

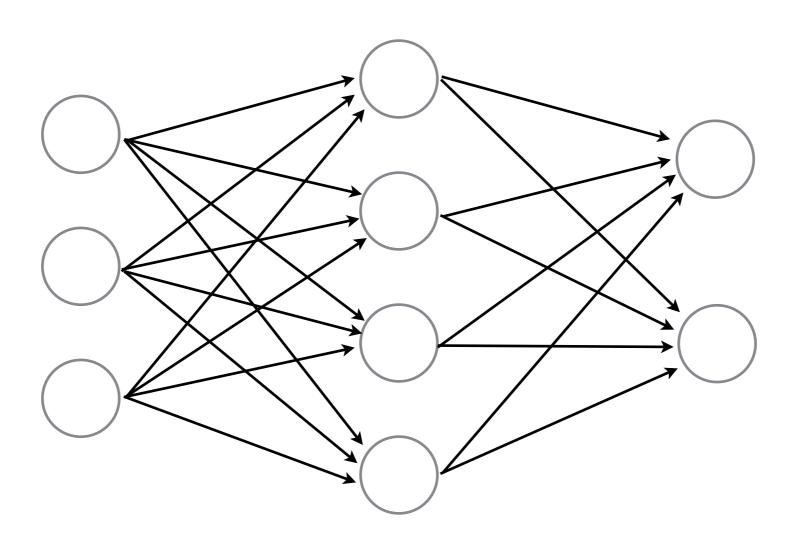
### Neural Networks

16-385 Computer Vision (Kris Kitani)

**Carnegie Mellon University** 

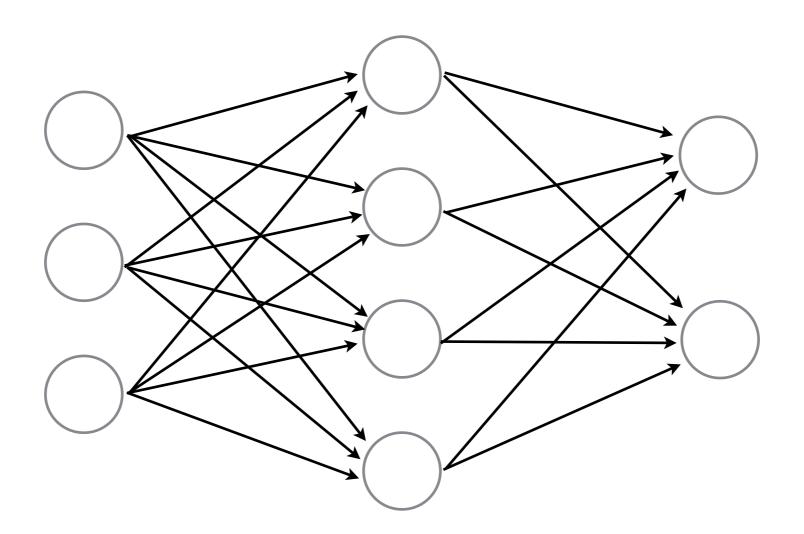
# Neural Network

a collection of connected perceptrons



#### Neural Network

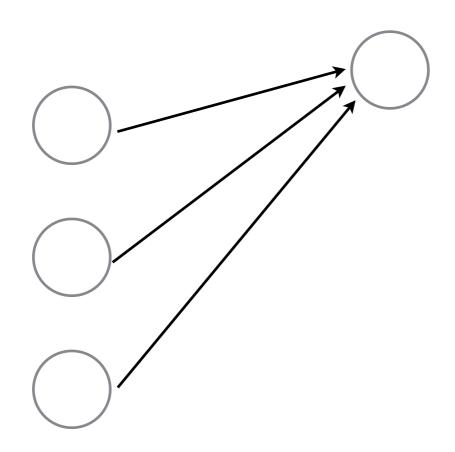
a collection of connected perceptrons



How many perceptrons in this neural network?

