

NodeJS

INTRO

What Is NodeJS?

Why & When NodeJS?

Blocking & Non Blocking [callback]

Modules

NPM

Create Your Server

Events

Streams

What is NodeJS ?

Node.js is a server-side platform built on Google Chrome's JavaScript Engine (V8 Engine). Node.js was developed by Ryan Dahl in 2009

Allows you to build scalable network applications using JavaScript on the server-side .



The diagram consists of a large orange rectangle with a dashed border. Inside this rectangle, at the top, is the text 'Node.js'. Below it is a smaller, rounded blue rectangle containing the text 'V8 JavaScript Runtime'.

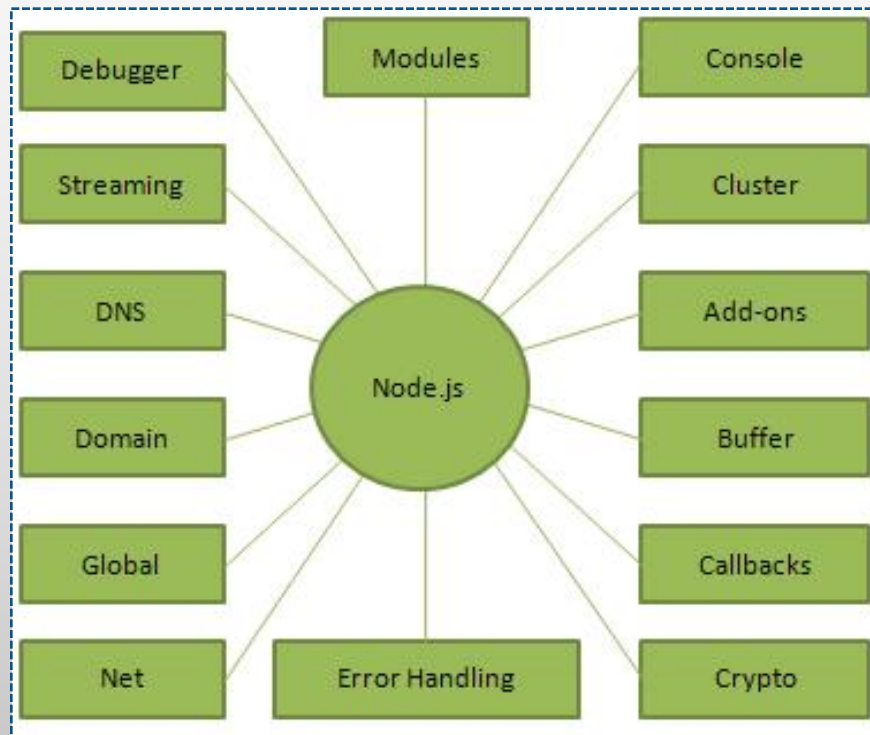
Node.js

V8 JavaScript Runtime

It is fast because it is mostly c code

What is NodeJS ?

Node.js = Runtime Environment + JavaScript Library



Why NodeJS ?

Very Fast

Single Threaded but Highly Scalable

No Buffering

Asynchronous and Event Driven

Features of Node.js

Very Fast – Being built on Google Chrome's V8 JavaScript Engine, Node.js library is very fast in code execution.

Single Threaded but Highly Scalable – Node.js uses a single threaded model with **event looping**. Event mechanism helps the server to respond in a **non-blocking** way and makes the server highly scalable as opposed to traditional servers which create limited threads to handle requests. Node.js uses a single threaded program and the same program can provide service to a much larger number of requests than traditional servers like **Apache HTTP Server**.

Features of Node.js

No Buffering – Node.js applications never buffer any data. These applications simply output the data in chunks.

Asynchronous and Event Driven – All APIs of Node.js library are asynchronous, that is, **non-blocking**. It essentially means a Node.js based server never waits for an API to return data. The server moves to the next API after calling it and a notification mechanism of Events of Node.js helps the server to get a response from the previous API call.

