```
#include<stdio.h>
 1
       void insertion(int arr[],int n){
 2
 3
                for(int i=1;i<n;i++){</pre>
 4
                        int key=arr[i];
                         int j=i-1;
 5
                         while((j>=0) && (arr[j]>key)){
 6
                                 arr[j+1]=arr[j];
 7
 8
                                 j--;
 9
                         }
10
                         arr[j+1]=key;
11
                }
12
        }
13
        int main(){
14
                int n;
15
                printf("Enter size of the array: ");
                scanf("%d",&n);
16
                int arr[n];
17
18
                printf("Enter %d elements in to the array: ",n);
19
                for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
20
                scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
                insertion(arr,n);
21
                printf("After sorting the elements are:");
22
                for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
23
                printf(" %d",arr[i]);
24
25
                return 0;
26
        }
```

#### **BINARY SEARCH**

```
1
       #include<stdio.h>
 2
       int binary(int arr[],int k, int low,int high){
 3
                if(low<=high){
 4
                        int mid=(low+high)/2;
 5
                        if(arr[mid]==k)
                        return mid;
 6
                        else if(arr[mid]<k)
 7
 8
                        return binary(arr,k,mid+1,high);
                        return binary(arr,k,low,mid-1);
9
10
                }
11
                return -1;
12
       }
       int main(){
13
14
                int n,k;
                printf("Enter number of elements: ");
15
                scanf("%d",&n);
16
17
                printf("Enter the sorted array: ");
18
                int arr[n];
               for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
19
20
                scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
                printf("enter the item to be search: ");
21
                scanf("%d",&k);
22
                int a = binary(arr,k,0,n-1);
23
24
                if(a==-1)
                printf("item not present");
25
26
                else
                printf("item present");
27
                return 0;
28
29
       }
```

## **COUNT SORT**

```
1
        #include<stdio.h>
 3
        void countSort(int arr[],int n){
 4
                int k=arr[0];
 5
                for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
 6
                         k=k<arr[i]?arr[i]:k;
 7
                         int count[123]={0};
 8
                for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
 9
                         count[arr[i]]++;
                for(int i=1;i<=k;i++)</pre>
10
11
                    count[i]+=count[i-1];
12
                    int output[n];
13
                for(int i=n-1;i>=0;i--)
14
                    output[--count[arr[i]]]=arr[i];
                for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
15
16
                    arr[i]=output[i];
17
        }
18
        int main(){
19
20
                int n;
21
                printf("enter the no. of arry element: ");
                scanf("%d",&n);
22
                int arr[n];
23
24
                printf("enter the element: ");
                for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
25
                         scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
26
27
                         countSort(arr,n);
                for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
28
                        printf("%d ",arr[i]);
29
30
                return 0;
31
       }
```

## LINEAR SEARCH

```
1
       #include<stdio.h>
       int recursive(int a[],int item,int p,int r){
 2
 3
               if(r<p)
 4
                       return 1;
 5
               else if(a[p]==item)
 6
                       return p;
 7
               else
8
                      recursive(a,item,p+1,r);
9
       int main(){
10
              int val,i,item,p,r,n,m;
11
               printf("enter the no of elements: ");
12
13
              scanf("%d",&n);
14
              int a[n];
              printf("Enter %d integer(s)\n",n);
15
              for(i=0;i<n;i++)
16
                      scanf("%d",&a[i]);
17
18
              printf("enter the item to be search: ");
19
              scanf("%d",&m);
              p=0,r=n;
20
              val=recursive(a,m,p,r);
21
              if(val==1)
22
23
                       printf("no item found");
24
              else
25
                       printf("item location = %d item = %d",val+1,m);
               return 0;
26
27
       }
```

## SELECTION SORT

```
#include<stdio.h>
 3
     void selection(int arr[],int n){
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
 6
            {
 8
                   for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++){
 9
10
                          if(arr[i]>arr[j]){
11
12
13
                                 arr[i]=arr[i]^arr[j];
14
15
                                  arr[j]=arr[i]^arr[j];
16
17
                                 arr[i]=arr[i]^arr[j];
18
                         }
19
20
21
                  }
23
           }
24
25
26
27
     int main(){
28
29
            int n;
31
            // scanf("%d",&n)
32
33
            printf("Enter size of the array : ");
```

```
34
35
           scanf("%d",&n);
36
37
           int arr[n];
38
39
           printf("Enter the elements :");
40
         for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
41
42
            scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
43
44
            selection(arr,n);
45
46
47
            printf("The sorted elements are : ");
48
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
49
50
51
            printf("%d\t",arr[i]);
52
53
            return 0;
54
55 }
```

