# **HospitalPlus Database Project Assignment Outline**

## 1. Project Title

# Hospital Management System (HospitalPlus)

## 2. Project Overview

HospitalPlus is a relational database system designed to manage key operations of a hospital, including appointments, patient records, laboratory tests, doctor assignments, and donor registrations.

#### 3. Conceptual Design

#### **Entity-Relationship (E-R) Model:**

#### **Entities:**

- **Doctor**: Handles doctor details like specialty and contact.
- **Patient**: Tracks patient demographics and appointment information.
- Appointment: Manages scheduling and details of hospital visits.
- **Laboratory**: Maintains laboratory details and donors.
- **Donor**: Stores information about registered donors.
- User: Tracks admin and other hospital users for authentication and authorization.

## **Relationships:**

- **Doctor-Patient**: One-to-Many (A doctor can treat multiple patients).
- **Patient-Appointment**: One-to-One (Each patient has a single appointment).
- **Donor-Laboratory**: Many-to-One (A laboratory manages multiple donors).
- User-Roles: Many-to-Many (A user can have multiple roles).



## 4. Logical Design

#### **Relational Model:**

#### **Tables:**

- 1. Users
- 2. Roles
- 3. Users Roles
- 4. Doctors
- 5. Patients
- 6. Appointments
- 7. Laboratories
- 8. Donors

#### **Primary and Foreign Keys:**

- user id (Primary Key in Users)
- role id (Primary Key in Roles)
- Foreign keys for relationships in Users Roles, Patients, and Donors.

#### 5. Data Generation

### There is «db.sql» file in the code with sql queries.

# 6. Implementation

- Used **PostgreSQL** for database implementation.
- SQL scripts to define:
  - O Table schemas.
  - Data insertion scripts.
  - Queries for CRUD operations.

## 7. Query Questions

#### Examples:

- Retrieve a list of all doctors and their specialties.
- Find patients with appointments scheduled this week.
- List all donors and their associated laboratories.
- Calculate the total number of appointments handled by a specific doctor.
- Identify labs with the highest donor registrations.
- Find patients treated by a specific doctor.
- Retrieve the latest appointments made.
- Calculate hospital revenue (if billing is included).

## 8. Application Development (Java)

- Use **Spring Boot** for backend REST API development.
- Implement the following CRUD APIs:
  - **Doctors**: Add, edit, delete, and view doctors.
  - o **Patients**: Add, edit, delete, and view patients.
  - o **Appointments**: Manage appointments.
  - Laboratories: Manage laboratory data.
  - o **Donors**: Manage donors.

## 9. REST API Testing

• Using **Postman** to test the backend APIs.

#### 10. Documentation

#### 1. Relational Model:

```
-- Roles Table
CREATE TABLE roles (
  role_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL
);
-- Users Table
CREATE TABLE users (
  user_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  first name VARCHAR(100),
  last_name VARCHAR(100),
  username VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
  password VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
  enabled BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE
);
-- Users and Roles Relationship Table
CREATE TABLE users_roles (
  user_id INT REFERENCES users(user_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  role_id INT REFERENCES roles(role_id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
  PRIMARY KEY (user_id, role_id)
);
-- Doctors Table
CREATE TABLE doctors (
  id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  first_name VARCHAR(100),
  last name VARCHAR(100),
  specialty VARCHAR(100),
  address VARCHAR(255),
  mobile_number VARCHAR(15)
);
-- Appointments Table
CREATE TABLE appointment (
  id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  full_name VARCHAR(100),
  email VARCHAR(100),
  date TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
  message TEXT
);
```

```
-- Patients Table
CREATE TABLE patient (
  id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  first name VARCHAR(100),
  last name VARCHAR(100),
  email VARCHAR(100),
  phone VARCHAR(15),
  sex VARCHAR(10),
  age INT,
  app_id INT REFERENCES appointment(id) ON DELETE SET NULL,
  doctor id INT REFERENCES doctors(id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
-- Laboratories Table
CREATE TABLE laboratory (
  id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  lab_name VARCHAR(100),
  address VARCHAR(255),
  phone INT
);
-- Donors Table
CREATE TABLE donor (
  id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
  full_name VARCHAR(100),
  email VARCHAR(100),
  date TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
  message TEXT,
  laboratory_id INT REFERENCES laboratory(id) ON DELETE SET NULL
);
2. SQL Scripts for Schema Creation and Sample Data
-- Roles
INSERT INTO roles (role_id, name) VALUES (1, 'ADMIN');
INSERT INTO roles (role_id, name) VALUES (2, 'DOCTOR');
-- Users
INSERT INTO users (first_name, last_name, username, password, enabled)
VALUES ('Admin', 'Adminovich', 'admin', 'hashed_password_here', TRUE);
```

-- Users and Roles **INSERT INTO users\_roles (user\_id, role\_id) VALUES (1, 1);** -- Doctors INSERT INTO doctors (first\_name, last\_name, specialty, address, mobile\_number) VALUES ('John', 'Doe', 'Cardiologist', '123 Main St', '1234567890'); -- Appointments **INSERT INTO** appointment (full\_name, email, message) VALUES ('Jane Smith', 'jane.smith@example.com', 'Checkup'); -- Patients INSERT INTO patient (first\_name, last\_name, email, phone, sex, age, app\_id, doctor\_id) VALUES ('Alice', 'Johnson', 'alice.j@example.com', '9876543210', 'Female', 30, 1, 1); -- Laboratories INSERT INTO laboratory (lab\_name, address, phone) **VALUES** ('Central Lab', '456 Elm St', 12345); -- Donors INSERT INTO donor (full\_name, email, message, laboratory\_id) VALUES ('Bob Brown', 'bob.brown@example.com', 'Blood Donation', 1);

# 3. API Documentation

# **API Endpoints**

```
POST /api/users
          Create a new user.
          Request Body:
          {
                "firstName": "Isi",
               "lastName": "Koichubaev",
       0
               "username": "isi1",
               "password": "password"
          Response:
          {
               "id": 1,
                "username": "isi1",
               "enabled": true
           }
Doctors
     GET /api/doctors
          Retrieve all doctors.
          Response:
          [
       0
               {
                    "id": 1,
                    "firstName": "Isi",
                    "lastName": "Isi",
                    "specialty": "Cardiologist"
               }
       0
       0
     POST /api/doctors
          Add a new doctor.
          Request Body:
               "firstName": "John",
       0
                "lastName": "Doe",
               "specialty": "Cardiologist"
           }
Patients
```

- GET /api/patients
  - Retrieve all patients.
- POST /api/patients
  - Add a new patient.

```
Request Body:
{

    "firstName": "Alice",
    "lastName": "Johnson",
    "doctorId": 1
}
```

#### Laboratories

- GET /api/laboratories
  - o Retrieve all labs.
- POST /api/laboratories
  - o Add a new lab.

#### **Donors**

- **GET** /api/donors
  - Retrieve all donors.
- POST /api/donors
  - Add a new donor.
  - Request Body:
    {

     "fullName": "Bob Brown",
     "email": "bob.brown@example.com",
     "laboratoryId": 1
    }

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