Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 3_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 30 Marks Obtained : 30

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Sarah is a technical writer who is responsible for formatting two important documents. Both documents contain a certain placeholder character that needs to be replaced with another character before they can be finalized. To ensure consistency in formatting, Sarah wants you to help her write a program that processes both documents by replacing the placeholder character with the new one.

Sarah also prefers a neat and structured output, so she wants you to ensure that both modified documents are printed in a single line, separated by a space, using the format() function.

Example

Input:

Hello

World

0

а

Output:

Hella Warld

Explanation:

Here the character 'o' is replaced with 'a' in the concatenated string.

Input Format

The first line contains string1, the first document.

The second line contains string2, the second document.

The third line contains char1, the placeholder character that needs to be replaced.

The fourth line contains char2, the new character that will replace the placeholder.

Output Format

The output displays a single line containing the modified string1 and string2, separated by a space.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: Hello

World

0

Output: Hella Warld

Answer

```
# You are using Python
str1=input()
str2=input()
ch1=input()
ch2=input()
c= str1+str2
m= "" .join ([ch2 if ch == ch1 else ch for ch in c])
print(m)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

2. Problem Statement

A company is creating email accounts for its new employees. They want to use a naming convention for email addresses that consists of the first letter of the employee's first name, followed by their last name, followed by @company.com.

The company also has a separate email domain for administrative employees.

Write a program that prompts the user for their first name, last name, role, and company and then generates their email address using the appropriate naming convention based on their role. This is demonstrated in the below examples.

Note:

The generated email address should consist of the first letter of the first name, the last name in lowercase, and a suffix based on the role and company, all in lowercase.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of the first name of an employee as a string.

The second line consists of the last name of an employee as a string.

The third line consists of the role of the employee as a string.

The last line consists of the company name as a string.

Output Format

The output consists of a single line containing the generated email address for the employee, following the specified naming convention.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: John

```
Smith
admin
iamNeo
Output: jsmith@admin.iamneo.com

Answer
```

```
# You are using Python
a=input()
b=input()
c=input()
d=input()
if(c=="admin"):
    print(a[0]+b+"@"+"admin."+d+".com")
else:
    print(a[0]+b+"@"+d+".com")
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Emily is a data analyst working for a company that collects feedback from customers in the form of text messages. As part of her data validation tasks, Emily needs to perform two operations on each message:

Calculate the sum of all the digits mentioned in the message. If the sum of the digits is greater than 9, check whether the sum forms a palindrome number.

Your task is to help Emily automate this process by writing a program that extracts all digits from a given message, calculates their sum, and checks if the sum is a palindrome if it is greater than 9.

Input Format

The input consists of a string s, representing the customer message, which may contain letters, digits, spaces, and other characters.

Output Format

The output prints an integer representing the sum of all digits in the string, followed by a space.

If the sum is greater than 9, print "Palindrome" if the sum is a palindrome, otherwise print "Not palindrome".

If the sum is less than or equal to 9, no palindrome check is required.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 12 books 4 pen
Output: 7

Answer
```

```
# You are using Python
s=input()
d=sum(int(char) for char in s if char.isdigit())
print(d,end=' ')
if d>9:
    if str(d) == str(d)[::-1]:
        print("Palindrome")
    else:
        print("Not palindrome")
```

Status : Correct Marks : 10/10