# Neural Network

a collection of connected perceptrons

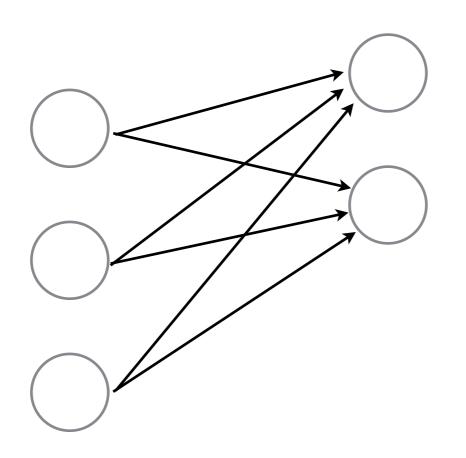


'one perceptron'



# Neural Network

a collection of connected perceptrons

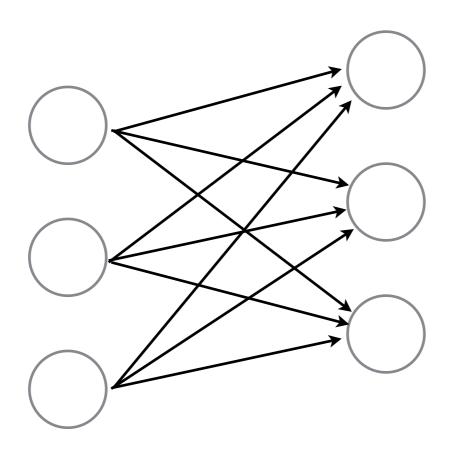


'two perceptrons'



### Neural Network

a collection of connected perceptrons

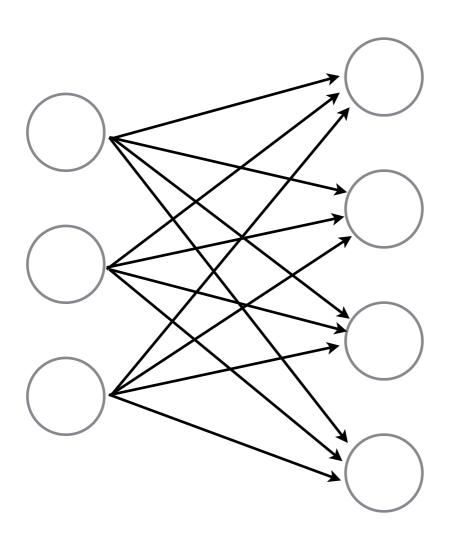


'three perceptrons'



# Neural Network

a collection of connected perceptrons

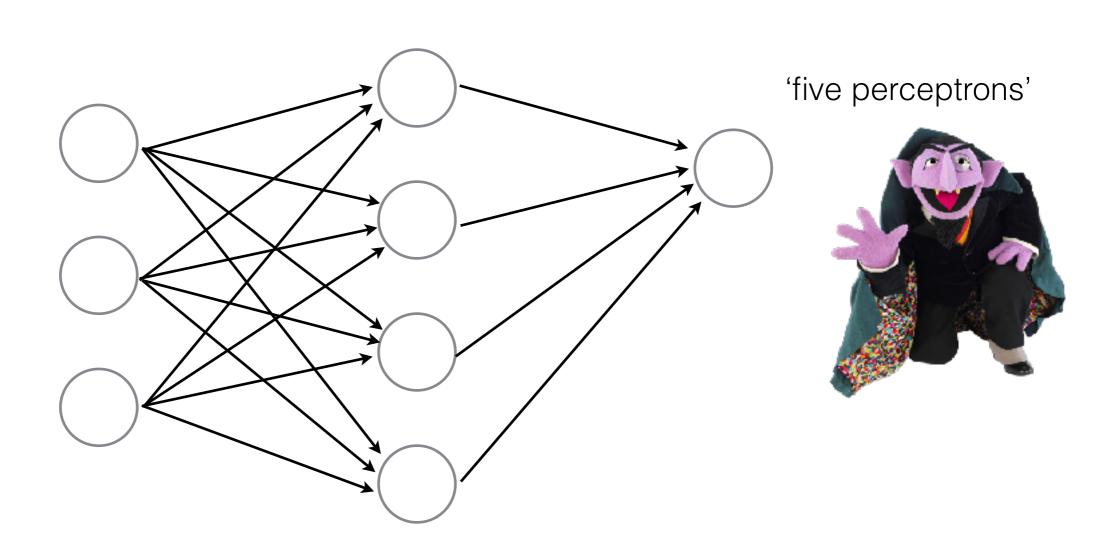


'four perceptrons'