#### MERGE SORT

```
#include<stdio.h>
   2
        #include<conio.h>
        void merge(int arr[],int 1,int m,int r){
   3
              int i,j,k;
              int n1=m-l+1;
   6
              int n2=r-m;
   7
               int L[n1],R[n2];
   8
               for(i=0;i<n1;i++)
              L[i]=arr[l+i];
   9
  10
               for(j=0;j<n2;j++)
  11
              R[j]=arr[m+1+j];
  12
              i=0;
  13
               j=0;
               k=1;
  15
               while(i<n1 && j<n2){
  16
                     if(L[i]<R[j]){
  17
                             arr[k]=L[i];
  18
  19
                      }
  20
                      else{
  21
                              arr[k]=R[j];
  22
                              j++;
  23
                       }
  24
  25
              }
  26
               while(i<n1){
  27
                      arr[k]=L[i];
  28
                      i++;
  29
                      k++;
              }
  31
              while(j<n2){
                     arr[k]=R[j];
  32
33
                    j++;
34
                    k++;
35
36
     }
37
      void merge_sort(int arr[],int 1,int r)
38
             if(l<r){
39
40
                   int m=(1+r)/2;
                    merge_sort(arr,1,m);
41
42
                    merge_sort(arr,m+1,r);
43
                    merge(arr,1,m,r);
44
45
46
     void main(){
       int n,i,a[100];
47
48
            printf(" Enter How many Numbers : ");
            scanf("%d",&n);
49
50
           printf(" Enter %d Numbers :",n);
51
            for(i=0;i<n;i++){
52
53
                    scanf("%d",&a[i]);
54
55
            merge_sort(a,0,n-1);
56
57
            printf(" Sorted Numbers are : ");
58
             for(i=0;i<n;i++)
59
60
61
                  printf("%d ",a[i]); //use tab instead of space here
62
63
   }
64
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
  2
       void quicksort(int [], int, int);
  3
       int main(){
               int list[50];
  5
               int size,i;
  6
             printf("Enter Number of elements : ");
              scanf("%d", &size);
               printf("Enter %d Elements : ",size);
  8
  9
               for(i=0;i<size;i++){</pre>
                      scanf("%d",&list[i]);
 10
 11
               }
 12
               quicksort(list,0,size-1);
              printf("Sorted Numbers are :");
 13
               for(i=0; i<size; i++){
                      printf(" %d", list[i]);
 15
 16
               }
               printf(" \n");
 17
 18
               return 0;
 19
       }
     void quicksort(int list[], int low, int high){
 20
             int pivot, i, j, temp;
               if(low<high){
 22
                       pivot=low;
 23
                       i=low;
 24
                       j=high;
 26
                       while(i<j){
                              while(list[i]<=list[pivot]&& i<=high){</pre>
 27
 28
                                    i++;
 29
                               while(list[j]>list[pivot]&&j>=low){
 30
 31
                                      j--;
 32
                               }
                               if(i<j){
 33
 34
                                      temp=list[i];
 35
                                      list[i]=list[j];
 36
                                      list[j]=temp;
                               }
37
39
                          temp=list[j];
40
                          list[j]=list[pivot];
41
                          list[pivot]=temp;
                          quicksort(list,low,j-1);
43
                          quicksort(list,j+1,high);
44
                 }
45
```

# DIVIDE AND CONQUER

```
1
   #include<stdio.h>
 2 #include<conio.h>
    void main(){
 3
            int arr[10],n,i,max,min;
 4
            printf("Enter the total number of Elements : ");
            scanf("%d",&n);
 6
 7
           printf("Enter the numbers : ");
 8
            for(i=0;i<n;i++){
9
                   scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
            }
10
            max=min=arr[0];
11
12
            for(i=0;i<n;i++){
13
                   if(arr[i]>max){
                         max=arr[i];
14
15
16
                    if(arr[i]<min){
17
                         min=arr[i];
18
19
            }
           printf("Minimum element in an array : %d",min);
20
21
           printf("\nMaximum element in an array : %d\n",max);
22 }
```

