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Embedded Systems Lab Lab 1 Report

Question 1:

Experiment 1 Code:

```
/* This program blinks the red LED on the
* TI Tiva LaunchPad. The connections are:
* PF1 - red LED
* PF2 - blue LED
* PF3 - green LED
* They are high active (a '1' turns on the LED).
*/
#include "TM4C123GH6PM.h"
int flag=0;
int flag_on_off =0;
int counter_on_off =0;
int en=0;
void delayMs(int n);
int main(void)
{
       // enable clock to GPIOF at clock gating control register
       SYSCTL->RCGCGPIO |= 0x20;
       // enable the GPIO pins for the LED (PF3, 2 1) as output
       GPIOF->DIR = 0x0e;
       GPIOF->DEN = 0x1f;
       while(1)
                     GPIOF->DATA = 0x02; // turn on red LED
                     delayMs(500);
                     GPIOF->DATA = 0; // turn off red LED
                     delayMs(500);
       }
// delay in milliseconds (16 MHz CPU clock)
void delayMs(int n)
```

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```
SysTick->LOAD = 16000*n-1;
       SysTick->CTRL = 0x5; /*Enable the timer and choose sysclk */
       while((SysTick->CTRL & 0x10000) == 0) /*wait until the Count flag is set */
       SysTick->CTRL = 0; /*Stop the timer (Enable = 0) */
}
```

```
Experiment 2 Code:
/* This program blinks the red LED on the
* TI Tiva LaunchPad. The connections are:
* PF1 - red LED
* PF2 - blue LED
* PF3 - green LED
* They are high active (a '1' turns on the LED).
*/
#include "TM4C123GH6PM.h"
int flag=0;
int flag on off =0;
int counter_on_off =0;
int en=0;
void delayMs(int n);
int main(void)
{
       // enable clock to GPIOF at clock gating control register
       SYSCTL->RCGCGPIO |= 0x20;
       // enable the GPIO pins for the LED (PF3, 2 1) as output
       GPIOF->DIR = 0x0e;
       // enable GPIO pins PF0 and PF4 as input
       GPIOF->DIR&= \sim 0x11;
       // enable the GPIO pins for digital function
       //specified by the datasheet
       GPIOF->LOCK =0x4C4F434B;
       GPIOF->CR |= 0xff;
       GPIOF->PUR \mid= 0x11;
       //GPIOF->PUR=0;
       GPIOF->DEN = 0x1f;
       //while((GPIOF->DATA & 0x10)==0){}
       while(1)
       {
              if((GPIOF->DATA \& 0x10)==0){
                     delayMs(2000);
```

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```
if((GPIOF->DATA & 0x10)==0)
                                                        flag =(flag +1)%3;
              }
              if((GPIOF->DATA \& 0x01)==0){
                     delayMs(2000);
                     if((GPIOF->DATA \& 0x01)==0)
                                                        flag_on_off =(flag_on_off +1)%2;
              }
              if(flag==0 \&\& flag on off==0){
                     GPIOF->DATA = 0x02; // turn on red LED
                     delayMs(250);
                     GPIOF->DATA = 0; // turn off red LED
                     delayMs(250);
              if(flag==1 && flag_on_off==0){
                     GPIOF->DATA = 0x04; // turn on red LED
                     delayMs(250);
                     GPIOF->DATA = 0; // turn off red LED
                     delayMs(250);
              if(flag==2 && flag_on_off==0){
                     GPIOF->DATA = 0x08; // turn on red LED
                     delayMs(250);
                     GPIOF->DATA = 0; // turn off red LED
                     delayMs(250);
              }
      }
// delay in milliseconds (16 MHz CPU clock)
void delayMs(int n)
{
       SysTick->LOAD = 16000*n-1;
       SysTick->CTRL = 0x5; /*Enable the timer and choose sysclk */
       while((SysTick->CTRL & 0x10000) == 0) /*wait until the Count flag is set */
       SysTick->CTRL = 0; /*Stop the timer (Enable = 0) */
}
```

Question 2:

Link to Youtube video: https://youtu.be/TWVq-PKLU_U

```
/* This program blinks the red LED on the
* TI Tiva LaunchPad. The connections are:
* PF1 - red LED
* PF2 - blue LED
* PF3 - green LED
* They are high active (a '1' turns on the LED).
#include "TM4C123GH6PM.h"
int flag=0;
int flag_on_off =0;
int counter on off =0;
int en=0;
int volatile temp;
int volatile delay=0;
double volatile freq=0;
void delayMs(int n);
int main(void)
{
      // enable clock to GPIOF at clock gating control register
       SYSCTL->RCGCGPIO |= 0x20;
      // enable the GPIO pins for the LED (PF3, 2 1) as output
       GPIOF->DIR = 0x0e;
      // enable GPIO pins PF0 and PF4 as input
       GPIOF->DIR&= \sim 0x11;
      // enable the GPIO pins for digital function
      //specified by the datasheet
       GPIOF->LOCK =0x4C4F434B;
       GPIOF->CR |= 0xff;
       GPIOF->PUR \mid= 0x11;
      //GPIOF->PUR=0;
       GPIOF->DEN = 0x1f;
       SYSCTL->RCGCGPIO |= 0x04;
       GPIOC->DIR = 0xff;
       GPIOC->DEN = 0xff;
      //while((GPIOF->DATA & 0x10)==0){}
       freq = 1.5;
       delay = 500/freq;
```

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```
while(1)
       {
              if((GPIOF->DATA \& 0x10)==0){
                     freq+=0.3;
                     delay=500/freq;
                     //delayMs(2000);
                                                        flag =(flag +1)%3;
                     //if((GPIOF->DATA & 0x10)==0)
              }
              if((GPIOF->DATA \& 0x01)==0){
                            freq-=0.3;
                            if(freq<0){
                                   delay = 100000000;
                                   freq=0;
                            else delay=500/freq;
                     //delayMs(2000);
                     //if((GPIOF->DATA & 0x01)==0)
                                                        flag_on_off =(flag_on_off +1)%2;
              }
                     GPIOC->DATA = en? 0x128:0;
                     //temp = 0x128&GPIOC->DATA;
                     //GPIOF->DATA = temp; // turn on red LED
                     en=!en;
                     delayMs(delay);
       }
// delay in milliseconds (16 MHz CPU clock)
void delayMs(int n)
{
       SysTick->LOAD = 16000*n-1;
       SysTick->CTRL = 0x5; /*Enable the timer and choose sysclk */
       while((SysTick->CTRL & 0x10000) == 0) /*wait until the Count flag is set */
       {}
       SysTick->CTRL = 0; /*Stop the timer (Enable = 0) */
}
```

Question 3:

Link to video: https://youtu.be/jAB410k9xzY

```
/* This program blinks the red LED on the
* TI Tiva LaunchPad. The connections are:
* PF1 - red LED
* PF2 - blue LED
* PF3 - green LED
* They are high active (a '1' turns on the LED).
#include "TM4C123GH6PM.h"
int flag=0;
int flag_on_off =0;
int counter on off =0;
int volatile en=0;
int volatile temp;
int volatile delay_on=0;
int volatile delay off=0;
double volatile freq=0;
void delayMs(int n);
int main(void)
{
       // enable clock to GPIOF at clock gating control register
       SYSCTL->RCGCGPIO |= 0x20;
       // enable the GPIO pins for the LED (PF3, 2 1) as output
       GPIOF->DIR = 0x0e;
       // enable GPIO pins PF0 and PF4 as input
       GPIOF->DIR&= \sim 0x11;
       // enable the GPIO pins for digital function
       //specified by the datasheet
       GPIOF->LOCK =0x4C4F434B;
       GPIOF->CR |= 0xff;
       GPIOF \rightarrow PUR = 0x11;
       //GPIOF->PUR = 0;
       GPIOF->DEN = 0x1f;
       SYSCTL->RCGCGPIO |= 0x04;
       GPIOC->DIR = 0xff;
       GPIOC->DEN = 0xff;
```

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```
//while((GPIOF->DATA & 0x10)==0){}
       delay_on=500;
       delay_off=500;
       while(1)
       {
              if((GPIOF->DATA \& 0x10)==0){
                    if(delay_off<=0){
                           delay_on=1000;
                           delay_off=0;
                    }else{
                           delay_on+= 500*0.5;
                           delay_off-=500*0.5;
                    }
             }
             if((GPIOF->DATA \& 0x01)==0){
                    if(delay_on<=0){
                           delay_on=0;
                           delay_off=1000;
                    }else{
                           delay_on-= 500*0.5;
                           delay_off+=500*0.5;
                    }
             }
                    if(delay_on>0){
                           GPIOC->DATA =0x128;
                           //temp = 0x02&GPIOC->DATA;
                           //GPIOF->DATA = temp; // turn on red LED
                           delayMs(delay_on);
                    }
                    if(delay_off>0){
                           GPIOC->DATA =0;
                           //temp = 0x02&GPIOC->DATA;
                           //GPIOF->DATA = temp;
                           delayMs(delay_off);
                    }
      }
// delay in milliseconds (16 MHz CPU clock)
```

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