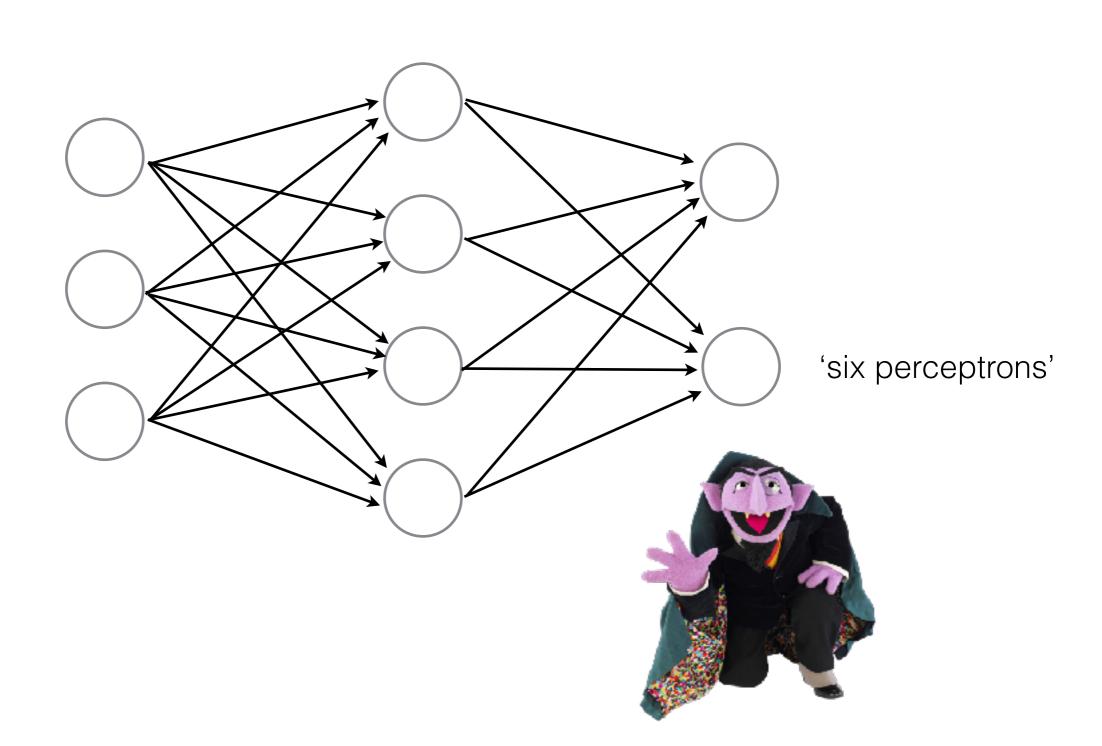
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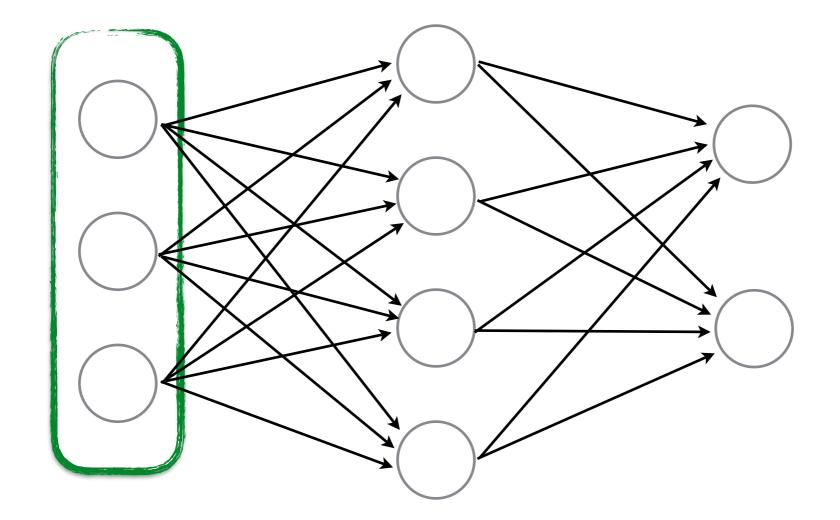
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a collection of connected perceptrons



