

Worksheet-4b in R

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2024-10-28

```
# Task 1: Create a 5x5 Matrix Using a for Loop
```

```
matrix_5x5 <- matrix(0, nrow=5, ncol=5)
```

```
vectorA <- c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
```

```
for (i in 1:5) {
```

```
  matrix_5x5[i, ] <- abs(vectorA)
```

```
}
```

```
print("5x5 Matrix with vectorA:")
```

```
## [1] "5x5 Matrix with vectorA:"
```

```
print(matrix_5x5)
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]
```

```
## [1,]    1    2    3    4    5
```

```
## [2,]    1    2    3    4    5
```

```
## [3,]    1    2    3    4    5
```

```
## [4,]    1    2    3    4    5
```

```
## [5,]    1    2    3    4    5
```

```
# Task 2: Print the String "*" Using a for Loop
```

```
print("Pyramid of '*' using for loop:")
```

```
## [1] "Pyramid of '*' using for loop:"
```

```
for (i in 1:5) {
```

```
  cat(rep("*", i), "\n")
```

```
}
```

```
## *
```

```
## * *
```

```
## * * *
```

```
## * * * *
```

```
## * * * * *
```

```
# Task 3: Get user input for the first two numbers in the Fibonacci sequence
```

```
n1 <- as.integer(readline(prompt="Enter the first number: "))
```

```
## Enter the first number:
```

```
n2 <- as.integer(readline(prompt="Enter the second number: "))
```

```
## Enter the second number:
```

```
if (is.na(n1) || is.na(n2)) {
```

```
  cat("Please enter valid integers.\n")
```

```
} else {
```

```
  cat("Fibonacci sequence up to 500:\n")
```

```

repeat {
  cat(n1, " ")
  fib <- n1 + n2
  if (fib > 500) break
  n1 <- n2
  n2 <- fib
}

cat("\n")
}

```

Please enter valid integers.

```

# Task 4: Import File and Perform Operations
library(dplyr)

```

```

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

```

```

#a.R script for importing an excel or a csv file
ShoeSize <- read.csv("ShoeSizes.csv")
cat("First 6 rows of the ShoeSize:\n")

```

First 6 rows of the ShoeSize:

```
print(head(ShoeSize))
```

```

##   Shoe.size Height Gender
## 1      6.5   66.0      F
## 2      9.0   68.0      F
## 3      8.5   64.5      F
## 4      8.5   65.0      F
## 5     10.5   70.0      M
## 6      7.0   64.0      F

```

```

#b. Subset for male and female
female <- subset(ShoeSize, Gender == "F")
male <- subset(ShoeSize, Gender == "M")
cat("Number of females:", nrow(female), "\n")

```

Number of females: 14

```
cat("Number of males:", nrow(male), "\n")
```

Number of males: 14

```

#c. Graph for the number of males and females
str(ShoeSize)

```

```

## 'data.frame':   28 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ Shoe.size: num  6.5 9 8.5 8.5 10.5 7 9.5 9 13 7.5 ...

```

```
## $ Height : num 66 68 64.5 65 70 64 70 71 72 64 ...
## $ Gender : chr "F" "F" "F" "F" ...
```

```
head(ShoeSize)
```

```
## Shoe.size Height Gender
## 1      6.5    66.0      F
## 2      9.0    68.0      F
## 3      8.5    64.5      F
## 4      8.5    65.0      F
## 5     10.5    70.0      M
## 6      7.0    64.0      F
```

