For use by the Project lecturer					Approved	Revision required			
Feedback									
				First revision	on.	Included i surname.	nitials and		
						<del></del>			
								T	
To be co	mpleted by the student						Language editor name	Language editor signatu	re
P	PROJECT PROPOSAL 2022  Project no AOS Revision no Revision no N. Ramedies							_	
Title	Surname	Initials	Student no	Study leader (titl	le, initia	als, surname)	Student declaration	Study leader declaration	
3.5	D 11	_	1.5000.40.5				I understand what plagiarism is and that I	This is a clear and unaml description of what is re-	
Mr	Ramedies	1	16023405		Mr	: A Oloo	have to complete my	this project. Approved for	
5							project on my own. Student signature	submission (Yes/No)	
-	Project title							Study leader signature a	nd date
	A school intercom system that filters inappropriate phrases and plays emails as announcements in the voice of the sender.								
	announcements in the voice of the sender.								
		Section was	s language					•	

# 1. Project description **4**

What is your project about? What does your system have to do? What is the problem to be solved?

edited.

The problem addressed in this project, is the lack of physical contact between teachers and students in schools due to the recent change in schooling systems. Teachers that make announcements and students that hear them, are often not able to be in the same physical location. Employing an individual to collate announcements would not be an efficient solution to this problem. Thus the problem addressed in this project, is to develop a school intercom system that will make announcements on behalf of the teacher, eliminating the need for announcers or any human intervention.

The concept is to have a system that receives a text-based email from a teacher, then announces this email to the students in the voice of the teacher that sent the email. This may be accomplished by integrating natural language processing techniques, speech synthesis, and digital signal processing, into a single intercom system. The system should also take account of any inappropriate phrases received from the email and should be able to play the announcement over an integrated speaker, so that students in a classroom are able to hear it.

Added a layer of challenges that reflect the functional analysis of the system.

### 2. Technical challenges in this project

Describe the technical challenges that are beyond those encountered up to the end of third year and in other final year modules.

#### 2.1 Primary design challenges

One of the design challenges would be, accounting for multiple users' voices. Another is, hardware allocation of the system resources. The overall system should be designed to work in real time, so all training of artificial intelligence systems, if used, will have to be conducted prior to final product compilation. The linguistic analysis technique used will have an affect on the processing time of the overall implementation, and each technique has benefits over others. Selection of a specific technique, or development thereof, will be seen as a design challenge.

### 2.2 Primary implementation challenges

A system implementation challenge is, managing waveforms and assigning it to analyzed text correctly. Testing results of synthesized audio, when compared to natural language audio, might be difficult to achieve, unless extra functional components are developed. It also might be challenging to develop bandpass filters with very narrow passbands, depending on the support that the development platform provides. Another implementation challenge would be within the natural language processing and linguistics analysis algorithms. The English language contains many rules and it might prove challenging to combine multiple rules without making design errors within the algorithms.

