SEMINAR PRESENTATION ON MACHINE LEARNING

By:

Ishaya Jeremiah Ayock

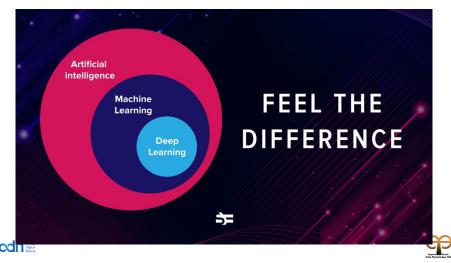
ECOLE POLYTECHNIQUE DE THIES

September 12, 2020

Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Supervised Learning
- 3 Unsupervised Learning
- 4 Reinforcement Learning
- 5 Data Science Over View
- 6 Over Fitting and Under Fitting
- 7 Data Preprocessing.
- 8 Understand Your Data With Visualization
- 9 Features Selection
- 10 Machine Learning Implementation Processes
- 11 Tools
- 12 Recommendations
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Introduction

What is Learning?





What is Learning?

Learning is any process by which a system improves performance from experience.





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"Herbert Simon"





Artificial Intelligence





Artificial Intelligence

Artificial intelligence is a **technique** which enables machines to mimic human behavior.





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Machine Learning





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Machine Learning

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Deep learning is a subset of **Machine Learning** which make the computation of multi-layer neutral network feasible.





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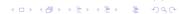
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Definition

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Goal





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Goal

The goal of machine learning generally is to understand the structure of data and fit that data into models that can be understood and utilized by people.





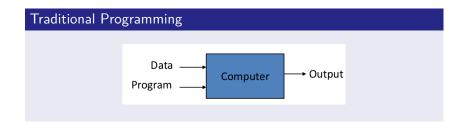
Historically

Traditional Programming





Historically





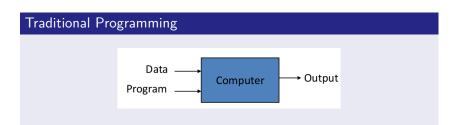


Historically

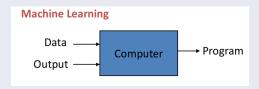
Machine Learning



Historically



Machine Learning





When?





When?

Machine Learning is used when;

Human expertise does not exist (Navigating on Mars)





When?

- Human expertise does not exist (Navigating on Mars)
- Humans can't explain their expertise (Speech recognition)





When?

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- Models must be customized (Personalized medicine)





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- Models are based on huge amounts of data (Genomics)





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Application of Machine Learning





Health Care

Identification of Diseases and Diagnosis





- Identification of Diseases and Diagnosis
- Drug Discovery and Manufacturing





- Identification of Diseases and Diagnosis
- Drug Discovery and Manufacturing
- Medical Imaging





- Identification of Diseases and Diagnosis
- Drug Discovery and Manufacturing
- Medical Imaging
- Personalized Medicine/Treatment





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- Predicting Diseases





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Introduction

Retail





Market Basket Analysis





- Market Basket Analysis
- Customer Relation Management(CRM)





Introduction

Retail

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- Customer Relation Management(CRM)





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Finance

Credit Scoring





- Market Basket Analysis
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- Credit Scoring
- Process Automation





- Market Basket Analysis
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__Introduction

Manufacturing





Optimization





- Optimization
- Troubleshooting





- Optimization
- Troubleshooting

Bioinformatics





- Optimization
- Troubleshooting

Bioinformatics

Motifs





- Optimization
- Troubleshooting

Bioinformatics

- Motifs
- Alignment





- Optimization
- Troubleshooting

Bioinformatics

- Motifs
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Web Mining





- Optimization
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Search Engines





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Introduction

Education





Accurately Grading Assignments





- Accurately Grading Assignments
- Learning Analytic





- Accurately Grading Assignments
- Learning Analytic
- Adaptive Learning





- Accurately Grading Assignments
- Learning Analytic
- Adaptive Learning
- Predictive Analytics





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Agriculture

■ Species Recognition





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Quality of Service Optimization.



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Quality of Service Optimization.



Introduction

Machine Learning Groupings





Machine Learning Groupings

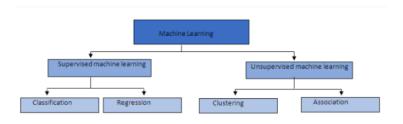


Figure: Machine Learning Groupings





Supervised Learning

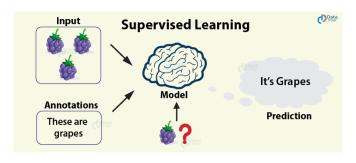


Figure: Supervised learning.





Supervised Learning

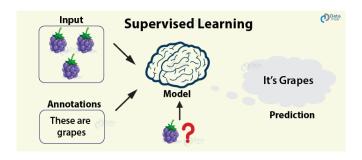


Figure: Supervised learning.

