

1. How many subspaces does \mathbb{R}^2 have?

[0, lines through origin, \mathbb{R}^2]

In 4 option, 0, $0 \times \mathbb{R}$, $\mathbb{R} \times 0$, \mathbb{R}^2 is correct.
through origin

option infinitely many is wrong. [finitely many means correct]
~~or~~ [infinitely many lines passing through origin is correct]

2. Dimension of W

$$W = \{ (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{10}) \in \mathbb{R}^{10} : x_n = x_{n-1} + x_{n-2} \text{ for } 3 \leq n \leq 10 \}$$

$$x_3 = x_2 + x_1 ; x_4 = x_3 + x_2 = x_2 + x_1 + x_2 = 2x_2 + x_1 \text{ and soon}$$

$$\therefore \text{Basis} = \{ (x_1, x_2, x_1 + x_2, \dots) \}$$

$$\therefore \dim(W) = 2$$

3. (a) $T(x) = x^2$

$$T(cx + y) = (cx + y)^2 = c^2 x^2 + y^2 + 2cxy \quad (1)$$

$$cT(x) + T(y) = cx^2 + y^2 \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \neq (2)$$

$$(b) \quad T(a_1, a_2) = (a_1 - 2a_2, a_1 - 3, 2a_1 - 5a_2)$$

$$x = (a_1, a_2) \quad y = (b_1, b_2)$$

$$cx + y = (ca_1 + b_1, ca_2 + b_2)$$

$$T(cx + y) = ((ca_1 + b_1) - 2(ca_2 + b_2), \overset{ca_1 + b_1}{ca_1} - 3, 2(ca_1 + b_1) - 5(ca_2 + b_2))$$

$$= (c(a_1 - 2a_2) + b_1 - 2b_2, ca_1 - 3, c(2a_1 - 5a_2) + 2b_1 - 5b_2)$$

$$= c[a_1 - 2a_2, a_1, 2a_1 - 5a_2]$$

$$+ (b_1 - 2b_2, b_1 - 3, 2b_1 - 5b_2)$$

$$\neq c T(x) + T(y)$$

$$(c) \quad T(x) = ax + b$$

$$T(cx + y) = a[cx + y] + b$$

$$= acx + ay + b \quad - (1)$$

$$c T(x) + T(y) = c[ax + b] + ay + b \quad - (2)$$

$$(1) \neq (2)$$

$$(d) \quad T(ax + b) = \frac{ax^2}{2} + bx$$

$$T(cx + y) = \frac{cx^2}{2} + yx$$

$$cT(x) = c \frac{x^2}{2} \quad ; \quad T(y) = yx$$

$$\therefore T(cx + y) = cT(x) + T(y)$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

The no. of non zero rows is 2

$$\therefore \text{Rank} = 2$$

$$\text{Rank}(T) + \text{Nullity of } T = \dim V$$

$$2 + \text{Nullity} = 3$$

$$\text{Nullity} = 1$$