## 3. Functional analysis

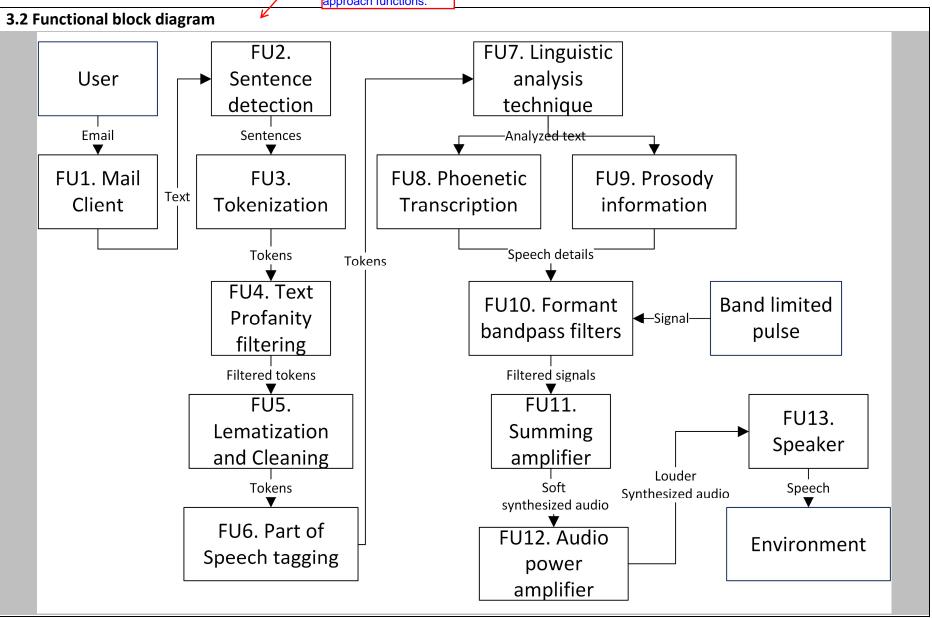
Section was changed to add an extra layer that includes functions that is contained within the algorithms.

## **3.1** Functional description

Describe the design in terms of system functions as shown on the functional block diagram in section 3.2. This description should be in narrative format.

The user input will be an email text announcement that is sent to the system via the internet. FU1 is a mail client that will receive these emails. The text is extracted from the email, whereafter, natural language processing (NLP) and linguistics analysis is performed on the text from FU2 to FU7. The process involves detecting sentences (FU2), and creating tokens from those sentences (FU3). These tokens are run through a profanity filter (FU4) that removes all inappropriate phrases contained within a set of tokens, by checking the tokens against a database of profane words. The output of the profanity filter will be a set of tokens with some marked to be inappropriate, if applicable. The set of marked tokens will then go through a lemmatization and cleaning process, in FU5, where sentences are correctly formatted. Each token is then tagged with its part of speech (FU6), relevant to the whole sentence. A linguistics analysis technique, such as a rule-based technique, is then performed on the output, in FU7, to determine the meaning of the tagged sentences. The analyzed text is sent to FU8, a phonetic transcription function, that will append phonemes to every part of the word, representing what it will sound like. The analyzed text is simultaneously sent to a prosody generator (FU9), which determines the prosody information, i.e. the pitch, loudness, and duration of the words. The information generated from the combination of FU8 and FU9 are then used in FU10 and FU11, that make up a waveform generator or synthesizer. The synthesizer artificially creates a sound signal from the retrieved prosody information using formant synthesis. Formant synthesis combines 5 different frequencies (formants), of a user's voice, utilizing digital bandpass filters (FU10), into a single voice signal, by using a summing amplifier (FU11). Depending on the strength of the synthesized signal, it may be amplified through an audio power amplifier (FU12). The synthesized speech would then be output as an announcement through FU13, a spea

Block diagram reflects what the linguistics analysis and NLP will consist of. As well as the speech synthesis approach functions.



Specified the exact parameters that will be considered for every synthesized signal.