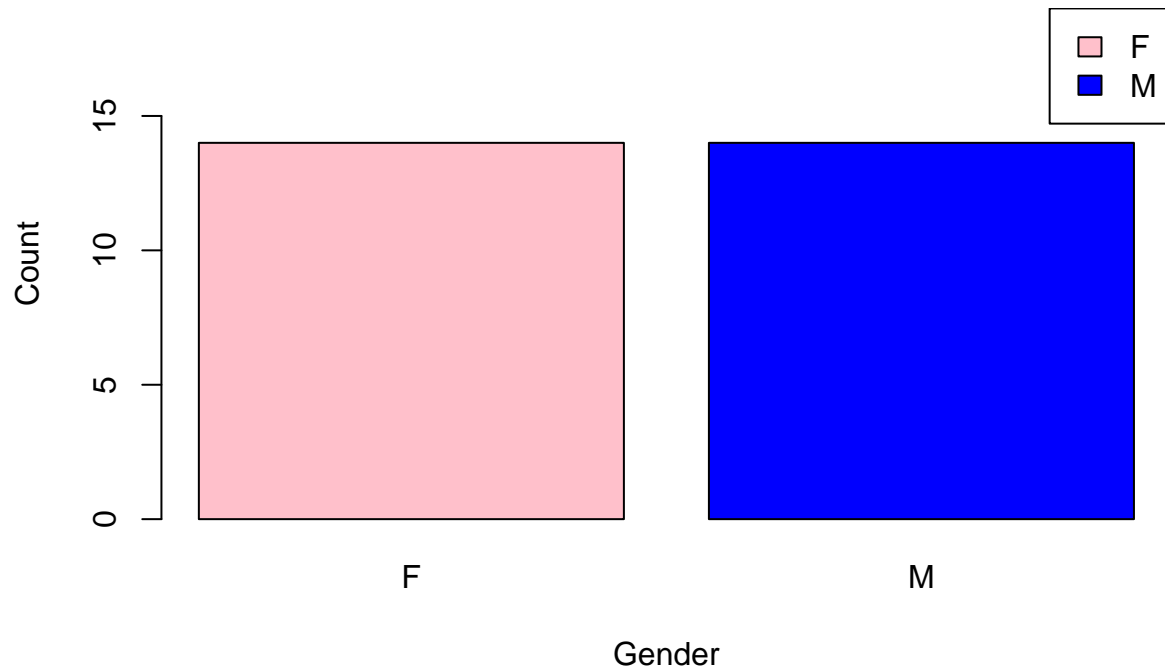
```
ShoeSize$Gender <- as.factor(ShoeSize$Gender)
```

```
gender_counts <- ShoeSize %>%
  group_by(Gender) %>%
  summarise(Count = n(), .groups = 'drop')
```

```
barplot(gender_counts$Count,
        names.arg = gender_counts$Gender,
        col = c("pink", "blue" ),
        main = "Number of Females and Males in Shoe Sizes",
        xlab = "Gender",
        ylab = "Count",
        ylim = c(0, max(gender_counts$Count) + 5))
```

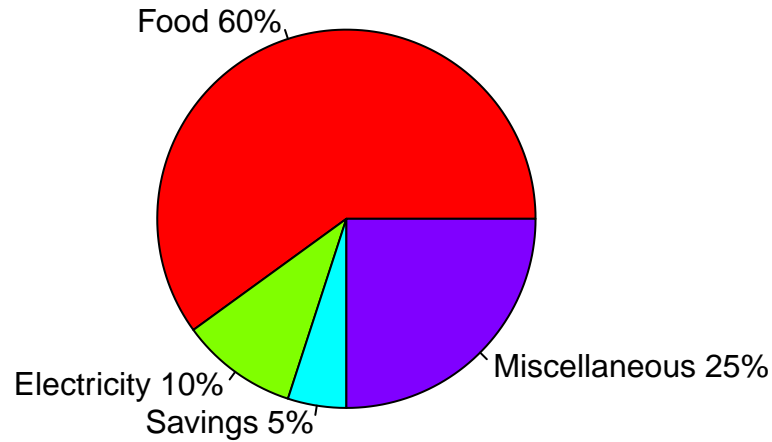
```
legend("topright", legend = levels(ShoeSize$Gender), fill = c("pink", "blue"))
```

Number of Females and Males in Shoe Sizes



```
# Task 5: Monthly Income Pie Chart
expenses <- c(Food=60, Electricity=10, Savings=5, Miscellaneous=25)
pie(expenses, main="Monthly Income Distribution", col=rainbow(length(expenses)),
    labels=paste0(names(expenses), " ", round(100 * expenses / sum(expenses), 1), "%"))
```

