



## 2D Array - DS ☆

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### RATE THIS CHALLENGE



Given a  $6 \times 6$  2D Array, *arr*:

```
1 1 1 0 0 0
0 1 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0
```

An hourglass in *A* is a subset of values with indices falling in this pattern in *arr*'s graphical representation:

```
a b c
  d
e f g
```

There are **16** hourglasses in *arr*. An hourglass sum is the sum of an hourglass' values. Calculate the hourglass sum for every hourglass in *arr*, then print the maximum hourglass sum. The array will always be  $6 \times 6$ .

### Example

*arr* =

```
-9 -9 -9 1 1 1
0 -9 0 4 3 2
-9 -9 -9 1 2 3
0 0 8 6 6 0
0 0 0 -2 0 0
0 0 1 2 4 0
```

The **16** hourglass sums are:

```
-63, -34, -9, 12,
-10, 0, 28, 23,
-27, -11, -2, 10,
9, 17, 25, 18
```

The highest hourglass sum is **28** from the hourglass beginning at row **1**, column **2**:

```
0 4 3
 1
8 6 6
```

**Note:** If you have already solved the Java domain's Java 2D Array challenge, you may wish to skip this challenge.

### Function Description

Complete the function `hourglassSum` in the editor below.

`hourglassSum` has the following parameter(s):

- `int arr[6][6]`: an array of integers

### Returns



- `int`: the maximum hourglass sum

### Input Format

Each of the **6** lines of inputs `arr[i]` contains **6** space-separated integers `arr[i][j]`.

### Constraints

- $-9 \leq arr[i][j] \leq 9$
- $0 \leq i, j \leq 5$

### Output Format

Print the largest (maximum) hourglass sum found in `arr`.

### Sample Input

```
1 1 1 0 0 0
0 1 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 0 0 0
0 0 2 4 4 0
0 0 0 2 0 0
0 0 1 2 4 0
```

### Sample Output

```
19
```

### Explanation

`arr` contains the following hourglasses:

```
1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0
1      0      0      0
1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0

0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1      1      0      0
0 0 2 0 2 4 2 4 4 4 4 0

1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0
0      2      4      4
0 0 0 0 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 0

0 0 2 0 2 4 2 4 4 4 4 0
0      0      2      0
0 0 1 0 1 2 1 2 4 2 4 0
```

The hourglass with the maximum sum (**19**) is:

```
2 4 4
2
1 2 4
```

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C++



```
1  #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2
3  using namespace std;
4
```



```
5 // Complete the hourglassSum function below.
6 int hourglassSum(vector<vector<int>> arr) {
7     int col = arr[0].size();
8     int row = arr.size();
9     int result = INT_MIN;
10
11     for (int r =0; r<=row-3; r++){
12         for (int c =0; c<=col-3; c++){
13             int sum = 0 ;
14             sum = arr[r][c]+arr[r][c+1]+arr[r][c+2]+arr[r+1][c+1]+arr[r+2][c]+arr[r+2][c
+1]+arr[r+2][c+2];
15             if(result<sum) result=sum;
16         }
17     }
18     return result;
19 }
20
21 int main()
```

Line: 44 Col: 1

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Compiler Message

Success

Input (stdin)

```
1 1 1 1 0 0 0
2 0 1 0 0 0 0
3 1 1 1 0 0 0
4 0 0 2 4 4 0
5 0 0 0 2 0 0
6 0 0 1 2 4 0
```

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Expected Output

```
1 19
```

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