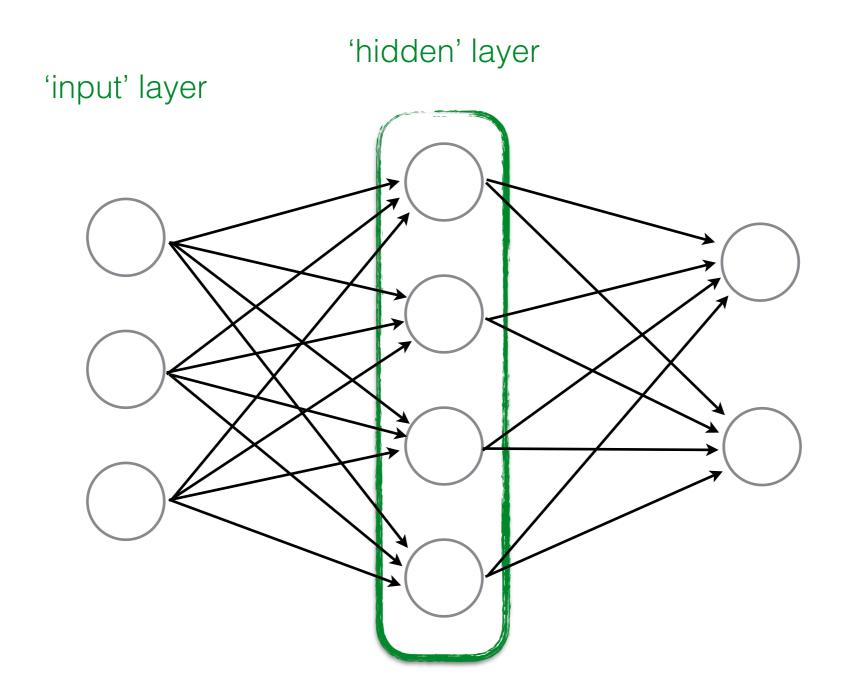
#### Some terminology...

'input' layer



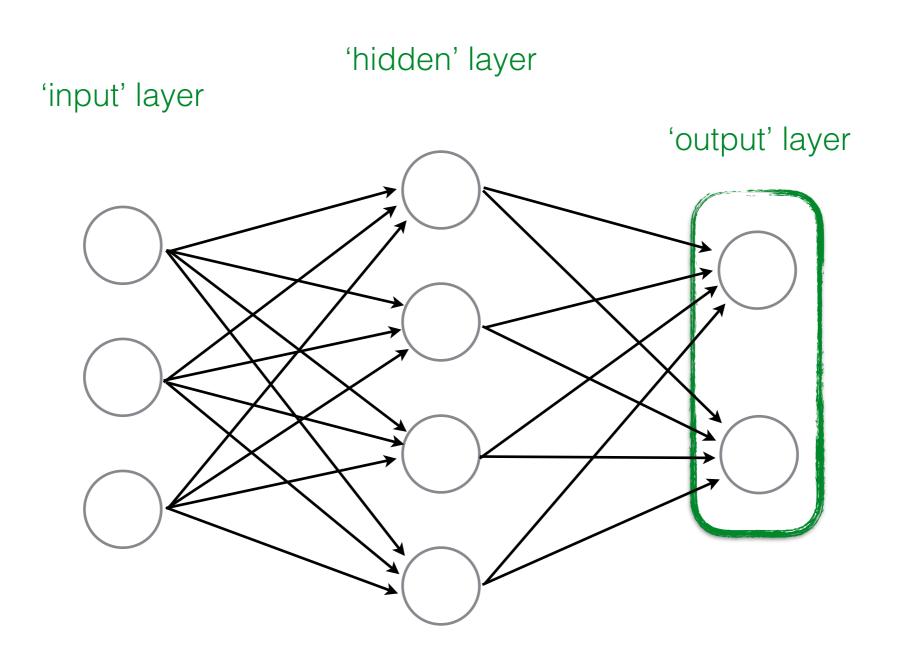
...also called a **Multi-layer Perceptron** (MLP)