# Heap Sort

```
#include<stdio.h>
   1
        #include<conio.h>
       int temp;
   3
   4
       void heap(int arr[10],int n,int i){
          int largest=i;
   5
             int left=2*i+1;
   6
             int right=2*i+2;
             if(left<n&& arr[left]>arr[largest])
            largest=left;
if(right<n && arr[right]>arr[largest])
   9
  10
             largest=right;
  11
             if(largest!=i){
  12
  13
                     temp=arr[i];
  14
                     arr[i]=arr[largest];
  15
                     arr[largest]=temp;
  16
                     heap(arr,n,largest);
  17
             }
      }
  18
      void heapsort(int arr[],int n){
  20
            int i;
             for(i=n/2-1;i>=0;i--)
  21
             heap(arr,n,i);
  22
  23
              for(i=n-1;i>=0;i--){
  24
                     temp=arr[0];
  25
                     arr[0]=arr[i];
                     arr[i]=temp;
  26
  27
                     heap(arr,i,0);
  28
              }
      }
  29
  30
      void main(){
        int i,n,a[10];
  31
  32
             printf("enter the no. of element: ");
            scanf("%d",&n);
  33
             printf("Enter elements: ");
  34
             for(i=0;i<n;i++){
  35
36
                     scanf("%d",&a[i]);
37
            }
38
            heapsort(a,n);
39
            for(i=0;i<n;i++){
40
                    printf("%d\t",a[i]);
41
            }
42 }
```

## FLOYD

```
1
    #include<stdio.h>
 2 #include<conio.h>
    #include<limits.h>
 4
    int p[20][20];
     int d[20][20];
 5
      int w[20][20];
      void print_path(int i,int j){
 8
             if(i==j)
             printf("%d",i);
9
10
              else{
11
                      if(p[i][j]==-1)
12
                      printf("No path Exists");
13
                      else{
14
                              print_path(i,p[i][j]);
                              printf("-> %d",j);
15
16
17
18
19
       void warshall(int n){
              for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
21
                      for(int j=1;j<=n;j++){
22
                              d[i][j]=w[i][j];
23
              for(int k=1;k<=n;k++){</pre>
25
                      for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
26
                              for(int j=1;j<=n;j++){</pre>
27
28
                                      if(d[i][k]==INT_MAX || d[k][j]==INT_MAX)
29
                                      continue;
                                      if(d[i][k]+d[k][j]<d[i][j])</pre>
30
31
32
                                              d[i][j]=d[i][k]+d[k][j];
33
                                              p[i][j]=p[k][j];
34
35
                              }
36
                      }
37
             }
```

```
38
     }
     void main(){
39
           int i,j,v,s,des;
char ch;
41
            printf("Enter number of vertices: ");
42
            scanf("%d",&v);
43
            printf("Enter the weight matrix");
45
            for(i=1;i<=v;i++)
46
             {
                     for(j=1;j<=v;j++)
47
48
                     {
49
                            if(i==j)
50
51
                                   w[i][j]=0;
52
                                   p[i][j]=-1;
53
                                   continue;
54
55
                            printf("Is edge (%d,%d) present in graph (y/n): ",i,j);
56
                            fflush(stdin);
57
                            scanf("%c",&ch);
58
                             if(ch=='y' || ch=='Y'){
                                   printf("Enter weight of edge (%d,%d): ",i,j);
59
                                   scanf("%d",&w[i][j]);
60
                                   p[i][j]=i;
61
                            }
63
                             else{
                                    w[i][j]=INT_MAX;
64
65
                                   p[i][j]=-1;
66
                            }
67
68
            }
             warshall(v);
69
70
            printf("Enter source and destination: ");
71
             scanf("%d %d",&s,&des);
72
            printf("Distance = %d",d[s][des]);
73
             print_path(s,des);
74
    }
```