Blocking & Non Blocking Code

IF I need to write code for reading file content

Blocking Code

Read file from File system, set equal to “contents”
Print contents
Do something else

This is a callback

Non Blocking Code

Read file from File system, set equal to “contents”
 whenever you're complete, print the contents
Do something else



Blocking & Non Blocking Code

IF I need to write code for reading file content

Blocking Code

```
var contents = fs.readFileSync("/etc/hosts");  
console.log(contents);  
console.log("Doing something else");
```

Stop process until complete

A yellow arrow points from the `console.log(contents);` line in the blocking code block to the 'Stop process until complete' box, indicating that the process is blocked until the file reading is finished.

Non Blocking Code

```
fs.readFile("/etc/hosts", function(err, contents) {  
    console.log(contents);  
});  
console.log("Doing something else");
```

Callback

A yellow arrow points from the 'Callback' box to the function argument of `fs.readFile`. A yellow bracket is placed next to the function argument, indicating that the callback function is passed to `fs.readFile`.

Modules

Import Library to your code

1. How does “require” return the libraries?
2. How does it find these files?

```
var library= require(". /library__path");
```

look in same directory

```
var library= require("../library__path");
```

look in parent directory

```
var library= require("/home /username /library__path");
```

```
var library= require("library__path");
```

Search in **node_modules** directories

Will load library once to your project and If you load it again will return the same object

Modules

Create your module

module__file1.js

```
var hello = function() {  
    console.log("hello");  
}  
module.exports = hello;
```

module__file2.js

```
var bye = function() {  
    console.log("bye");  
}  
exports.bye = bye;
```

app.js

```
var hello = require("./module__file1");  
hello();  
var gb = require("./module__file2");  
gb.bye();
```

Install Node

Install Node on Centos 7

```
yum install -y gcc-c++ make  
curl -sL https://rpm.nodesource.com/setup__6.x | sudo -E bash -  
yum install nodejs
```

Will Install Node & Node Package Manager (**NPM**)