#### Some terminology...

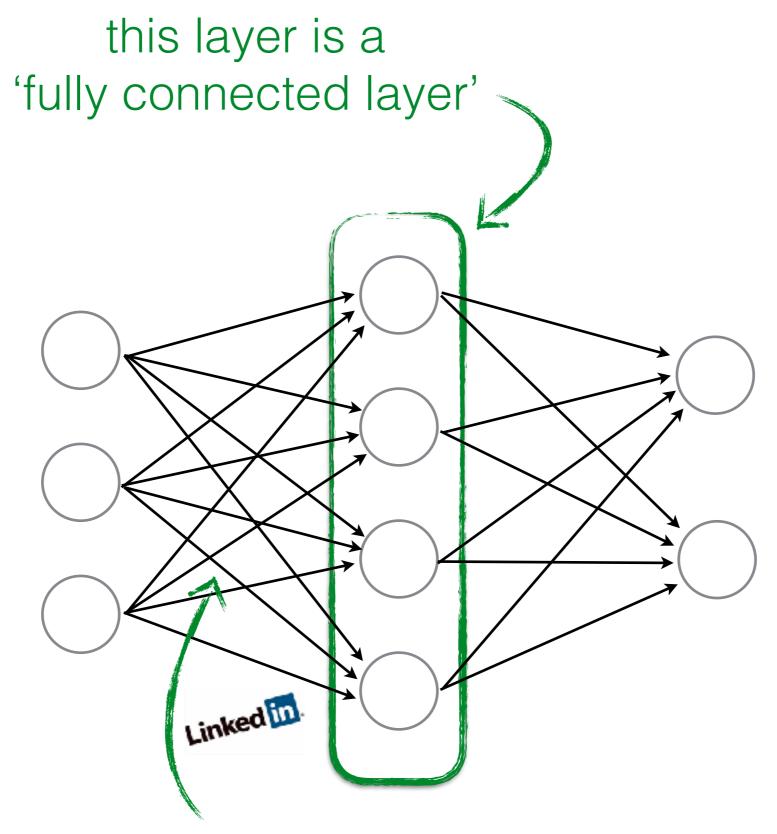


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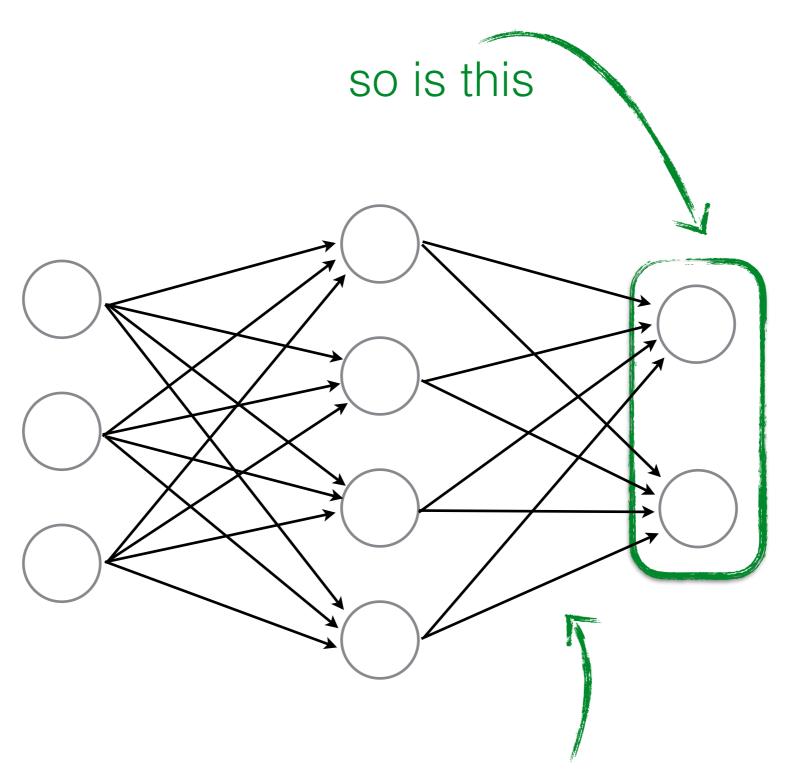
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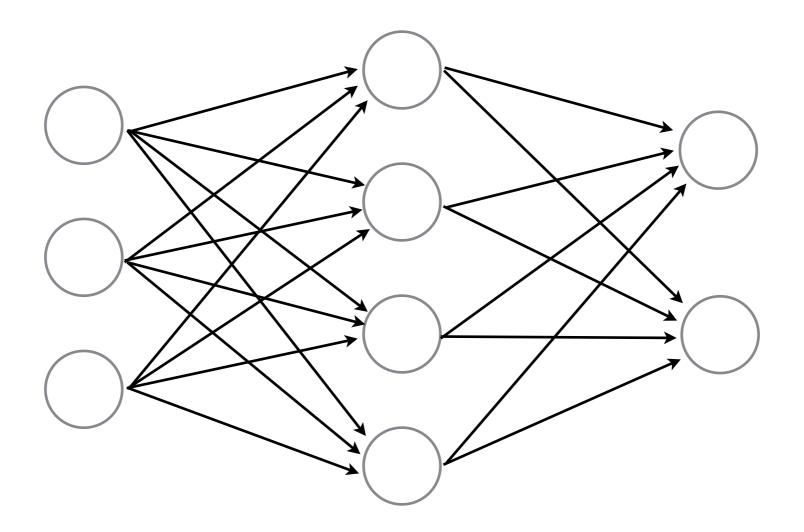
