GPRMax Data

Generating Input files and their respective B-scans

Different types of commands in GPRMax:

Essential commands: Required to run any model, such as time window, domain size and spatial discretization.

General Commands: Provide further control over the model. (directories, python script, threads)

Material Commands: Used to introduce different materials into the model. (material, soil peplinski, dispersion)

Object Construction Commands: Used to build geometric shapes with different constitutive parameters. (geometry view, cylinder, fractal box, surface roughness)

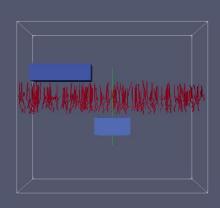
Source and Output Commands: Used to place source and output points in the model. (waveform, voltage source, src steps)

Input File

Visualization:

Mine, transmitter and grass can be seen, else is hidden.

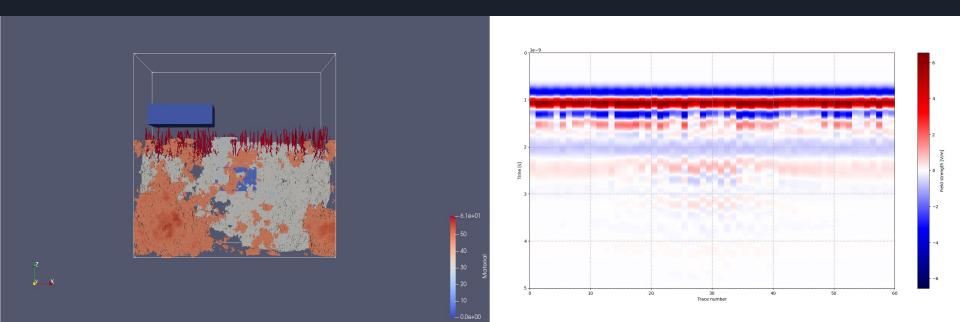
Generated using paraview software.



```
#title: mine1
#domain: 0.5 0.25 0.45
#dx dy dz: 0.002 0.002 0.002
#time window: 5e-9
#pvthon:
from user libs. antennas. GSSI import antenna like GSSI 1500
antenna like GSSI 1500(0.1 + current model run * 0.005, 0.126,0.30, 0.002)
#end python:
#soil peplinski: 0.308 0.692 2.038 2.8 0.0529 0.094 my soil
#fractal box: 0 0 0 0.5 0.25 0.25 1.5 1 1 1 50 my soil my soil box
#add surface roughness: 0 0 0.25 0.5 0.25 0.25 1.5 1 1 0.235 0.267
my soil box
#add grass: 0 0 0.25 0.5 0.25 0.25 1.5 0.254 0.298 200 my soil box
#material: 3.5 0.01 1.0 0 bakelite
#material: 6.0 0.01 1.0 0 rubber
#material: 2.86 0.00048 1.0 9.75 TNT
#material: 2.4 0 1 0 plastic
#cylinder: 0.25 0.126 0.20 0.25 0.126 0.197 0.056 rubber
#cylinder: 0.25 0.126 0.197 0.25 0.126 0.144 0.056 bakelite
#cylinder: 0.25 0.126 0.197 0.25 0.126 0.147 0.053 TNT
#cylinder: 0.25 0.126 0.197 0.25 0.126 0.147 0.002 pec
#geometry view: 0 0 0 0.5 0.25 0.45 0.002 0.002 0.002 geometry n
```

B-scan

- Visualization of the input file and its respective Bscan plot.
- 60 trace generates low resolution B-scan.



Changing number of objects and analyzing the effects on its B-scan:

Multiple mines/objects case:

Domain Size (1.0, 0.25, 0.45)

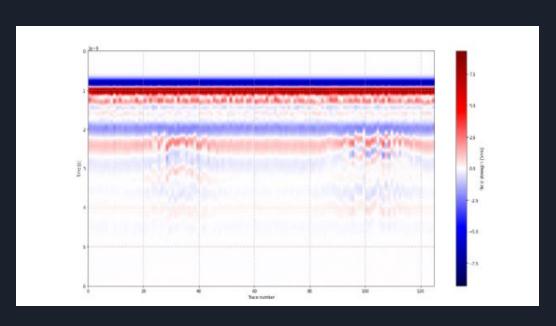
Positions:

Object1: (0.3, 0.125, 0.15)

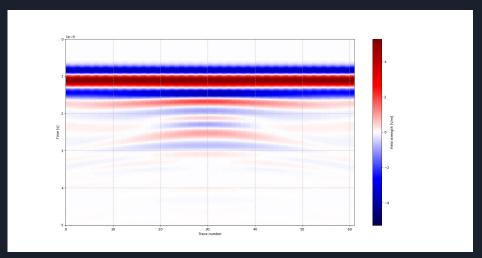
Object2: (0.67, 0.12, 0.13)

120 traces generates better resolution B-scan

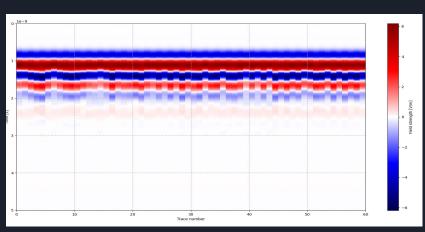
Input File



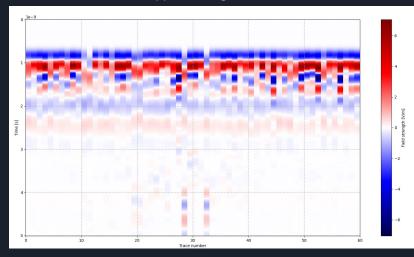
Different B-scans are generated with different input commands like no mine, mine in soil and mine in free space. We can see how point objects like mine can generate a hyperbola in B-scan and how no soil B-scan looks smooth as there are no soil particles to scatter the radio waves.



Mine (no soil/free space)



No mine (No hyperbola generated)



Mine (hyperbola generated)

Changing domain discretization and analyzing the effects on its B-scan:

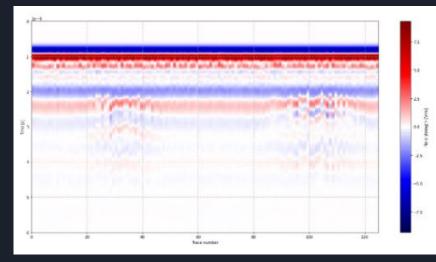
Domain discretization (1mm)

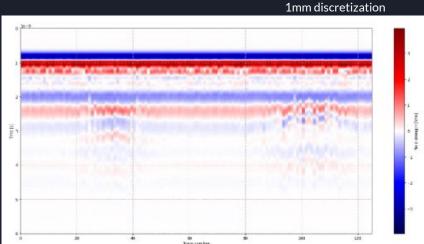
#dx_dy_dz: 0.001 0.001 0.001

Changing the domain discretization to (2mm)

#dx_dy_dz: 0.002 0.002 0.002

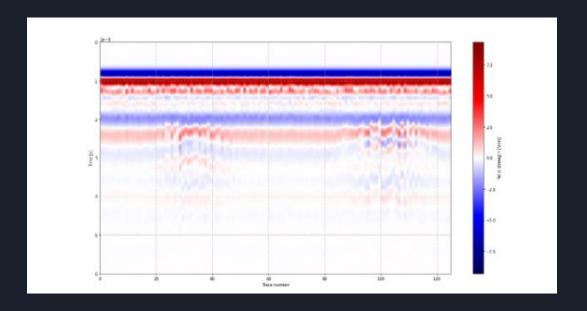
This change has very less effect on the resolution of the scan, so we have considered 2 mm as it needs less computational power.





2mm discretization

Multiple Mines



Two hyperbolas were created when encountered with two mines at different locations.

Different commands

For input file named data 1.txt in the destination folder user_models

Ascan generation: python -m gprMax user_models/data1.txt

python -m gprMax user_models/data1.txt -n 100

(For 100 number of A scan generations)

Bscan generation: python -m tools.outputfiles_merge user_models/data1.out

(To merge A scan files generated)

python -m tools.plot_Bscan user_models/data1_merged.out Ey

(Plotting B Scan)

Input for training the model

We generated 15 input files for no mine and 25 input files with mine case by changing the values of soil composition, mine position, grass height and surface roughness.

Further we can use python scripts to generate more input files, run commands and generate further B-scan data for training purpose.

THANK YOU!