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1. A list contains names of boys and girls as its elements. Boys' names are stored as
     tuples. Write a program to find out number of boys and girls in the list. (Hint: use
     isinstance(ele, tuple))
     Code:
     data = [("John",), "Alice", ("Mike",), "Emma", ("Tom",)] # Mixed list
 4
    boys count = sum(1 for ele in data if isinstance(ele, tuple))
     girls count = len(data) - boys count
    print("Number of boys:", boys_count)
 7
     print("Number of girls:", girls count)
8
    OUTPUT
9
    Number of boys: 3
    Number of girls: 2
10
11
12
     2. A list contains tuples containing roll no., name and age of student. Write a python
     program to create three lists separately for roll no., name and age
13
    INPUT
     students = [(1, "John", 15), (2, "Alice", 14), (3, "Emma", 16)]
14
15
     roll numbers = [student[0] for student in students]
16
    names = [student[1] for student in students]
17
    ages = [student[2] for student in students]
18
    print("Roll Numbers:", roll numbers)
19
    print("Names:", names)
    print("Ages:", ages)
20
21
    OUTPUT
22
    Roll Numbers: [1, 2, 3]
    Names: ['John', 'Alice', 'Emma']
23
24
    Ages: [15, 14, 16]
25
26
     3. Suppose a date is represented as a tuple (d, m, y). Create two date tuples and find
     the number of days between the two dates.
2.7
     INPUT
28
     from datetime import date
29
30
    date1 = (24, 3, 2025)
31
    date2 = (10, 1, 2025)
32
33
     d1 = date(date1[2], date1[1], date1[0])
34
     d2 = date(date2[2], date2[1], date2[0])
35
36
     days difference = abs((d1 - d2).days)
37
     print("Number of days between the two dates:", days difference)
38
     OUTPUT
39
    Number of days between the two dates: 73
40
41
     4. Create a list of tuples containing a food item and its price. Sort the tuples in
     descending order by price.
42
     INPUT
43
     food_prices = [("Burger", 150), ("Pizza", 250), ("Pasta", 200)]
44
     sorted food prices = sorted(food prices, key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
45
    print("Sorted by price (descending):", sorted food prices)
46
47
     Sorted by price (descending): [('Pizza', 250), ('Pasta', 200), ('Burger', 150)]
48
49
     5. Remove empty tuple(s) from the list of tuples.
50
51
     tuples list = [(), ("Alice", 25), (), ("John", 30)]
52
     filtered list = [tup for tup in tuples list if tup]
53
    print("List after removing empty tuples:", filtered list)
54
    OUTPUT
    List after removing empty tuples: [('Alice', 25), ('John', 30)]
55
56
57
    6. Modify an element of a tuple.
58
    INPUT
59
    original tuple = (1, 2, 3)
60
    modified list = list(original tuple)
    modified list[1] = 20 # Change second element
61
62
    modified tuple = tuple(modified list)
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63 print("Modified tuple:", modified_tuple)
64 OUTPUT
65 Modified tuple: (1, 20, 3)
66
67
    7. Delete an element of a tuple
68
   INPUT
69
    original_tuple = (1, 2, 3)
70
    modified_tuple = tuple(ele for ele in original_tuple if ele != 2) # Remove 2
71
    print("Tuple after deletion:", modified tuple)
72
    OUTPUT
73
    Tuple after deletion: (1, 3)
```