JAVASCRIPT

TEMPLATE LITERARS

- > String literals allowing embedded expressions.
- Enclosed by the backtick (``) (grave accent) character instead of double or single quotes.

```
`string text`

`string text line 1
  string text line 2`

`string text ${expression} string text`

tag`string text ${expression} string text`
```

STRING METHODS

javaScript String Methods

JS

substr()

substring()

replace()

search()

toLocaleLowerCase()

toLocaleUpperCase()

indexOf()

includes()

slice()

concat()

lastIndexOf()

charCodeAt() match()

trim()

charAt()

valueOf()

split()

toString()

ARRAY

- Array object is used to store multiple values in a single variable.
- Indexes are zero-based: The first element in the array is 0, the second is 1, and so on.
- Arrays provide a lot of methods to make things easier.
- const cars = ["Ford", "Volvo", "BMW"];

ARRAY METHODS

```
10 JavaScript array methods you should know:
```

```
forEach()
includes()
filter()
map()
reduce()
some()
every()
sort()
Array.from()
Array.of()
```

FUNCTIONS

- Is a block of code designed to perform a particular task.
- Is executed when "something" invokes it (calls it).
- Define the code once, and use it many times.
- You can use the same code many times with different arguments, to produce different results.
- The statement **return** specifies the value returned by the function.
- Example: function **name**(parameter1, parameter2, parameter3) { ... // code to be executed }

```
function name
 function
                     argument
declaration
 function makeRed(sender) {
   sender.style.color = 'red';
                 statement
```

FUNCTION DECLARATION

- A declared function is "saved for later use", and will be executed later, when it is invoked (called).
- Just as Variable Declarations must start with "var", Function Declarations must begin with "function".
- Example: function bar() { return 3; }

FUNCTION EXPRESSION

- A function expression can be stored in a variable.
- After a function expression has been stored in a variable, the variable can be used as a function.
- Functions stored in variables do not need function names.
- They are always invoked (called) using the variable name.
- Example: const x = function (a, b) { return a * b };