## **KNAPSACK**

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
      #include<conio.h>
    int max(int a, int b){
 3
 4
            return(a>b)?a:b;
 6
    int knapsack(int W,int v[],int w[],int n){
 7
             if(n==0||W==0)
 8
             return 0;
 9
             if(w[n-1]>W)
10
             return knapsack(W,v,w,n-1);
11
            else
12
             return max(v[n-1]+knapsack(W-w[n-1],v,w,n-1),knapsack(W,v,w,n-1));
13 }
    void main(){
14
15
            int n,W;
             printf("Enter number of items:");
16
17
            scanf("%d",&n);
18
            int v[n],w[n];
19
            printf("Enter value and weight of items:");
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
20
                    scanf("%d %d",&v[i],&w[i]);
21
22
            printf("Enter size of knapsack:");
23
24
            scanf("%d",&W);
25
            printf("Maximum value in 0/1 knapsack :%d",knapsack(W,v,w,n));
26 }
```

## CHAIN MULTIPLICATION

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
 2
      #include<conio.h>
      #include<limits.h>
 4
     int m[20][20],s[20][20];void Print_optimal_parens(i,j){
 5
              if(i==j)
              {
                    printf("A%d",i);
 8
 9
10
              else
11
             {
12
                     printf("(");
                     Print_optimal_parens(i,s[i][j]);
13
14
                    Print_optimal_parens(s[i][j]+1,j);
15
                     printf(")");
16
17
18
19
20
    void Matrix_chain_order(int p[],int n){
21
        int q,j,i,l,k;
             for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
22
23
24
                     m[i][i]=0;
25
26
             }
             for(1=2;1<=n;1++)
27
28
             {
29
                    for(i=1;i<=n-1+1;i++)
30
```

```
31
                            j=i+1-1;
32
                            m[i][j]=INT_MAX;
33
                            for(k=i;k<=j-1;k++)
34
35
                                   q=m[i][k]+m[k+1][j]+p[i-1]*p[k]*p[j];
36
                                   if(q<m[i][j])
37
38
                                          m[i][j]=q;
39
                                          s[i][j]=k;
40
41
                                  }
42
43
                           }
44
45
                    }
46
47
48
             Print_optimal_parens(1,n);
49
50
51
      void main(){
52
           int n;
           printf("enter the matrices");
53
54
             scanf("%d",&n);
55
             int p[n];
56
             for(int i=0;i<=n;i++)</pre>
57
             {
                    scanf("%d",&p[i]);
58
59
60
61
             Matrix_chain_order(p,n);
             printf("%d",m[1][n]);
62
63
    }
```

# LARGEST SUBSEQUENCE

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
 2
   #include<conio.h>
      void lcs(char a[],char b[]){
 3
 4
             int n=strlen(a);
 5
              int m=strlen(b);
 6
             int c[n+1][m+1];
 7
             for(int j=0;j<=m;j++){
                    c[0][j]=0;
9
             for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
10
11
                    c[i][0]=0;
12
             }
             for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
13
                    for(int j=1;j<=m;j++)
14
                     {
                            if(a[i-1]==b[j-1])
16
                             c[i][j]=c[i-1][j-1]+1;
17
                             else if(c[i-1][j]>=c[i][j-1])
18
19
                             c[i][j]=c[i-1][j];
20
                             else
21
                             c[i][j]=c[i][j-1];
22
23
              printf("Length of LCS is %d\n",c[n][m]);
24
25
     void main(){
26
27
            char a[50],b[50];
28
            printf("Enter a string1: ");
29
             gets(a);
30
             printf("Enter a string2: ");
31
              gets(b);
32
              lcs(a,b);
33
```

# N QUEEN PROBLEM

```
#include<stdio.h>
    2
         #include<conio.h>
    3
         int board[20],count;
        int main(){
   4
   5
               int n,i,j;
                void queen(int row,int n);
   7
                printf("Enter number of Queens: ");
                 scanf("%d",&n);
   8
   9
                 queen(1,n);
  10
                 return 0;
  11
         }
  12
  13
        void print(int n){
               int i,j;
  14
                 for(i=1;i<=n;i++){
  15
                        for(j=1;j<=n;j++){
  17
                                 if(board[i]==j){
                                       printf("row no %d\tcolom no %d\n",i,j);
  18
  19
                         }
  21
                 }
  22
  23
          int place(int row,int column){
  24
                 int i;
  25
                 for(i=1;i<=row-1;++i){</pre>
  26
                         if(board[i]==column){
  27
                               return 0;
  28
                         else if(abs(board[i]-column)==abs(i-row)){
  29
  30
                                return 0;
31
                      }
32
              }
              return 1;
33
35
     void queen(int row, int n){
             int column;
36
37
              for(column=1;column<=n;++column){</pre>
38
                     if(place(row,column)){
39
                              board[row]=column;
40
                              if(row==n)
41
                              print(n);
42
                              else
43
                              queen(row+1,n);
44
                      }
45
             }
46
       }
```

#### **PRIMS**

