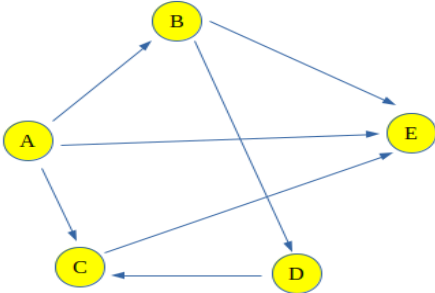


GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Each student has to implement 5 assignment individually from set A to set E assigned by faculty members
2. Each student has to complete mini project in group of max 4 members based in CIA.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

	Sr. No.	Assignment	CO
A	1.	Implement a problem of number of zeroes. Statement: Given an array of 1s and 0s which has all 1s first followed by all 0s? Find the number of 0s. Count the number of zeroes in the given array. Input: arr[] = {1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0} Output: 2 Input: arr[] = {1, 0, 0, 0, 0} Output: 4	CO1
	2.	Implement a problem of move all zeroes to end of array. Statement: Given an array of random numbers, Push all the zero's of a given array to the end of the array. For example, if the given arrays is {1, 9, 8, 4, 0, 0, 2, 7, 0, 6, 0}, it should be changed to {1, 9, 8, 4, 2, 7, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0}. The order of all other elements should be same. Input : arr[] = {1, 2, 0, 4, 3, 0, 5, 0}; Output : arr[] = {1, 2, 4, 3, 5, 0, 0, 0};	CO1
	3.	Implement a problem of smallest number with at least n trailing zeroes in factorial. Statement: Given a number n. The task is to find the smallest number whose factorial contains at least n trailing zeroes. Input : n = 1 Output : 5 Input : n = 6 Output : 25	CO1
B	1.	Implement a problem of activity selection problem with K persons. Statement: Given two arrays S[] and E[] of size N denoting starting and closing time of the shops and an integer value K denoting the number of people, the task is to find out the maximum number of shops they can visit in total if they visit each shop optimally based on the following conditions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A shop can be visited by only one person • A person cannot visit another shop if its timing collide with it Input: S[] = {1, 8, 3, 2, 6}, E[] = {5, 10, 6, 5, 9}, K = 2 Output: 4 Input: S[] = {1, 2, 3}, E[] = {3, 4, 5}, K = 2 Output: 3	CO2
	2.	Implement a problem of maximize Profit by trading stocks based on given rate per day. Statement: Given an array arr[] of N positive integers which denotes the cost of selling and buying a stock on each of the N days. The task is to find the maximum profit that can be earned by buying a stock on or selling all previously bought stocks on a particular day. Input: arr[] = {2, 3, 5} Output: 5 Input: arr[] = {8, 5, 1} Output: 0	CO2
	3.	Implement a problem of minimum work to be done per day to	CO2

		finish given tasks within D days problem. Statement: Given an array task[] of size N denoting amount of work to be done for each task, the problem is to find the minimum amount of work to be done on each day so that all the tasks can be completed in at most D days. Note: On one day work can be done for only one task. Input: task[] = [3, 4, 7, 15], D = 10 Output: 4 Input: task[] = [30, 20, 22, 4, 21], D = 6 Output: 22	
C	1.	Implement Coin Change problem. Statement Given an integer array of coins[] of size N representing different types of currency and an integer sum, The task is to find the number of ways to make sum by using different combinations from coins[]. Note: Assume that you have an infinite supply of each type of coin. Input: sum = 4, coins[] = {1,2,3}, Output: 4 Input: sum = 10, coins[] = {2, 5, 3, 6} Output: 5	CO3
	2.	Implement Subset Sum Problem. Statement Given a set of non-negative integers and a value sum, the task is to check if there is a subset of the given set whose sum is equal to the given sum. Input: set[] = {3, 34, 4, 12, 5, 2}, sum = 9 Output: True Input: set[] = {3, 34, 4, 12, 5, 2}, sum = 30 Output: False	CO3
	3.	Implement Check if it is possible to transform one string to another. Statement Given two strings s1 and s2 (all letters in uppercase). Check if it is possible to convert s1 to s2 by performing following operations. 1. Make some lowercase letters uppercase. 2. Delete all the lowercase letters. Input: s1 = daBcd s2 = ABC Output: yes Input: s1 = argaju s2 = RAJ Output: yes	CO3
D	1.	Implement program to find all distinct subsets of a given set using Bit Masking Approach. Statement Given an array of integers arr[], The task is to find all its subsets. The subset cannot contain duplicate elements, so any repeated subset should be considered only once in the output. Input: S = {1, 2, 2} Output: {}, {1}, {2}, {1, 2}, {2, 2}, {1, 2, 2} Input: S = {1, 2} Output: {}, {1}, {2}, {1, 2}	CO4
	2.	Implement program Count all possible Paths between two Vertices. Statement Count the total number of ways or paths that exist between two vertices in a directed graph. These paths don't contain a cycle, the simple enough reason is that a cycle contains an infinite number of paths and hence they create a problem. 	CO4

		Input: Count paths between A and E Output: Total paths between A and E are 4 Input: Count paths between A and C Output: Total paths between A and C are 2	
	3.	Implement program to print all subsets of a given Set or Array Statement Given a set of positive integers, find all its subsets. Input: array = {1, 2, 3} Output: // this space denotes null element. 1 1 2 1 2 3 1 3 2 2 3 3 Input: 1 2 Output: 1 2 1 2	CO4
E		Mini Project:- Implement CIA assignment assigned in group as a CO301 (DAA theory subject) and store in source code in git repository.	CO5

Books:

Text Books(T):

- T1. Horowitz and Sahani, "Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms", University Press.
T2. Gills Brassard and Paul Bartly, "Fundamentals of Algorithmic", PHI, New Delhi.

Reference Books(R):

- R1. Fayeze Gebali, "Algorithms and Parallel Computing", Willy Publication.
R2. Thomas H. Cormen and Charles R. L. Leiserson, "Introduction to Algorithm", PHI Publications.

e-Resources(E):

- E1: Robert Sedgewick and Kevin Wayne, "algorithms" Princeton University.
<https://bank.engzenon.com/tmp/5e7f6ee5-d4dc-4aa8-9b0a-42d3c0feb99b/6062caf3-c600-4fc2-b413-4ab8c0feb99b/Algorithms-4th-Edition.pdf>.
E2: Jeff Erickson, "algorithms", a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License
<https://jeffe.cs.illinois.edu/teaching/algorithms/book/Algorithms-JeffE.pdf>.
E3: <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/>
E4: <https://github.com/>
E5: <https://www.codechef.com/>