all pairwise neurons between layers are connected



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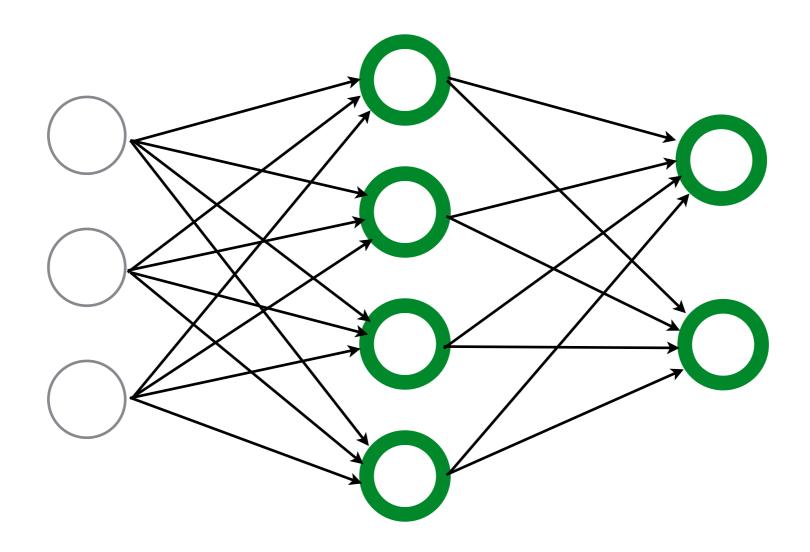
#### How many neurons (perceptrons)?

How many weights (edges)?



How many learnable parameters total?

How many weights (edges)?