·	of the system or product (the mission-critical requiremer Requirement 1: the fundamental functional and performance requirement of your project	Requirement 2	Requirement 3
1. Core mission requirements of the system or product. Focus on requirements that are core to solving the engineering problem. These will reflect the solution to the problem.	The system should be able to convert an arbitrary text input to speech information in natural language.  More accurate description to clear up any thing that might not make sense.	The text input will have to be processed so that it is correctly perceived by the students, i.e. it should be checked for correctness in punctuation and spelling.  Better technical term than accuracy.	The announcement has to be broadcasted synthetic voice that sounds identical to the sender's voice, in terms of the pitch, loudr length, and strength.  Specifications redetailed mission requirement.
2. What is the target specification (in measurable terms) to be met in order to achieve this requirement?	A linguistics analysis module produces word error rates (WER) of 30% or below after processing text. Pitch and gain of a synthesizer should be 100% accurately aligned with the output speech information of the linguistics analyzer.	The overall linguistic performance (OLP) of the spell checker should be approximately 90%, and the punctuation checker should account for all the beginnings and endings of sentences.  Includes reasoning of 90% choice.	The fundamental frequencies, amplitude, duration and amplitude dynamics of the foin a speaker's voice should be band limite aspects should not differentiate more than the original voice.  Motivates the new duration amplitude, amplitude, duration and interest and interest as a speaker's voice as a speaker's voice.
3. Motivation: how or why will meeting the specification given in point 2 above solve the problem? (Motivate the specific target specification selected)	Developed speech-to-text transcribers of human voices yield WERs between 15 to 40%. It is expected that synthesized speech, with correct prosody, will lie within this range, utilising these transcription tools.  Adding motivation for the 30% WER choice.	A 90% metric aligns with already developed spell checkers, in terms of recall, precision, and suggestion of words. The reason for this is that there are a large percentage of homonyms, and often spell checkers cannot pick up on this.	specifications.  Adults can differentiate a 1% change in 40 tones, which equates to a 4Hz difference. and females have much lower fundamenta frequencies at a maximum of 155Hz and 2 respectively. A 2% change in this metric corresponds to 3-5Hz.
4. How will you demonstrate at the examination that this requirement (point 1 above) and specification (point 2 above) has been met?	Text data will be fed into the intercom system, wherein a linguistics analysis function will provide a synthesizer with speech information to generate. A separate speech to text transcriber will display the perceived announcement and WER.	A data set of sentences will be input to a spell and punctuation checker. The output of the data set sentences should be displayed along with the results of OLP.  This feature is not simulated.	Recordings of multiple announcers' voices be played, in conjunction with the synthes speech for auditory comparison. Wavefort the speech will also be displayed and fundamental frequency ranges will be con
5. Your own design contribution: what are the aspects that you will design and implement yourself to meet the requirement in point 2? If none, remove this requirement.	A linguistics analysis module, will be implemented to generate speech information. A simulated transcriber platform to retrieve results, will be designed and implemented.	A software implementation of a spell checker and a basic punctuation checker, will be developed and implemented.	A formant speech synthesizer, consisting digital filters, will be designed and impler A prosody generation function to serve as to the speech synthesizer, will be implement.
6. What are the aspects to be taken off the shelf to meet this requirement?  If none, indicate "none"	A microcontroller board with adequate processing power. A speech recognition library to perform speech to text transcription for results. An audio recording device will be used to store system output.	A dictionary of words to replace incorrectly spelled words.	A microcontroller board, capable of digita processing, will be purchased. Software to formant frequencies of the announcer will used to assist with design.
rate system will emented that will ne results of sized speech.	ed the design Added required tools.	More accurate Includes the typ description.	A software will be used design parameters for t from audio recordings. synthesizer uses those

System requirements and specifications page 2 compared against a personal database.					
	Requirement 4	Requirement 5	Requirement 6		
1. Core mission requirements of the system or product. Focus on requirements that are core to solving the engineering problem. These will reflect the solution to the problem.	The message that is announced, should be filtered of all inappropriate phrases. The system should consist of a comparative database and should manage to handle derivations of profanities.	A mail system should receive emails from a user.			
2. What is the target specification (in measurable terms) to be met in order to achieve this requirement?	The accuracy, recall and precision of a large sample set, should be above 90% each, to ensure that the profanity filter is accurate enough.  Changed from with research p	The text data that is sent by the user in the email, should be correctly reflected by the receiving end of the system, with no changes made to the input.  94% to align papers.			
3. <u>Motivation</u> : how or why will meeting the specification given in point 2 above solve the problem? (Motivate the specific target specification selected)	A 100% profanity filtering margin is unachievable. A 90% margin ensures that blatant profanity is removed. This relies on the assumption that teachers are responsible in what they announce.  Reason for 90 selection expla				
4. How will you demonstrate at the examination that this requirement (point 1 above) and specification (point 2 above) has been met?	A large data set of phrases, containing profanity and False Positives, will be input into a simulated profanity filter. The outcome of accuracy, recall and precision will be measured by the models' filtered output, compared to the expected output.	A display screen should indicate notification upon receiving the email. The output of the text should be displayed and confirmed by the user.			
5. Your own design contribution: what are the aspects that you will design and implement yourself to meet the requirement in point 2? If none, remove this requirement.	A text-based profanity filter will be developed and implemented.	Implementation of an email text display feature.			
6. What are the aspects to be taken off the shelf to meet this requirement?  If none, indicate "none"	None.	A Wi-Fi module, capable of Internet connection, and an LCD screen, for debugging and display purposes, will be purchased. An email library will be used for the implementation of the mail client.			