Monthly Income Distribution



```
# Task 6: Iris Dataset Operations
```

```
data(iris)
```

```
# a. Check the structure
```

```
cat("Structure of the iris dataset:\n")
```

```
## Structure of the iris dataset:
```

```
str(iris)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 150 obs. of 5 variables:
```

```
## $ Sepal.Length: num 5.1 4.9 4.7 4.6 5 5.4 4.6 5 4.4 4.9 ...
```

```
## $ Sepal.Width : num 3.5 3 3.2 3.1 3.6 3.9 3.4 3.4 2.9 3.1 ...
```

```
## $ Petal.Length: num 1.4 1.4 1.3 1.5 1.4 1.7 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.5 ...
```

```
## $ Petal.Width : num 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.2 0.1 ...
```

```
## $ Species : Factor w/ 3 levels "setosa","versicolor",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
```

```
# b. Calculate means of Sepal and Petal measurements
```

```
iris_means <- colMeans(iris[, 1:4])
```

```
cat("Means of Sepal and Petal measurements:\n")
```

```
## Means of Sepal and Petal measurements:
```

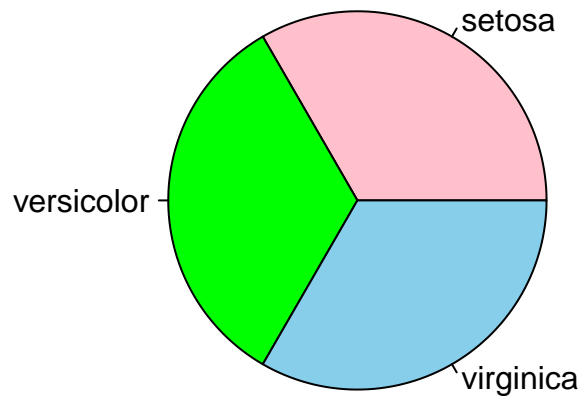
```
print(iris_means)
```

```
## Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width
```

```
## 5.843333 3.057333 3.758000 1.199333
```

```
# c. Pie chart for Species distribution
species_counts <- table(iris$Species)
pie(species_counts, main="Species Distribution", col=c("pink", "green", "skyblue"),
    labels=names(species_counts))
```

Species Distribution



```
# d. Subset each species and show the last six rows
setosa <- subset(iris, Species == "setosa")
versicolor <- subset(iris, Species == "versicolor")
virginica <- subset(iris, Species == "virginica")
cat("Last 6 rows of Setosa species:\n")
```

Last 6 rows of Setosa species:

```
print(tail(setosa))
```

```
##      Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width Species
## 45          5.1         3.8         1.9         0.4  setosa
## 46          4.8         3.0         1.4         0.3  setosa
## 47          5.1         3.8         1.6         0.2  setosa
## 48          4.6         3.2         1.4         0.2  setosa
## 49          5.3         3.7         1.5         0.2  setosa
## 50          5.0         3.3         1.4         0.2  setosa
```

```
cat("Last 6 rows of Versicolor species:\n")
```

Last 6 rows of Versicolor species:

```
print(tail(versicolor))
```

```
##      Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width  Species
## 95           5.6         2.7         4.2         1.3 versicolor
## 96           5.7         3.0         4.2         1.2 versicolor
## 97           5.7         2.9         4.2         1.3 versicolor
## 98           6.2         2.9         4.3         1.3 versicolor
## 99           5.1         2.5         3.0         1.1 versicolor
## 100          5.7         2.8         4.1         1.3 versicolor
```

```
cat("Last 6 rows of Virginica species:\n")
```

```
## Last 6 rows of Virginica species:
```