NPM – The User land Sea

Package manager for node

Comes with node

Module Repository

Dependency Management

Easily publish modules

Installing A NPM Module

In your project Directory

`$ npm install module__name` ←

Local

OR

`$ npm install module__name -g` ←

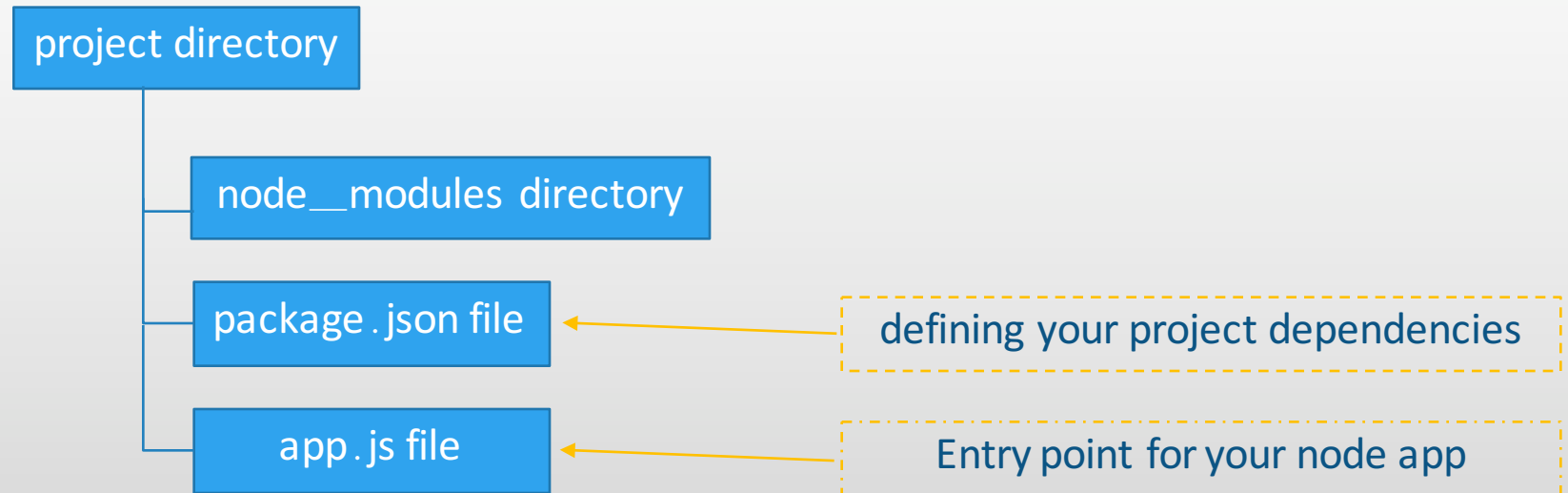
Global

Local : Installs into local `node__modules` directory
project__directory / `node__modules` / module__name

to import local module in your project
`var obj=require("module__name");`
Loads from local `node__modules` directory
Global Modules cannot be required

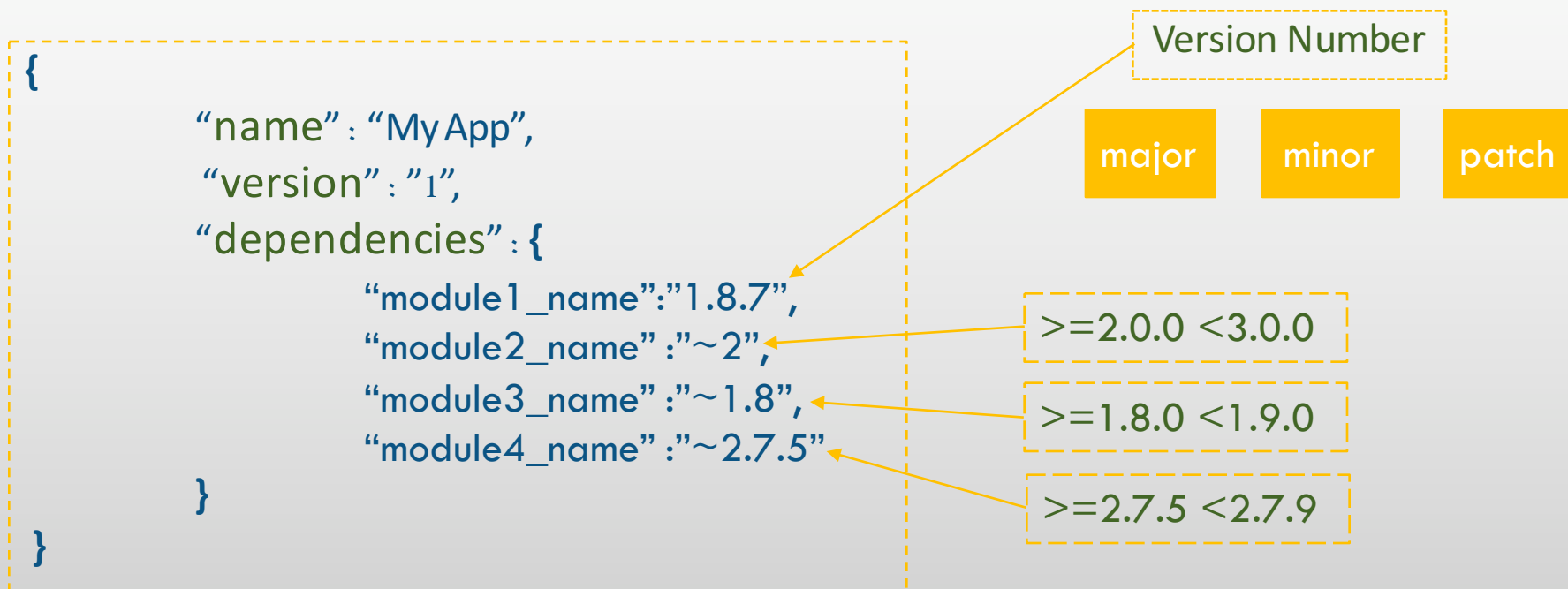
First App with Node

Project Structure



Package.json

Package.json file



To install all dependencies just go to project directory run this command **npm install**