Supervised Learning is is a type of learning where the input data is callabeled/already known.

Classification





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Classifier:

An algorithm that maps the input data to a specific category.





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Types of Classifiction

■ Binary: Classification task with two possible outcomes.



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Logistics regression





- Logistics regression
- Support vector machine(SVM)





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- Support vector machine(SVM)
- Random Forest





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Implementation

■ Initialize The classifier to be used.





- Logistics regression
- Support vector machine(SVM)
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- Initialize The classifier to be used.
- **Train the classifier**. All scikit-learn uses fit(X, y).



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Examples

■ Fraud Detection





- Fraud Detection
- Email Spam Detection





- Fraud Detection
- Email Spam Detection
- Medical Diagnostics





- Fraud Detection
- Email Spam Detection
- Medical Diagnostics
- Image Classification





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Supervised Learning

Regression

Regression





Regression

Regression

It is a supervised machine learning algorithm that predict or forecast numerical values.









Regression Algorithms

Linear regression





- Linear regression
- Multiple Linear regression





- Linear regression
- Multiple Linear regression
- GLM





- Linear regression
- Multiple Linear regression
- GLM
- Neural Network





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Examples of Regression Problems





Examples of Regression Problems

Examples

Risk Assessment





- Risk Assessment
- Score Prediction





- Risk Assessment
- Score Prediction
- Sales Predictions





- Risk Assessment
- Score Prediction
- Sales Predictions
- Advertisement



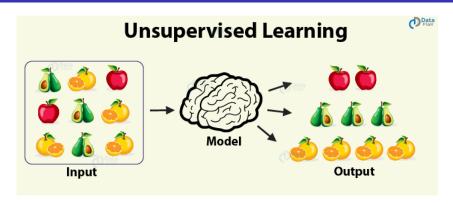


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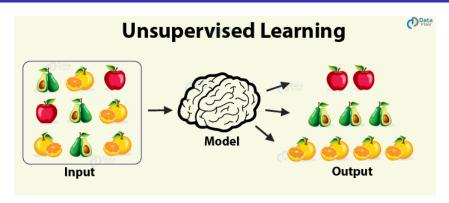
Unsupervised Learning Introduction







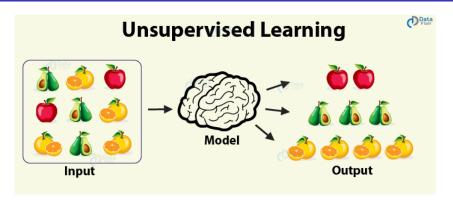
Unsupervised Learning Introduction



Unsupervised Learning



Unsupervised Learning Introduction



Unsupervised Learning

Unsupervised Learning is is a type of learning where the Input data is not labeled and does not have a known result.

Dimensionality Reduction





Dimensionality Reduction

Its the transformation of data from a high-dimensional into a low dimensional space so that the later representation Keeps some meaningful properties of the original data.





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Visualization





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Reasons for Dimensionality Reduction

- Visualization
- Reduce computational load





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Methods of Dimensionality Reduction.

■ Principal Component Analysis



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Unsupervised Learning

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Clustering Types

K-Means





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- Hierarchical clustering





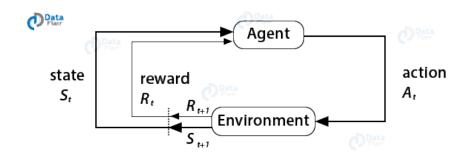
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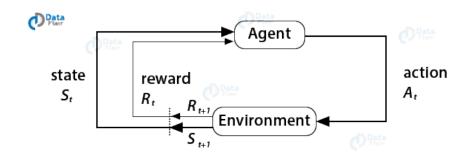






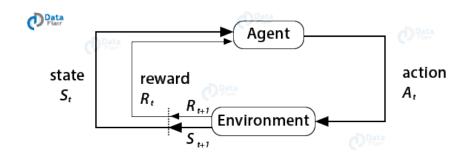








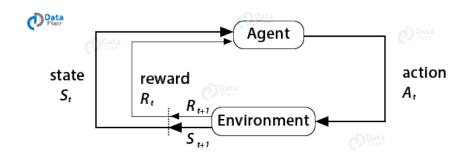




Its a machine learning method where by an agent learns to perform certain actions in an environment which lead it to maximum reward.







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Reinforcement Learning





Q-Learning





- Q-Learning
- Temporal Difference (TD)





- Q-Learning
- Temporal Difference (TD)
- Monte-Carlo Tree Search (MCTS)





- Q-Learning
- Temporal Difference (TD)
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- Asynchronous Actor-Critic Agents (A3C)





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Reinforcement Learning





Gaming





- Gaming
- Finance Sector





- Gaming
- Finance Sector
- Manufacturing





- Gaming
- Finance Sector
- Manufacturing
- Inventory Management





- Gaming
- Finance Sector
- Manufacturing
- Inventory Management
- Robot Navigation





- Gaming
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- Manufacturing
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Data Science Over View

Data Science

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Data Science Is OSEMN

Obtaining data.