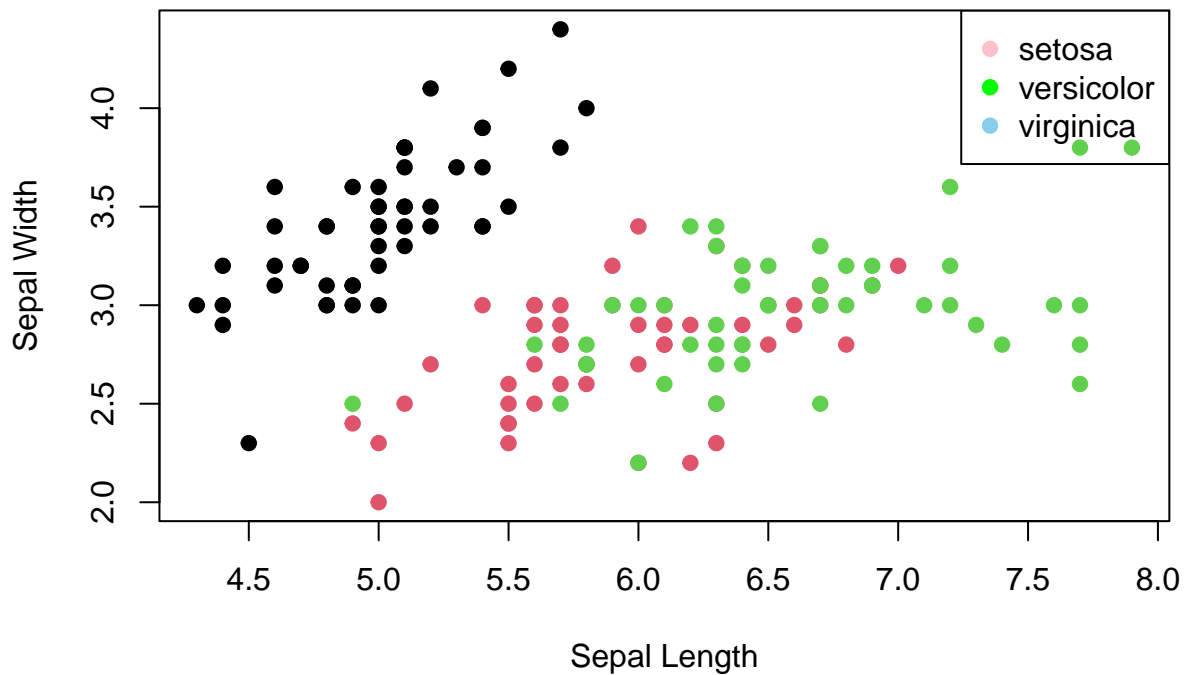
```
print(tail(virginica))
```

```
##      Sepal.Length Sepal.Width Petal.Length Petal.Width  Species
## 145           6.7         3.3         5.7         2.5 virginica
## 146           6.7         3.0         5.2         2.3 virginica
## 147           6.3         2.5         5.0         1.9 virginica
## 148           6.5         3.0         5.2         2.0 virginica
## 149           6.2         3.4         5.4         2.3 virginica
## 150           5.9         3.0         5.1         1.8 virginica
```

```
# e. Scatterplot of Sepal measurements by species
```

```
plot(iris$Sepal.Length, iris$Sepal.Width, col=iris$Species, pch=19,
     main="Iris Dataset: Sepal Width and Length",
     xlab="Sepal Length", ylab="Sepal Width")
legend("topright", legend=levels(iris$Species), col=c("pink", "green", "skyblue"), pch=19)
```

Iris Dataset: Sepal Width and Length



Task 7: Alexa Variations Dataset Cleaning and Plotting

a. Rename white and black variants

```
library(readxl)
alexafile <- read_excel("alexa_file.xlsx")
alexafile$variation <- gsub("Black ", "Black_", alexafile$variation)
alexafile$variation <- gsub("White ", "White_", alexafile$variation)
print(head(alexafile))
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 5
##   rating date          variation      verified_reviews    feedback
##   <dbl> <dtm>          <chr>          <chr>          <dbl>
## 1     5 2018-07-31 00:00:00 Charcoal Fabric Love my Echo!         1
## 2     5 2018-07-31 00:00:00 Charcoal Fabric Loved it!             1
## 3     4 2018-07-31 00:00:00 Walnut Finish  Sometimes while playi~ 1
## 4     5 2018-07-31 00:00:00 Charcoal Fabric I have had a lot of f~ 1
## 5     5 2018-07-31 00:00:00 Charcoal Fabric Music                1
## 6     5 2018-07-31 00:00:00 Heather Gray Fabric I received the echo a~ 1
```