This will indeed be

	Requirement 7	Requirement 8	Requirement 9	
1. Core mission requirements of the system or product. Focus on requirements that are core to solving the engineering problem. These will reflect the solution to the problem.				
2. What is the <u>target</u> <u>specification</u> (in <i>measurable</i> terms) to be met in order to achieve this requirement?				
3. Motivation: how or why will meeting the specification given in point 2 above solve the problem? (Motivate the specific target specification selected)				
4. How will you demonstrate at the examination that this requirement (point 1 above) and specification (point 2 above) has been met?				
5. Your own design contribution: what are the aspects that you will design and implement yourself to meet the requirement in point 2? If none, remove this requirement.				
6. What are the aspects to be taken off the shelf to meet this requirement? If none, indicate "none"				

	Requirement 10	Requirement 11	Requirement 12	
1. Core mission requirements of the system or product. Focus on requirements that are core to solving the engineering problem. These will reflect the solution to the problem.				
2. What is the target specification (in measurable terms) to be met in order to achieve this requirement?				
3. Motivation: how or why will meeting the specification given in point 2 above solve the problem? (Motivate the specific target specification selected)				
<b>4. How will you</b> demonstrate at the examination that this requirement (point 1 above) and specification (point 2 above) has been met?				
5. Your own design contribution: what are the aspects that you will design and implement yourself to meet the requirement in point 2? If none, remove this requirement.				
6. What are the aspects to be taken off the shelf to meet this requirement? If none, indicate "none"				

<b>5. Field conditions</b> These are the REAL WORLD CONDITIONS under which your project has to work and has to be demonstrated.					
	Field condition 1	Field condition 2	Field condition 3		
Field condition requirement. In which field conditions does the system have to operate? Indicate the one, two or three most important field conditions.	The intercom system has to be audible enough for a noisy indoor room environment. It should be operable from any location with internet access.	Changed field condition to align with classroom conditions.			
Field condition specification. What is the specification (in measurable terms) for this field condition?	A standard noisy environment for a classroom of students ranges between 65-70 dB.				

### 6. Student tasks

## 6.1 Design and implementation tasks

List your primary design and implementation tasks in bullet list format (5-10 bullets). These are not product requirements, but your tasks.

- The intercom system must be designed and implemented.
- An appropriate linguistics analysis technique has to be selected.
- Audio data from multiple people will have to be collected.
- Large sentence text data sets, with profanity, have to be collected and sorted.
- A physical cover for the system will have to be designed and built.
- The system should be integrated onto a PCB board.
- Simulated versions of the functions should be developed for debugging and demonstration purposes.

### 6.2 New knowledge to be acquired

Describe what the theoretical foundation to the project is, and which new knowledge you will acquire (beyond that covered in any other undergraduate modules).

- The student will be required to master theoretical background knowledge on Natural Language Processing and Speech Synthesis.
- The student will be required to acquire knowledge on Linguistics Analysis techniques.
- The student will need to learn how to work with audio data sets.
- The student will be required to learn about rulings of speech in the English language.
- The student will have to learn how various aspects of digital signals affect the auditory output of speech.

Added knowledge to reflect the more detailed FBD.