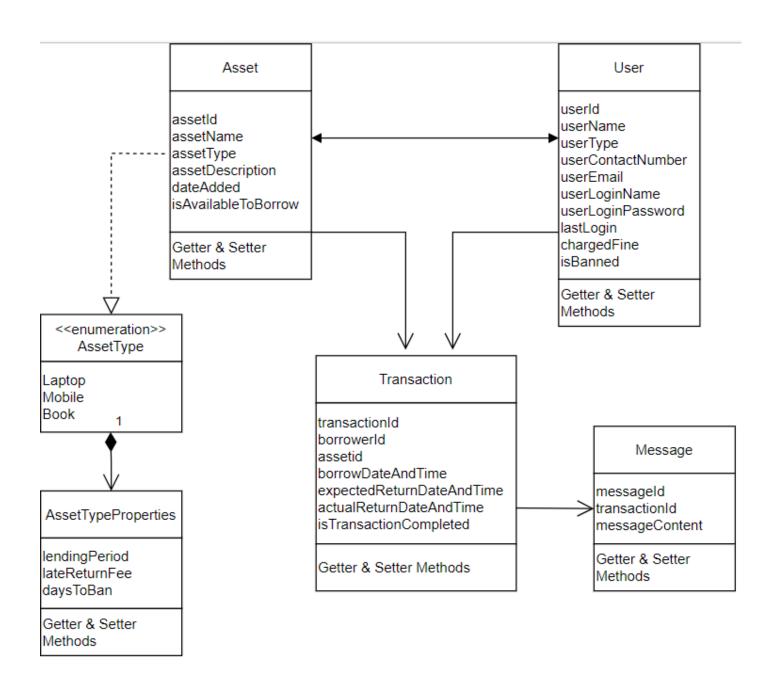
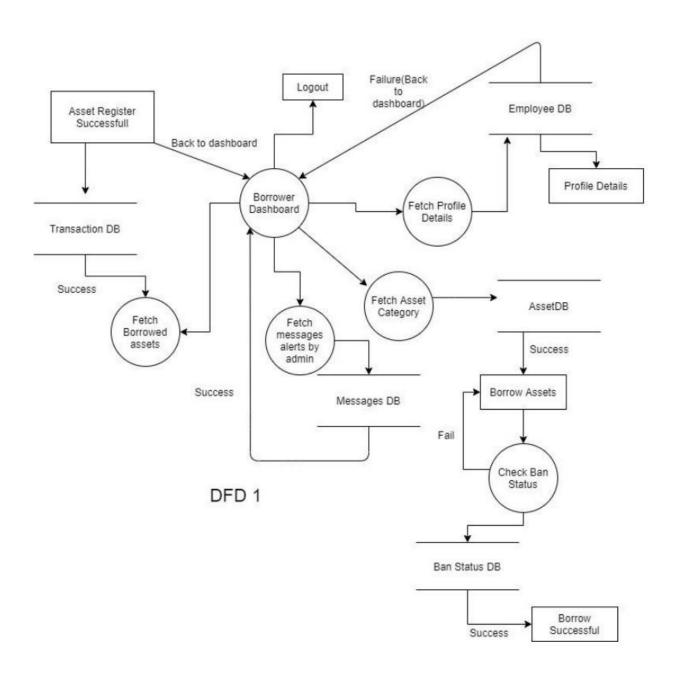
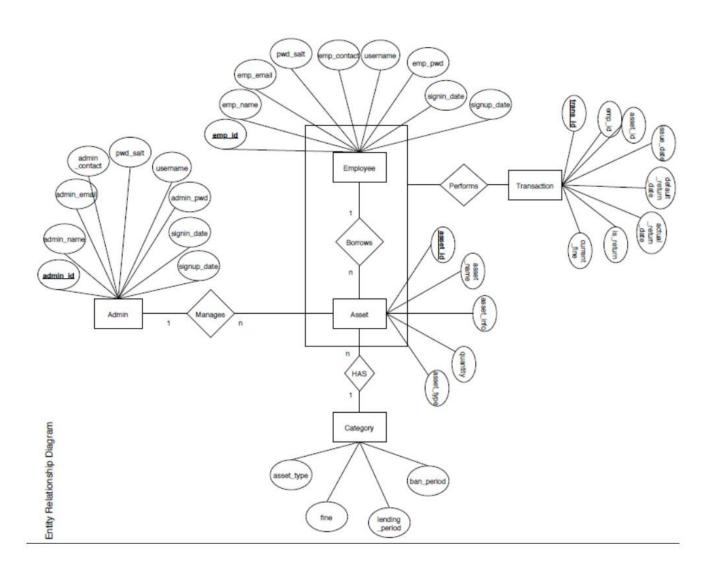
## Class/UML Diagram:



# **Data Flow Diagram:**



# **Entity Relationship Diagram:**



#### DB DESIGN:

This schema represents a database for managing electronic assets (e-assets) and their transactions. Here's an overview of the schema, including table details and relationships:

#### 1. eassets Schema:

- This is the schema where all the tables for managing electronic assets are created.

#### 2. assettypes Table:

- Contains information about different types of electronic assets.
- Columns:
- `assetTypeId` (Primary Key): Unique identifier for asset types.
- `name`: Name of the asset type.
- `lendingPeriod`: The period for which an asset can be lent.
- `lateFee`: The late fee associated with returning an asset late.
- `daysToBan`: The number of days it takes for a user to be banned for late returns.

#### 3. roles Table:

- Stores information about user roles.
- Columns:
- `roleID` (Primary Key): Unique identifier for roles.
- `roleName`: Name of the role.

## 4. users Table:

- Contains user details.
- Columns:
- `userId` (Primary Key): Unique identifier for users.
- `name`: User's name.
- `contactNumber`: User's contact number.
- `emailId`: User's email address.
- `loginName`: User's login name.
- `loginPassword`: User's login password (Note: Passwords should be securely hashed in practice).
- `chargedFine`: Amount of charged fine.
- `isBanned`: Indicates if the user is banned.
- `roleId` (Foreign Key): References the `roles` table to determine the user's role.

#### 5. assets Table:

- Contains information about electronic assets.
- Columns:
- `assedId` (Primary Key): Unique identifier for assets.
- `assetName`: Name of the asset.
- `description`: Description of the asset.

- `isAvailable`: Indicates if the asset is available for lending.
- `systemAddedDate`: Date and time when the asset was added to the system.
- `assetTypeId` (Foreign Key): References the `assettypes` table to determine the asset's type.

#### 6. transactions Table:

- Stores transaction details related to asset lending.
- Columns:
- 'id' (Primary Key): Unique identifier for transactions.
- `assetId` (Foreign Key): References the `assets` table to identify the borrowed asset.
- `borrowDate`: Date and time when the asset was borrowed.
- `expReturnDate`: Expected return date.
- `actualReturnDate`: Actual return date.
- `isTransactionCompleted`: Indicates if the transaction is completed.
- `userId` (Foreign Key): References the `users` table to identify the user involved in the transaction.

#### 7. messages Table:

- Stores messages related to transactions.
- Columns:
- 'Id' (Primary Key): Unique identifier for messages.
- `messageContent`: Content of the message.

# 8. transactionmessages Table:

- Represents a many-to-many relationship between transactions and messages.
- Columns:
- `Id` (Primary Key): Unique identifier for transaction messages.
- `transactionId` (Foreign Key): References the `transactions` table.
- 'messageld' (Foreign Key): References the 'messages' table.