b. Count each variation and save as variations.RData

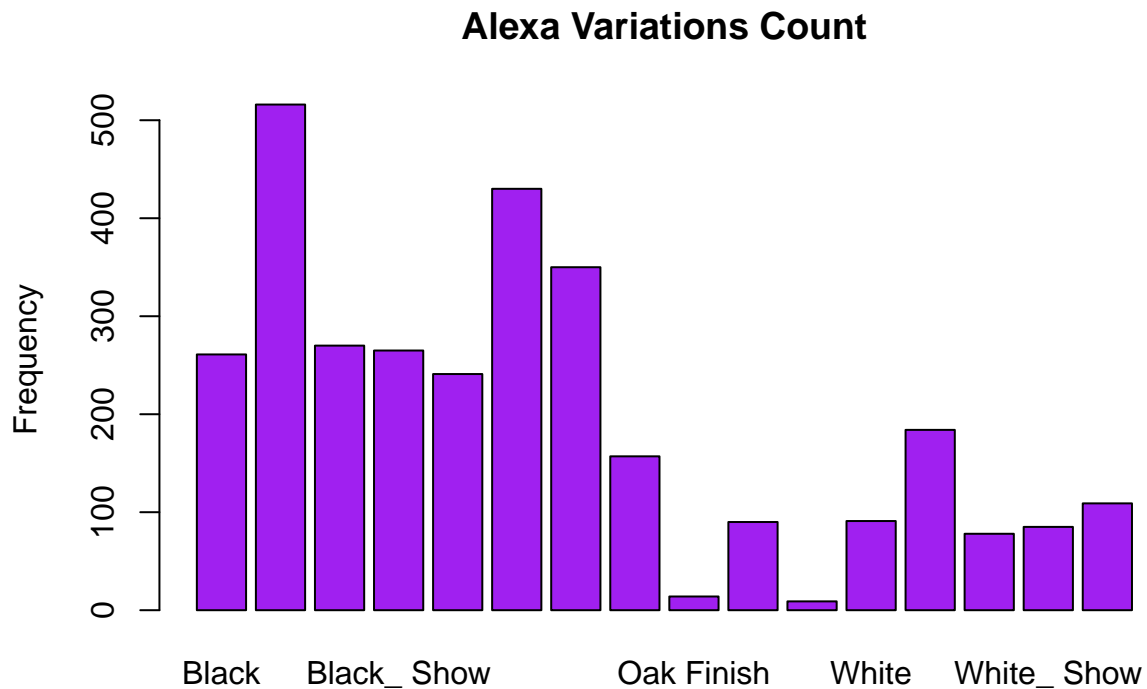
```
library(dplyr)
variation_counts <- alexafile %>%
  count(variation)
save(variation_counts, file = "variations.RData")
print(variation_counts)
```

```
## # A tibble: 16 x 2
```



```
##      variation              n
##      <chr>                <int>
##  1 Black                  261
##  2 Black_ Dot             516
##  3 Black_ Plus            270
##  4 Black_ Show            265
##  5 Black_ Spot            241
##  6 Charcoal Fabric         430
##  7 Configuration: Fire TV Stick 350
##  8 Heather Gray Fabric     157
##  9 Oak Finish              14
## 10 Sandstone Fabric        90
## 11 Walnut Finish           9
## 12 White                   91
## 13 White_ Dot              184
## 14 White_ Plus             78
## 15 White_ Show             85
## 16 White_ Spot            109
```

```
# c. Barplot for each variation count
load("variations.RData")
barplot(variation_counts$n,
        names.arg = variation_counts$variation,
        col = "purple",
        main = "Alexa Variations Count",
        ylab = "Frequency")
```



```
# d. Barplot for black and white variants side by side
black_white_counts <- variation_counts %>%
  filter(grepl("Black|White", variation))
barplot(black_white_counts$n,
  names.arg = black_white_counts$variation,
  col = c("black", "white"),
  beside = TRUE,
  main = "Black and White Alexa Variants",
  ylab = "Frequency")
```