```
1
     #include <stdio.h>
     int a,b,u,v,n,i,j,ne=1;
 3
     int visited[10]= { 0 },min,mincost=0,cost[10][10];
      int main(){
 4
               printf("To compute the spanning tree from the adjacency matrix");
 6
               printf("\nHow many nodes :");
 7
               scanf("%d",&n);
 8
               printf("Enter the adjacency matrix :");
               for (i=1;i<=n;i++)
10
               for (j=1;j<=n;j++){
                       scanf("%d",&cost[i][j]);
11
12
                       if(cost[i][j]==0)
13
                       cost[i][i]=999;
14
15
               printf("The entered adjacency matrix :\n");
16
17
               for(i=1;i<=n;i++){
                       for(j=1;j<=n;j++){
18
19
                               if(cost[i][j]==999)
20
                               printf("%-3d",0);
21
                               else
22
                               printf("%-3d",cost[i][j]);
23
                       printf("\n");
24
25
               }
26
               visited[1]=1;
27
               printf("The nodes to be connected in spanning tree are : ");
28
               while(ne<n){
                       for (i=1,min=999;i<=n;i++)
29
30
                       for (j=1;j<=n;j++)
                       if(cost[i][j]<min)</pre>
31
                       if(visited[i]!=0)
32
33
                               min=cost[i][j];
35
                               a=u=i;
36
                               b=v=j;
37
38
39
                       if(visited[u]==0 || visited[v]==0)
40
                       {
41
                               printf("(%d,%d);",a,b);
42
                               ne++;
43
                               mincost+=min;
                               visited[b]=1;
44
45
46
47
                       cost[a][b]=cost[b][a]=999;
48
49
50
               printf("\nThe cost of Minimum Spanning Tree is :%d",mincost);
51
               return 0;
52
       }
```

## KRUSKAL

```
#include<conio.h>
 1
 2
     int parent[100];
 3
     int find(int i)
 5
              while(parent[i]!=i)
 6
              i=parent[i];
 7
              return i;
 8
       }
9
     void unio(int i,int j){
10
            int x,y;
11
             x=find(i);
12
              y=find(j);
13
              parent[x]=y;
14
     }
15
     void kruskal(int a[][100],int n){
16
             int k,co=0,min,r,b,l,res[100][2];
17
              for(k=0;k<n;k++)
18
              parent[k]=k;
19
              printf("The minimum spanning tree has the following edges:\n");
20
              while(co<n-1){
21
                      min=10000000;
22
                      r=-1;
23
                     b=-1;
24
                      for(k=n-1;k>-1;k--){
25
                             for(l=n-1;1>-1;1--){
26
                                     if(find(k)!=find(1) \&\& a[k][1] < min \&\& a[k][1]!=0){
27
                                             min=a[k][1];
28
                                             r=k;
29
                                             b=1;
30
                                     }
31
                              }
33
                      unio(r,b);
34
                      res[co][0]=r+1;
35
                      res[co][1]=b+1;
```

```
36
                  co++;
        co++;
}
for(k=n-2;k>-1;k--)
37
39
           printf("%d-%d\n",res[k][0],res[k][1]);
40
41
    void main(){
42
            char c;
43
           int n,i,j,a[100][100],1[1000];
44
           printf("Input as adjacency matrix or adjacency list?(A/E)");
45
            scanf("%c",&c);
46
           printf("no of nodes :");
47
            scanf("%d",&n);
           printf("Input as adjacency matrix:\n");
48
49
            for(i=0;i<n;i++){
50
                  printf("Row %d:",i+1);
                   for(j=0;j<n;j++){
51
52
                         scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
53
                   }
54
            }
        kruskal(a,n);
55
56 }
```

## **KNAPSACK**

```
#include<stdio.h>
void knapsack(int n,float weight[], float profit[],float capacity){
        float x[20],tp=0;
        int i,j,u;
        u=capacity;
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++){}
                 x[i]=0.0;
        }
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++){}
                 if(weight[i]>u)
                 break;
                 else{
                         x[i]=1.0;
                         tp=tp+profit[i];
                         u=u-weight[i];
                 }
        }
        if(i \le n)
                 x[i]=u/weight[i];
        }
        tp=tp+(x[i]*profit[i]);
        printf("The result vector is:- \n");
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
        printf("%.2f\t",x[i]);
        printf("\nMaximum profit is:- %.2f",tp);
}
int main(){
        float weight[20],profit[20],capacity;
        int num,i,j;
        float ratio[20],temp;
        printf("Enter the no. of objects:- ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &num);
printf("Enter the Weight, Value(Profit) of each object:- \n");
for(i=1;i \le num;i++){
        printf("item %d:",i);
        scanf("%f%f",&weight[i],&profit[i]);
}
printf("Enter the capacity of knapsack:- ");
scanf("%f",&capacity);
for(i=1;i \le num;i++){
        ratio[i]=profit[i]/weight[i];
}
for(i=1;i \le num;i++){}
        for(j=i+1;j \le num;j++){
                 if(ratio[i]<ratio[j]){</pre>
                         temp=ratio[j];
                         ratio[j]=ratio[i];
                         ratio[i]=temp;
                         temp=weight[j];
                         weight[j]=weight[i];
                         weight[i]=temp;
                         temp=profit[j];
                         profit[j]=profit[i];
                         profit[i]=temp;
                 }
        }
}
knapsack(num, weight, profit, capacity);
return (0);
```

}