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# Selectors In Css

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# Selectors

## Simple Selectors:

- Tag Selector: Selects all elements of a specific HTML tag.

```
p {  
  color: blue;  
}
```

- Class Selector: Selects all elements with a specific class attribute.

```
.highlight {  
  background-color: yellow;  
}
```

- ID Selector: Selects a single element with a specific ID attribute.

```
#logo {  
  width: 200px;  
}
```

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## Combinators Selectors:

- Descendant Combinator: Selects elements that are descendants of another element.

```
div p {  
  font-size: 14px;}
```

- Child Combinator: Selects elements that are direct children of another element.

```
ul > li {  
  list-style-type: square;  
}
```

- Adjacent Sibling Combinator: Selects an element that is the next sibling of another element.

```
h2 + p {  
  margin-top: 10px;  
}
```

- General Sibling Combinator: Selects elements that are siblings of another element.

```
p ~ span {  
  text-decoration: underline;
```

---

## Attribute Selectors:

- Select elements with a specific attribute:

```
input[type="text"] {  
  border: 1px solid #ccc;  
}
```

- Select elements with an attribute that starts with a certain value:

```
a[href^="https://"] {  
  color: blue;  
}
```

- Select elements with an attribute that ends with a certain value:

```
img[src$=".png"] {  
    width: 100px;  
}
```

- Select elements with an attribute that contains a certain value:

```
[class*="btn"] {  
    background-color: red;  
}
```

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## Pseudo-classes and Pseudo-elements:

- Select the first child element of a parent:

```
ul li:first-child {  
    font-weight: bold;  
}
```

- Select the last child element of a parent:

```
ul li:last-child {  
    text-decoration: underline;  
}
```

- Select an element when the user hovers over it:

```
a:hover {  
    color: red;  
}
```

- Insert content before an element using a pseudo-element:

```
h1::before {  
  content: "ismail";  
  font-style: italic;  
}
```

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