Worksheet_4b

PES University, Bangalore¶

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UE20CS312 - Data Analytics - Worksheet 4b¶

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${\bf Prerequisites}\P$

- Revise the following concepts
 - Boosting
 - * AdaBoost
 - Apriori Algorithm
- Install the following software
 - pandas
 - numpy
 - sklearn
 - matplotlib
 - mlxtend

Task¶

In this notebook you will be exploring how to implement and utilize AdaBoost and the Apriori algorithm. For AdaBoost, this notebook utilizes the standard dataset from sklearn. For Apriori, please ensure that you have downloaded the BreadBasket_DMS.csv within the same working directory.

Points¶

- Problem 1: 4 points
- Problem 2: 3 points
- Problem 3: 3 points

Loading the Dataset¶

```
In [1]:
# Imports
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import datasets
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
# Load the wine dataset
data = datasets.load_wine(as_frame = True)
# Load x & y variables
X = data.data
y = data.target
# Split the dataset into train and test
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.25, random_state = 2
Problem 1 (4 points)¶
Fit and evaluate the AdaBoostClassifier from sklearn.ensemble on the wine
dataset. Use the evaluate model to print results.
Solution Steps:
  1. From sklearn.ensemble import AdaBoostClassifier
  2. Initialize the AdaBoostClassifier with n estimators set to 30.
  3. Use the fit() method and pass the train dataset.
```

4. Use the evaluate(model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test) method to print results.

For further reference: https://www.kaggle.com/code/faressayah/ensemble-ml-algorithms-bagging-boosting-voting/notebook

In [2]:

from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score, classification_report
evaluate method to print results after training a particular model

```
def evaluate(model, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test):
    y_test_pred = model.predict(X_test)
    y_train_pred = model.predict(X_train)

print("TRAINIG RESULTS: \n============"")
```

clf_report = pd.DataFrame(classification_report(y_train, y_train_pred, output_dict=True)

```
print(f"CONFUSION MATRIX:\n{confusion_matrix(y_train, y_train_pred)}")
print(f"ACCURACY SCORE:\n{accuracy_score(y_train, y_train_pred):.4f}")
print(f"CLASSIFICATION REPORT:\n{clf_report}")

print("TESTING RESULTS: \n============="")
clf_report = pd.DataFrame(classification_report(y_test, y_test_pred, output_dict=True))
print(f"CONFUSION MATRIX:\n{confusion_matrix(y_test, y_test_pred)}")
print(f"ACCURACY SCORE:\n{accuracy_score(y_test, y_test_pred):.4f}")
print(f"CLASSIFICATION REPORT:\n{clf report}")
```

Problem 2 (3 points)¶

Retrieve the frequent itemsets using the apriori method from mlx-tend.frequent_patterns. The code below extracts the basket_sets and this is provided as input for the apriori method.

Solution Steps:

- 1. Use the apriori algorithm, set min_support to 0.03 and use_colnames to True.
- 2. Print the output of the apriori method which provides the frequent itemsets

For further reference: https://www.kaggle.com/code/victorcabral/bread-basket-analysis-apriori-association-rules/notebook (Cells 26 onwards)

In [3]:

```
# Install mlxtend
!pip install mlxtend
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: mlxtend in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (0.21.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.24.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from the control of th
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.16.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.2.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=3.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=0.13.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from the control of th
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=1.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from mi
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packa
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.2.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (
Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=6.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from the control of t
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-package
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/lib/python3/dist-packages (from python-date)
```

```
WARNING: You are using pip version 20.2.4; however, version 22.2.2 is available.
You should consider upgrading via the '/usr/bin/python3 -m pip install --upgrade pip' command In [4]:

# Imports
from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import apriori
from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import association_rules
In [5]:

#Loading the dataset file
df = pd.read_csv('BreadBasket_DMS.csv')
In [6]:
df['Quantity'] = 1
df.head(7)
```

Out[6]:

	Date	Time	Transaction	Item	Quantity
0	2016-10-30	09:58:11	1	Bread	1
1	2016-10-30	10:05:34	2	Scandinavian	1
2	2016-10-30	10:05:34	2	Scandinavian	1
3	2016-10-30	10:07:57	3	Hot chocolate	1
4	2016-10-30	10:07:57	3	Jam	1
5	2016-10-30	10:07:57	3	Cookies	1
6	2016-10-30	10:08:41	4	Muffin	1

```
In [7]:
```

```
basket = df.groupby(['Transaction', 'Item'])['Quantity'].sum().unstack().fillna(0)
# There are a lot of zeros in the data but we also need to make sure any positive values are
# and anything less the 0 is set to 0. This step will complete the one hot encoding of the def encode_units(x):
```

```
if x <= 0:
    return 0
if x >= 1:
    return 1
```

basket_sets = basket.applymap(encode_units)
basket_sets

Out[7]:

Item

Adjustment

Argentina Night
Art Tray
Bacon
Baguette
Bakewell
Bare Popcorn
Basket
•••
The BART
The Nomad
Tiffin
Toast
Truffles
Tshirt
Valentine's card
Vegan Feast
Vegan mincepie
Victorian Sponge
Transaction
1
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0

Afternoon with the baker

Alfajores

9531 rows \times 95 columns

Problem 3 (3 points)¶

Now use the association_rules method and pass the frequent_itemsets as input (achieved using problem 2). Use .head() to display the top five rules.

Solution Steps:

- 1. Use the association_rules method, set metric to lift and min_threshold to 1.
- 2. Print the top five rules using .head().

For further reference: https://www.kaggle.com/code/victorcabral/bread-basket-analysis-apriori-association-rules/notebook (Cell 32 and 33)