Create a Server

app.js or Entry point

```
var http = require("http");  
http.createServer(function(request, response) {  
  response.writeHead(200);  
  response.write("Hello, this is dog.");  
  response.end();  
})  
http.listen(8080, function(){  
  console.log("start listening");  
})
```

import **http** module

set event listener to
listen for incoming
requests

Start listen for
incoming requests on
port **8080**

To run this program just write in your terminal
node file_name
node app.js

Access a Server

app.js or **Entry point**

To run this program just write in your terminal
node file_name
node app.js

To Test Your Server , open your browser and access this URL
[http: //localhost:8080](http://localhost:8080)

The Event Loop

```
var http = require("http");  
http.createServer(function(request, response) {  
  
})  
http.listen(8080, function(){  
  console.log("start listening");  
})
```

Events processed one at a time

Checking
for
Events

Known Events

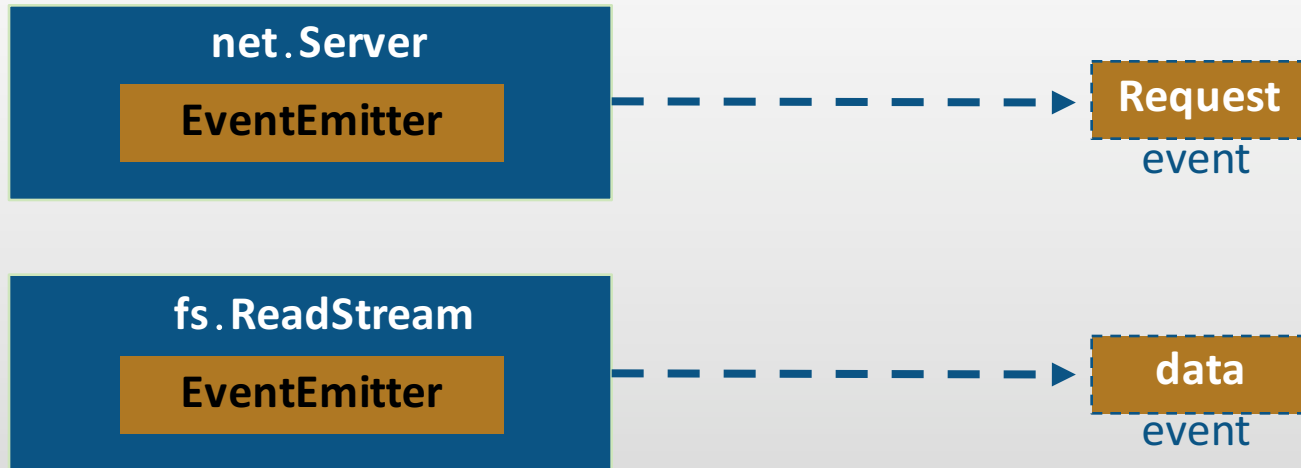
Request

Connection

Close

Event In Node

Many objects in Node **emit** events



Custom Event Emitters

```
var EventEmitter = require("events").EventEmitter;
```

Load events module

```
var logger = new EventEmitter();
```

```
// register callback for error event
```

```
logger.on("error", function(message){  
    console.log(ERR: ' + message); });  
});
```

