

# Koordinatentransformationen

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## Aufgabe 1

$$G = \left( \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}; \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right), G P = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

a)  $E P = ?$

$$G = \left( \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}; \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

$$G = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ und } g = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$E P = G \cdot G P + g$$

$$\Rightarrow E P = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \cdot 3 + (-2) \cdot (-1) \\ 2 \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot (-1) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{5} \\ \sqrt{5} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 2+\sqrt{5} \\ 1+\sqrt{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

b)  $F_E K_F(v) = ?$

$$E K_F(v) = G \cdot v + g, v = \begin{pmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_E K_F(v) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} v + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

c)  $F_E K_F(v) = ?$

$$F_E K_F(v) = (E K_F(v))^{-1}$$

$$= G^{-1}(v - g)$$

$$= G^{-1}v - G^{-1}g$$

$$\Rightarrow F_E K_F(v) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} v - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Bei Abbildungen,  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1}$  bedeutet nicht

$$\frac{1}{\det(A)} \begin{pmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{pmatrix}, \text{ sondern } A^T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_E K_F(v) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} v - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} v - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

## Aufgabe 2

$$F = \left( \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}; \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

und  $G P = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$

a)  $E P = F_E P + f$

$$F = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, f = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow E P = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} P + \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -1 - \sqrt{2} \\ 2 + 3\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

b)  $E K_F(v) = F_E v + f$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} v + \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

c)  $F_E K_F(v) = F^{-1}(v - f) = F^{-1}v - F^{-1}f$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} v - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} v - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

## Aufgabe 3

$$O = \left( \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}; \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \right), O P = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$O = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}, o = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

a)  $E P = O P + o$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} P + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} -4 + 2\sqrt{5} \\ 4 + \sqrt{5} \end{pmatrix}$$

b)  $E K_O(v) = O_E v + o$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} v + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} v + \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

c)  $O_E K_O(v) = O^{-1}(v - o) = O^{-1}v - O^{-1}o$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} v - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} v - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$