdout.
2. The second list has a cycle, so we return true and the hidden code checker prints {f 1} to stdout.
```



**Expected Output** Download

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