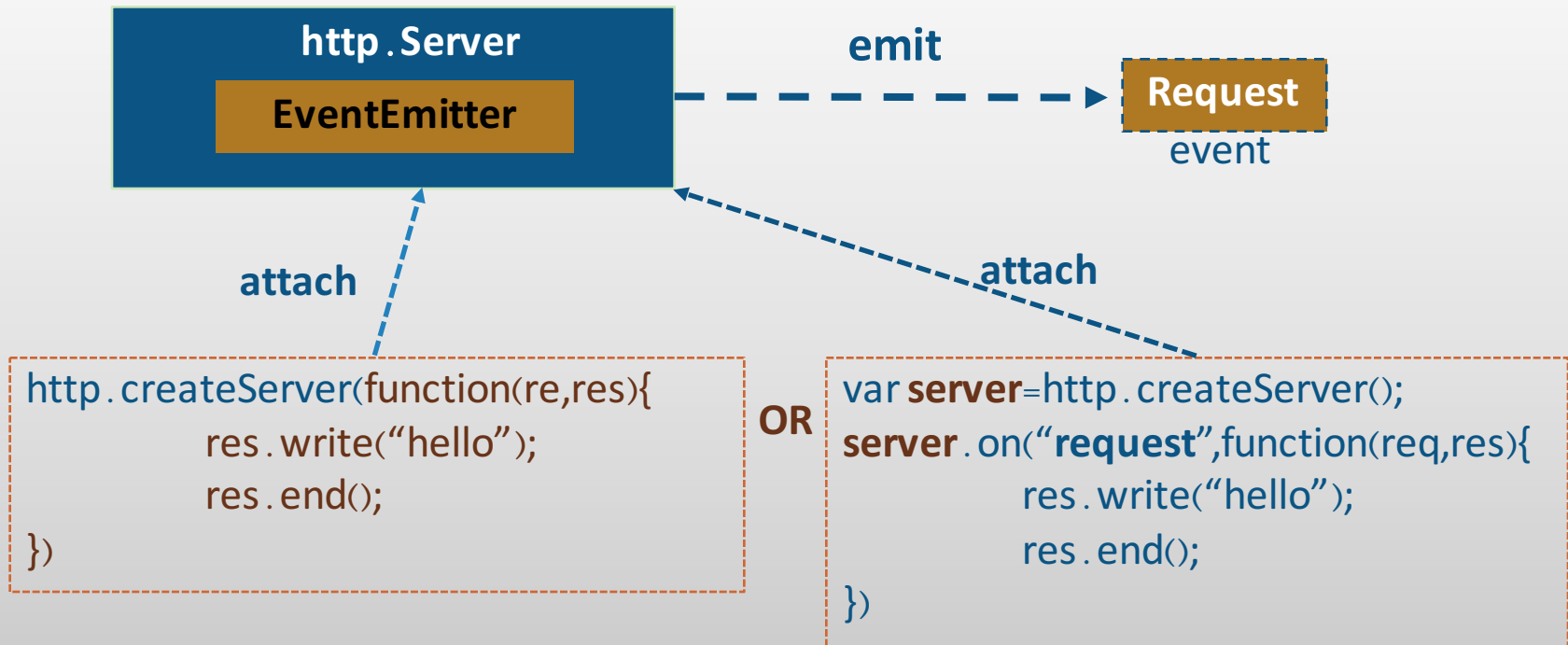
Register callback for event and named event with name "error"

```
logger.emit("error", "test message");
```

Fire "error" event

Event In Node

When “**request**” event is emitted



Stream

If you need to read from or write into file , you need to create stream



represents a sequence of bytes, which can be accessed in sequential order

File System Module

File I/O is provided by simple wrappers around standard POSIX functions. To use this module do **require("fs")**. All the methods have **asynchronous** and **synchronous** forms.