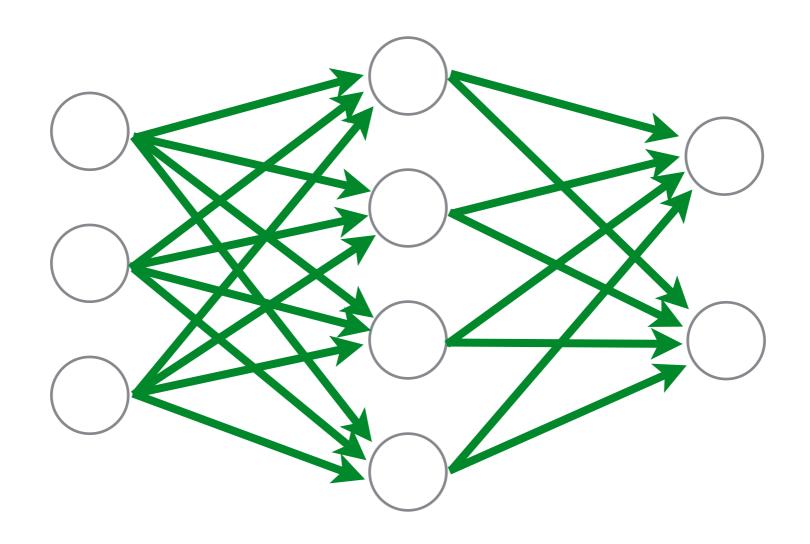
How many learnable parameters total?

How many neurons (perceptrons)?

$$4 + 2 = 6$$

How many weights (edges)?

$$(3 \times 4) + (4 \times 2) = 20$$



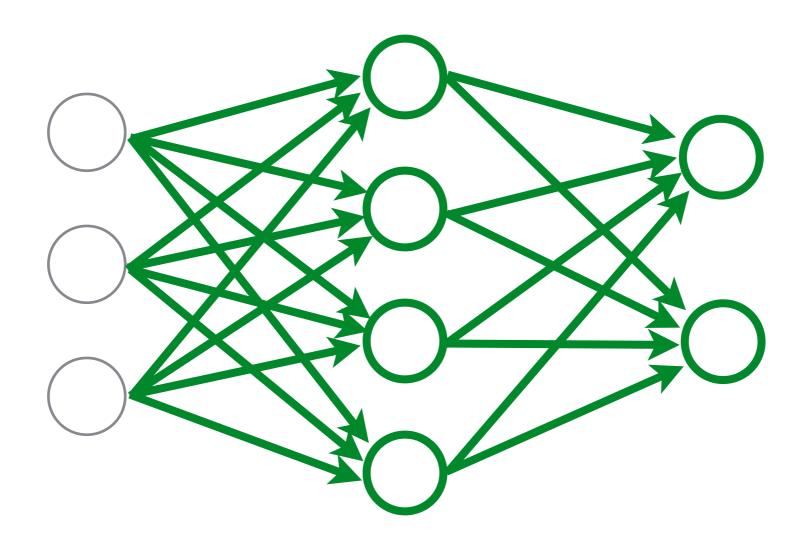
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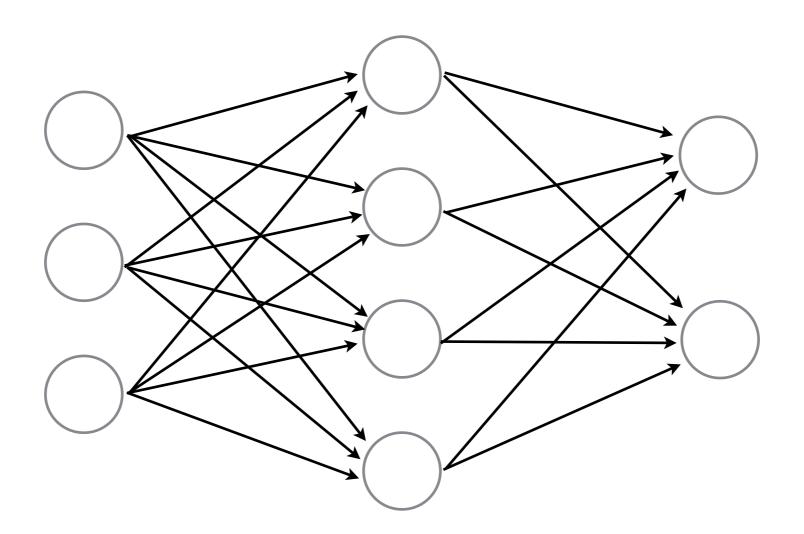
$$(3 \times 4) + (4 \times 2) = 20$$



How many learnable parameters total?

20 + 4 + 2 = 26

performance usually tops out at 2-3 layers, deeper networks don't really improve performance...



...with the exception of convolutional networks for images