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- 1 Obtaining data.
- Scrubbing data.





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Data Science is a step by step process of extracting knowledge from data.

- Obtaining data.
- 2 Scrubbing data.
- 3 Exploring data.





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Data Science is a step by step process of extracting knowledge from data.

- Obtaining data.
- 2 Scrubbing data.
- 3 Exploring data.
- 4 Modeling data and
- Interpreting data





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Data Science Work Flow

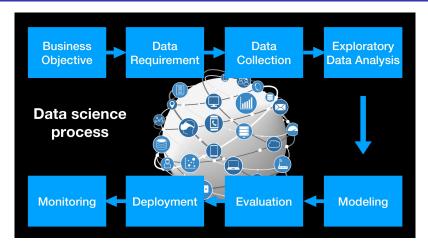




Figure: Data Science Workflow



Performance Metric

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Choice of metric influences how the performance of machine learning algorithms is measured and compared.





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L Data Science Over View

Performance Metric Cont..





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- Confusion Matrix



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- 4 Log loss



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- 5 Average precision at k.



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- Classification Accuracy.
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- 4 Log loss
- 5 Average precision at k.
- Mean average precision at k.



Classification Metric

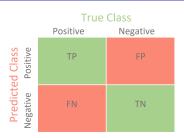
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- 4 Log loss
- 5 Average precision at k.
- Mean average precision at k.













Image

1 True Positives(TP): These are cases in which we predicted Yes and its actually Yes.





- 1 True Positives(TP): These are cases in which we predicted Yes and its actually Yes.
- 2 True Negative(TN): We predicted No and its actually No.





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Confusion Matrix



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Regression Metric





Regression Metric





Regression Metric

The most common metrics for evaluating predictions on regression machine learning problems:

Mean Absolute Error(MAE).





Regression Metric

- Mean Absolute Error(MAE).
- Mean Squared Error(MSE).





Regression Metric

- 1 Mean Absolute Error(MAE).
- Mean Squared Error(MSE).
- 3 Root mean squared error (RMSE)





Regression Metric

- 1 Mean Absolute Error(MAE).
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- 3 Root mean squared error (RMSE)
- 4 Root mean squared logarithmic error (RMSLE)





Regression Metric

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Regression Metric

- Mean Absolute Error(MAE).
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- 6 Mean percentage error (MPE).





Regression Metric

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- R^2 .
- **6** Mean percentage error (MPE).
- 7 Mean absolute percentage error (MAPE)



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SEMINAR PRESENTATION ON MACHINE LEARNING

Over Fitting and Under Fitting





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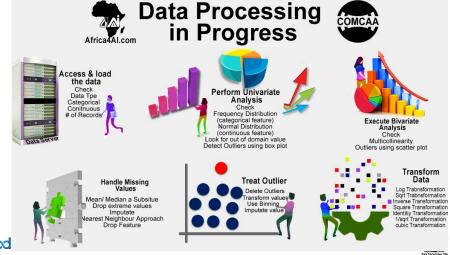
And can be addressed by;

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Data Preprocessing



SEMINAR PRESENTATION ON MACHINE LEARNING

Understand Your Data With Visualization





- Histogram
- Density Plots





Understand Your Data With Visualization

Univariate plots

- Histogram
- Density Plots
- Box and whisker Plots





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Multivariate Plots

Correlation Matrix Plot.





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Importance of Features Selection

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- Improves Accuracy: Less misleading data means modeling accuracy improves.
- Reduces Training Time: Less data means that algorithms train faster.





Machine Learning Implementation Processes

Implementation





Implementation Steps

Prepare Problem





- 1 Prepare Problem
 - Load libraries





- Prepare Problem
 - Load libraries
 - Load dataset.





- 1 Prepare Problem
 - Load libraries
 - Load dataset.
- Summarize Data





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 - Descriptive statistics





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- 2 Summarize Data
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 - Data visualizations.





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 - Split-out validation dataset.





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Solving Problems Using Machine Learning

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Solving Problems Using Machine Learning

Is it "A" or "B"?
Classification





- Is it "A" or "B"?
 Classification
- Is this Weird?





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 Anomality Detection





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- How much or how many?





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- How much or how many? Regression.





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Confusing Terms

Data Mining:





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- **Data Mining:** Is the discovering of interesting, unexpected, or valuable structures in large data sets.
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- Statistic(s):Is the collection of data, analyzing and interpretation of data results.





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Human Generated data .





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To fit the parameters i.e weights.





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Books

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- https://analyticsindiamag.com/
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- 4 https://machinelearningmastery.com/machine-learning-withpython/
- 5 www.africa4ai.com





Conclusion





