# Islam Yasser Mahmoud Mohamed – 20010312 Lab2 OS

# How code is organized:

- A pool of global variables declared so as to be defined among all the program functions
- 10 functions each perform a set of related actions also to maximize code usability
- Only on global array C is used among the three methods of multiplications where it is cleared before every time it is reused again

#### Code main functions:

- mainThread(): is considered the main thread of the program and calls other functions
- readInputFromFiles(): changes file names accordingly and calls readFile() function
- readFile(): read columns and rows number from the input files then calls readArray() function
- readArray(): read the matrices from the files and store them in the global arrays A and B
- ThreadPerMatrix(): performs matrix multiplication normally and sequentially without creating threads
- ThreadPerRow(): creates a number of threads equal to the number of rows in matrix A where each thread is responsible to compute its row in the output matrix C
- ThreadPerElement: creates a number of threads equal to the number of elements in matrix C where each thread is responsible for multiplying a row from Matrix A and a column from Matrix B to compute a single element in C

#### How to run the code:

- Open the command Prompt
- Go to the path of the executable file using cd
- write gcc -o matMultp main.c

- Now you can write .\matMultp without parameters so file names will be by default a b c
- Or you can write three parameters with it so file names will be these parameters

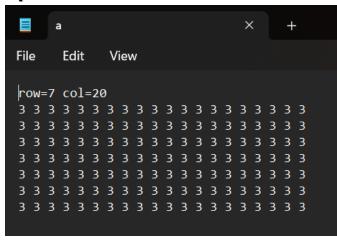
# Sample Runs:

```
C:\Users\Islam\Desktop\Lab 2 OS>.\matMultp
thread_per_matrix method created 0 threads
Seconds taken 0
Microseconds taken: 0

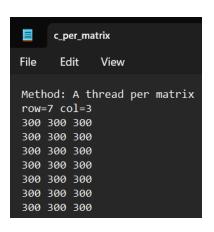
thread_per_row method created 7 threads
Seconds taken 0
Microseconds taken: 1026

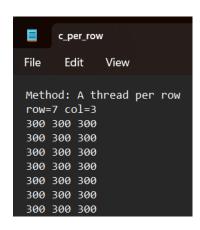
thread_per_element method created 21 threads
Seconds taken 0
Microseconds taken: 1967
```

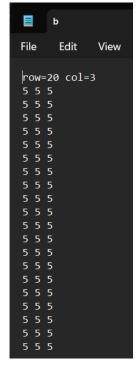
#### input files a & b

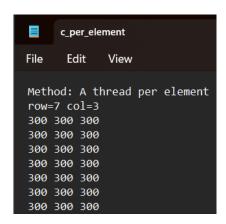


## **Output files**







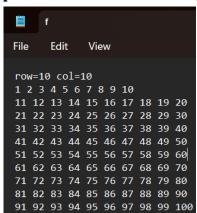


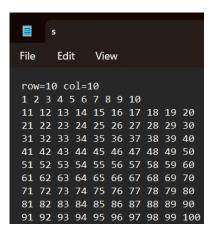
```
C:\Users\Islam\Desktop\Lab 2 OS>.\matMultp f s o thread_per_matrix method created 0 threads Seconds taken 0
Microseconds taken: 0

thread_per_row method created 10 threads Seconds taken 0
Microseconds taken: 1020

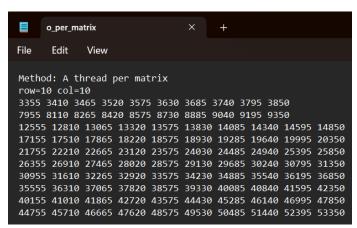
thread_per_element method created 100 threads Seconds taken 0
Microseconds taken: 3986
```

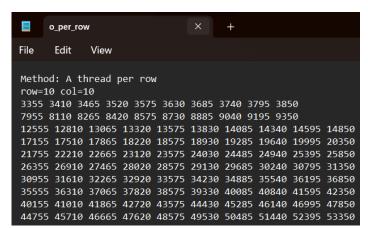
### Input files:

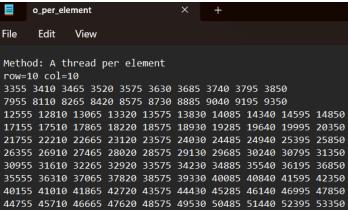




#### **Output files**







# Comparison:

## Thread\_per\_matrix:

- Single thread is used which is the main thread of the program to compute the result matrix by multiplying each row of the first matrix by all the columns in the second matrix
- it is sequential and no threads are created
- no overhead for threads creation and is considered efficient for small matrices

### Thread\_per\_row:

- A thread is created for each row of the first matrix where each thread multiply one row of the first matrix by all columns in the second matrix
- Threads creation causes more overhead and requires memory management and synchronization
- Can be efficient for large matrices

### Thread\_per\_element:

- A thread is created for each element of the result matrix where each thread multiply one row from first and one column from second matrix
- Threads creation causes more and more overhead and requires more memory management and more synchronization
- Can be efficient for very large matrices