## **Project Title: Smart Pharmacy Inventory Tracker**

#### Phase 4: Process Automation (Admin)

#### **Executive Summary:**

Phase 5 introduces Apex programming to extend the Smart Pharmacy Inventory Tracker beyond declarative automation. With Apex, we implemented business logic that ensures medicines are automatically tracked, expired stock is prevented from being sold, and inventory reorder processes run smoothly. Key features include a best-practice trigger framework, service classes for modular code, and asynchronous Apex for handling bulk updates and scheduled expiry checks.

#### Classes & Objects:

Created Apex classes to encapsulate core logic for the Medicine\_c object.

Example (MedicineService.cls)

```
public with sharing class MedicineService {
    // Method to update stock after prescription issue
    public static void reduceStock(List<Medicine__c> meds) {
        for (Medicine__c med : meds) {
            if (med.Quantity__c > 0) {
                med.Quantity__c = 1; // reduce by 1 unit
            }
        }
        // Method to mark expired medicines
    public static void markExpired(List<Medicine__c> meds) {
        for (Medicine__c med : meds) {
            if (med.Expiry_Date__c < Date.today()) {
                med.Status__c = 'Expired';
            }
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

```
}
```

```
with sharing class MedicineService
        // Get medicines below reorder level
        public static List<Medicine__c> getLowStockMedicines() {
4
 5
                SELECT Id, Name, Quantity_c, Reorder_Level_c, Expiry_Date_c
                FROM Medicine_c
6
8
            ];
9
10
        // Get medicines expiring in next X days
11
12
        public static List<Medicine__c> getExpiringIn(Integer days) {
13
                SELECT Id, Name, Expiry_Date__c, Quantity__c
14
15
                FROM Medicine c
16
                WHERE Expiry_Date__c <= :Date.today().addDays(days)</pre>
17
18
19
20
```

### **Apex Triggers & Trigger Design Pattern:**

Implemented one-trigger-per-object pattern for Medicine\_c. The trigger delegates to a handler for clean code.

```
Example (MedicineTrigger.trigger)
```

```
trigger MedicineTrigger on Medicine__c (before insert, before update, after update) {
    new MedicineTriggerHandler().run();
}
```

#### Example (MedicineTriggerHandler.cls)

```
public class MedicineTriggerHandler {
  public void run() {
    if (Trigger.isBefore && (Trigger.isInsert || Trigger.isUpdate)) {
        MedicineService.markExpired((List<Medicine_c>) Trigger.new);
    }

  if (Trigger.isAfter && Trigger.isUpdate) {
        List<Medicine_c> updatedMeds = new List<Medicine_c>();
        for (Medicine_c med : (List<Medicine_c>) Trigger.new) {
```

```
Medicine__c oldMed = (Medicine__c) Trigger.oldMap.get(med.Id);
if (med.Quantity__c < oldMed.Quantity__c) {
    updatedMeds.add(med);
}

if (!updatedMeds.isEmpty()) {
    MedicineService.reduceStock(updatedMeds);
}

}

trigger MedicineTrigger on Medicine__c (before insert, before update, after update) {
    if (Trigger.isBefore) {
        MedicineTriggerHandler.beforeSave(Trigger.new);
    }
    if (Trigger.isAfter && Trigger.isUpdate) {
        MedicineTriggerHandler.afterUpdate(Trigger.new, Trigger.oldMap);
    }
}</pre>
```

## **SOQL & SOSL:**

```
SOQL Example: Fetch all medicines with low stock.
List<Medicine__c> lowStockMeds = [
    SELECT Id, Name, Quantity__c, Reorder_Level__c
    FROM Medicine__c
];
```

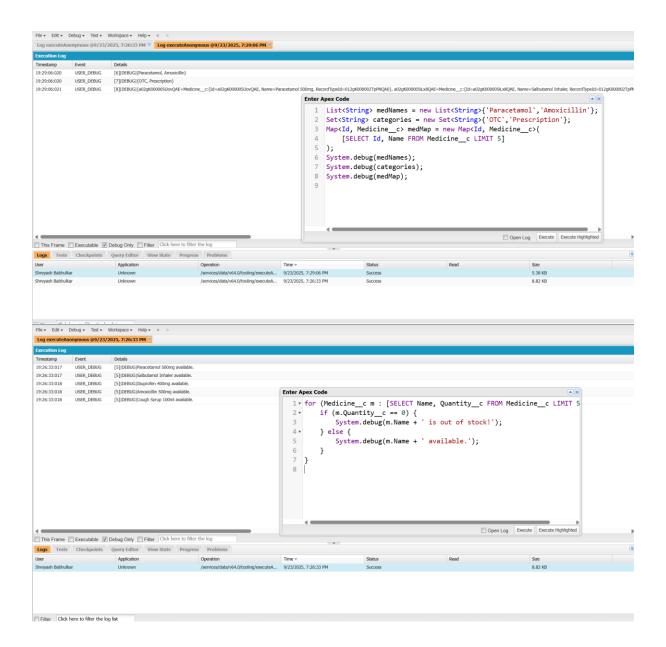




## **Collections & Control Statements:**

Example: Using List, Set, and Map for medicines.

