

The latest generally available version of Java is JDK 24, released in March 2025. The upcoming Long-Term Support (LTS) release, JDK 25, is scheduled for September 2025. Recent versions of Java introduce language and API improvements that enhance performance, simplify concurrent programming, and improve developer productivity.

#### New features in JDK 24 (March 2025)

- 1) Stream Gatherers (Standard): This feature standardizes custom intermediate operations in the Stream API, offering more flexibility for data transformations.
- 2) Ahead-of-Time (AOT) Class Loading & Linking (Standard): As part of Project Leyden, this can improve application startup performance by pre-loading and linking classes from a previous "training run".
- 3) Class-File API (Standard): JDK 24 finalized a standard API for parsing, generating, and transforming Java class files, reducing the reliance on third-party libraries for bytecode manipulation.
- 4) Synchronize Virtual Threads without Pinning (Standard): This resolves a performance issue where blocking synchronization operations would pin a virtual thread to its carrier, improving the scalability of concurrent applications.
- 5) Quantum-Resistant Cryptography (Standard): Adds quantum-resistant key encapsulation and digital signature algorithms to future-proof Java's cryptography.

#### Key features coming in JDK 25 (September 2025)

JDK 25 is the next LTS release, and many of its features are moving from preview to final status.

- 1) Flexible Constructor Bodies (Final): Developers can place statements before an explicit `super()` or `this()` constructor call. This enables more expressive and fail-fast validation logic.
- 2) Primitive Types in Patterns (Preview): This is a refinement of pattern matching that allows the use of primitive types like `int` and `double` in `instanceof` and `switch` statements, bringing more consistency to the feature.
- 3) Structured Concurrency (Fifth Preview): Continued refinement of the API that simplifies concurrent programming by treating groups of related tasks as a single unit. This helps streamline error handling and cancellation.
- 4) Scoped Values (Final): Offers an efficient, immutable, and thread-safe way to share data within a thread and its child threads. This is an improved alternative to `ThreadLocal`.
- 5) Compact Source Files and Instance Main Methods (Standard): This simplifies the Java language for beginners and for writing small scripts by removing the need for top-level class declarations and static main methods.
- 6) Ahead-of-Time Method Profiling (Final): Improves application warmup times by using profiles recorded from a prior run to inform the Just-in-Time (JIT) compiler.