Use fs module to

1. Read from file
2. Write into file
3. Delete file
4. Rename file
5. Check file status

File I/O

Read from File

Asynchronous Method

```
var fs=require("fs");  
fs.readFile("test.txt",function(error , data){  
    console.log(data . toString());  
});  
console.log("complete");
```

Synchronous Method

```
var fs=require("fs");  
var content=fs.readFileSync("test.txt");  
console.log("content");
```

File I/O

Write into File

Asynchronous Method

```
var fs=require("fs");  
fs.writeFile("test.txt","data",function(error{  
    console.log(error);  
});  
console.log("complete");
```

Synchronous Method

```
var fs=require("fs");  
var content=fs.writeFileSync("test.txt","data");  
console.log("content");
```

File Status

Check file status

Asynchronous Method

```
var fs=require("fs");  
fs.lstat("test.txt",function(error,stats){  
    console.log(stats.isFile());  
});
```

Synchronous Method

```
var fs=require("fs");  
var status=fs.lstatSync("test.txt");  
console.log(status.isFile());
```

Event Emitter – File System

```
var fs=require("fs");  
var reader=fs.createReadStream("test.txt");  
reader.on("data",function(data){  
    console.log(data.toString());  
})  
reader.on('end',function(){  
    console.log("end");  
})
```

CreateReadStream return
EventEmitter Object
which emit data event
when data received from
the file

Writer Stream

```
var fs=require("fs");
var reader=fs . createReadStream("test.txt");
var writer=fs . createWriteStream("new__test.txt");
reader.on("data",function(data){
    writer.write(data);
})
reader.on('end',function(){
    console.log("end");
})
```

PIPE

```
var fs=require("fs");  
var reader=fs.createReadStream("test.txt");  
var writer=fs.createWriteStream("new__test.txt");  
reader.pipe(writer)
```

Server Stream



```
http.createServer(function( request,response ){})
```

Server Stream

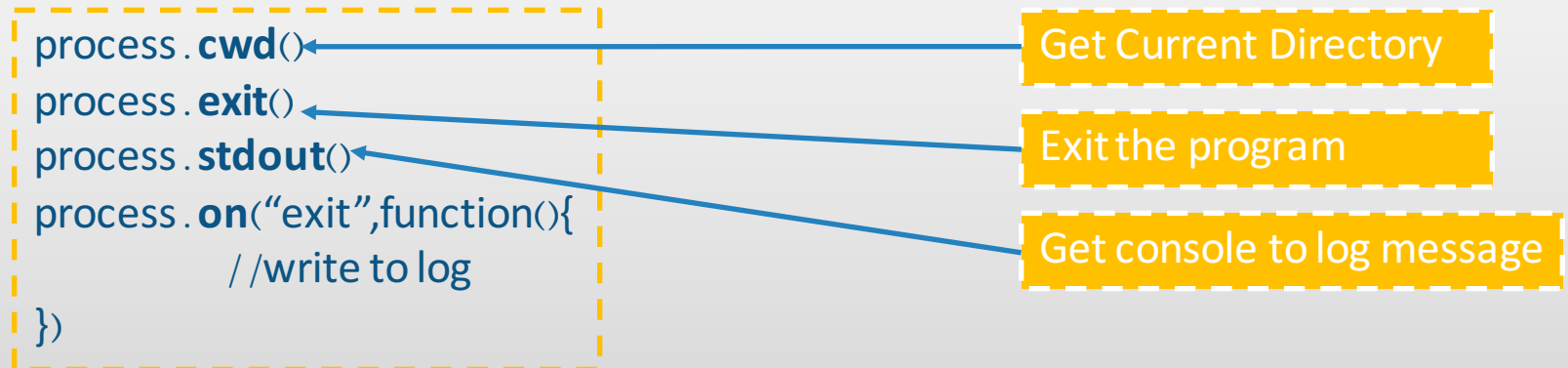
readable stream

writable stream

```
var http = require("http");
http.createServer(function(request, response) {
  request.on("readable", function() {
    while (null !== (chunk = request.read())) {
      console.log(chunk.toString());
    }
  })
  request.on("end", function() { response.end(); });
})
http.listen(8080, function() {
  console.log("start listening");
})
```


Process Module

The **process** object is a global that provides information about, and control over, the current Node.js process. As a global, it is always available to Node.js applications **without using require()**.



Most Used Modules

path

URL

crypto

DNS

Request

querystring

<https://nodejs.org/api/>

Code Time