```
public Map<Id, String> getMedicineNames(List<Medicine__c> meds) {
    Set<Id> medIds = new Set<Id>();
    for (Medicine__c med : meds) {
        medIds.add(med.Id);
    }
    Map<Id, Medicine__c> medsMap = new Map<Id, Medicine__c>(
        [SELECT Id, Name FROM Medicine__c WHERE Id IN :medIds]
    );
    Map<Id, String> results = new Map<Id, String>();
    for (Id medId : medsMap.keySet()) {
        results.put(medId, medsMap.get(medId).Name);
    }
    return results;
}
```

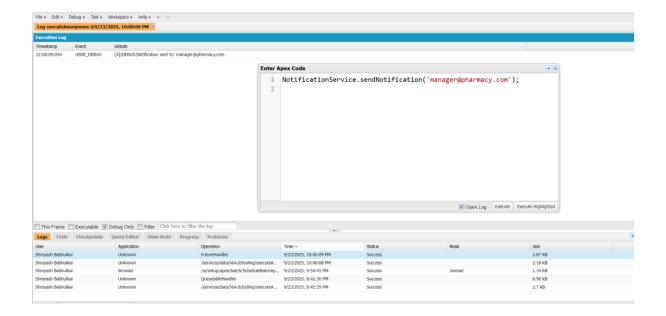


# **Asynchronous Apex Processing:**

• Future Method (API Callout Simulation):

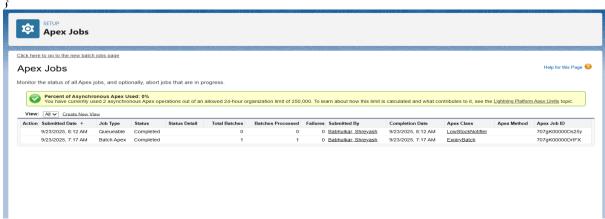
```
public class SupplierService {
    @future(callout=true)

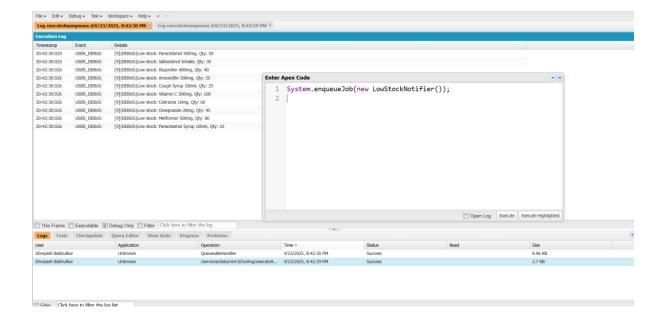
public static void notifySupplier(Id medicineId) {
        System.debug('Notifying supplier for medicine: ' + medicineId);
    }
}
```



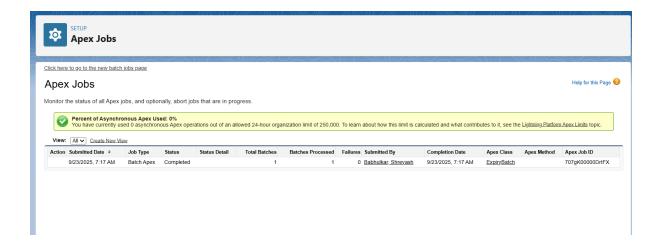
## • Queueable Apex (Complex Processing):

```
public class RestockJob implements Queueable {
   private Id medicineId;
   public RestockJob(Id medId) { this.medicineId = medId; }
   public void execute(QueueableContext context) {
        System.debug('Processing restock for medicine: ' + medicineId);
    }
}
```



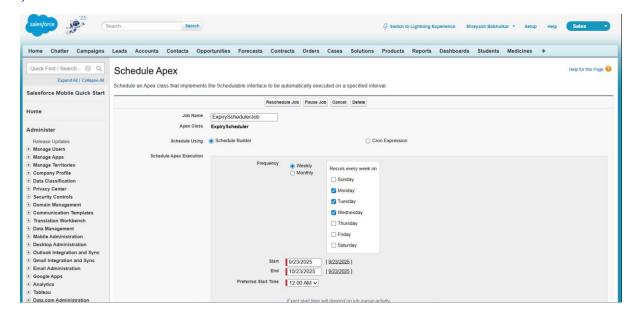


## • Batch Apex (Expired Stock Cleanup):



## Scheduled Apex:

```
public class ScheduleExpiryCheck implements Schedulable {
   public void execute(SchedulableContext sc) {
      Database.executeBatch(new ExpiredMedicineBatch(), 100);
   }
}
```



## **Exception Handling:**

```
public static void safeUpdate(List<Medicine__c> meds) {
   try {
      update meds;
   } catch (DmlException e) {
```

```
System.debug('Error: ' + e.getMessage());
```

}

