

JAVA-OOPS  
ISHWARI RAJMOHAN  
230701118  
CSE B

WEEK 4

# CS23333-Object Oriented Programming Using Java-2023

Quiz navigation



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Finish review

Status	Finished
Started	Sunday, 22 September 2024, 10:02 PM
Completed	Sunday, 22 September 2024, 10:43 PM
Duration	41 mins 35 secs

Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Flag question

Create a class Student with two private attributes, name and roll number. Create three objects by invoking different constructors available in the class Student.

Student()

Student(String name)

Student(String name, int rollno)

Input:

No input

Output:

No-arg constructor is invoked

1 arg constructor is invoked

2 arg constructor is invoked

Name =null , Roll no = 0

Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0

Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101

For example:

Test	Result
1	No-arg constructor is invoked 1 arg constructor is invoked 2 arg constructor is invoked Name =null , Roll no = 0 Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0 Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 public class Student {  
2     private String name;  
3     private int rollNo;  
4     public Student() {  
5         this.name = null;  
6         this.rollNo = 0;  
7         System.out.println("No-arg constructor is invoked");  
8     }  
9     public Student(String name) {  
10        this.name = name;  
11        this.rollNo = 0;  
12        System.out.println("1 arg constructor is invoked");  
13    }  
14    public Student(String name, int rollNo) {  
15        this.name = name;  
16        this.rollNo = rollNo;  
17        System.out.println("2 arg constructor is invoked");  
18    }  
19    public void displayInfo() {  
20        System.out.println("Name =" + name + " , Roll no = " + rollNo);  
21    }  
22    public static void main(String[] args) {  
23        Student student1 = new Student();  
24        Student student2 = new Student("Rajalakshmi");  
25        Student student3 = new Student("Lakshmi", 101);  
26        student1.displayInfo();  
27        student2.displayInfo();  
28        student3.displayInfo();  
29    }  
30 }
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	1	No-arg constructor is invoked 1 arg constructor is invoked 2 arg constructor is invoked Name =null , Roll no = 0 Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0 Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101	No-arg constructor is invoked 1 arg constructor is invoked 2 arg constructor is invoked Name =null , Roll no = 0 Name =Rajalakshmi , Roll no = 0 Name =Lakshmi , Roll no = 101	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

## Question 2

Correct

Marked out of  
5.00

Flag question

Create a class called "Circle" with a radius attribute. You can access and modify this attribute using getter and setter methods. Calculate the area and circumference of the circle.

Area of Circle =  $\pi r^2$

Circumference =  $2\pi r$

Input:

2

Output:

Area = 12.57

Circumference = 12.57

For example:

Test	Input	Result
1	4	Area = 50.27 Circumference = 25.13

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.Scanner;
3 class Circle
4 {
5     private double radius;
6     public Circle(double radius){
7         // set the instance variable radius
8         this.radius=radius;
9     }
10
11     public void setRadius(double radius){
12         // set the radius
13         this.radius=radius;
14     }
15
16     public double getRadius() {
17         // return the radius
18         return radius;
19     }
20
21     public double calculateArea() { // complete the below statement
22         return Math.PI*radius*radius;
23     }
24
25     public double calculateCircumference() {
26         // complete the statement
27         return 2*Math.PI*radius;
28     }
29 }
```

```

30 + class prog{
31 +     public static void main(String[] args) {
32         int r;
33         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
34         r=sc.nextInt();
35         Circle c= new Circle(r);
36         System.out.println("Area = "+String.format("%.2f", c.calculateArea()));
37         System.out.println("Circumference = "+String.format("%.2f",c.calculateCircumference()));
38         // invoke the calculatecircumference method
39
40
41     }
42 }

```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	1	4	Area = 50.27 Circumference = 25.13	Area = 50.27 Circumference = 25.13	✓
✓	2	6	Area = 113.10 Circumference = 37.70	Area = 113.10 Circumference = 37.70	✓
✓	3	2	Area = 12.57 Circumference = 12.57	Area = 12.57 Circumference = 12.57	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

## Question 3

Correct

Marked out of  
5.00

Flag question

Create a Class Mobile with the attributes listed below,

```
private String manufacturer;  
private String operating_system;  
public String color;  
private int cost;
```

Define a Parameterized constructor to initialize the above instance variables.

Define getter and setter methods for the attributes above.

for example : setter method for manufacturer is

```
void setManufacturer(String manufacturer){  
this.manufacturer= manufacturer;  
}
```

```
String getManufacturer(){  
return manufacturer;
```

Display the object details by overriding the toString() method.

For example:

Test	Result
1	manufacturer = Redmi operating_system = Andriod color = Blue cost = 34000

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 public class Mobile {  
2     private String manufacturer;  
3     private String operating_system;  
4     public String color;  
5     private int cost;  
6     public Mobile(String manufacturer, String operating_system, String color, int cost) {  
7         this.manufacturer = manufacturer;  
8         this.operating_system = operating_system;  
9         this.color = color;  
10        this.cost = cost;  
11    }  
12    public void setManufacturer(String manufacturer) {  
13        this.manufacturer = manufacturer;  
14    }  
15  
16    public String getManufacturer() {  
17        return manufacturer;  
18    }  
19    public void setOperatingSystem(String operating_system) {  
20        this.operating_system = operating_system;  
21    }  
22  
23    public String getOperatingSystem() {
```

```

23 public String getOperatingSystem() {
24     return operating_system;
25 }
26 public void setColor(String color) {
27     this.color = color;
28 }
29 public String getColor() {
30     return color;
31 }
32 public void setCost(int cost) {
33     this.cost = cost;
34 }
35
36 public int getCost() {
37     return cost;
38 }
39 @Override
40 public String toString() {
41     return "manufacturer = " + manufacturer + '\n' + "operating_system = " + operating_system + '\n' + "color = " + color + '\n' + "cost = " + cost;
42 }
43
44 // Main method for testing
45 public static void main(String[] args) {
46     Mobile mobile = new Mobile("Redmi", "Andriod", "Blue", 34000);
47     System.out.println(mobile);
48 }
49 }

```

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	1	manufacturer = Redmi operating_system = Andriod color = Blue cost = 34000	manufacturer = Redmi operating_system = Andriod color = Blue cost = 34000	✓

Passed all tests! ✓