

Técnicas de aprendizaje automático para sistemas operativos

Diego Alejandro Castañeda Ossa Jose Carlos Ortiz padilla

Introducción

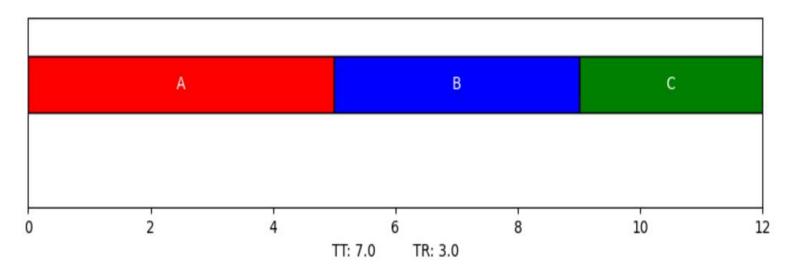
Este proyecto analiza y optimiza la programación de procesos en sistemas operativos mediante la implementación de algoritmos tradicionales como FCFS, SJF, STCF y RR, comparándolos con un enfoque moderno basado en aprendizaje automático. Se evalúa su desempeño a través de métricas como tiempo de turnaround y tiempo de respuesta, con visualizaciones como diagramas de Gantt para entender su comportamiento.



FCFS(First Come First Served)

Proceso	Arrival time	Run time
Α	0	5
В	0	4
С	5	3

Tturnarround, A = 5-0 = 5 Tturnarround, B = 9-0 = 9 Tturnarround, C = 12-5 = 7 Tturnarround, avg = 21/3 = 7



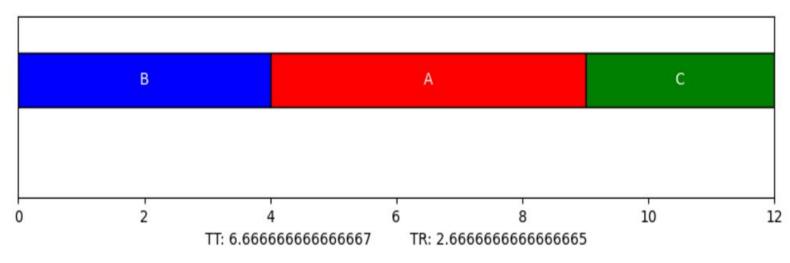
Tresponse, A = 0-0 = 0Tresponse, B = 5-0 = 5Tresponse, C = 9-5 = 4Tresponse, C = 9/3 = 3



SJF(Shortest Job First)

Proceso	Arrival time	Run time
Α	0	5
В	0	4
С	5	3

Tturnarround, A = 9-0 = 9 Tturnarround, B = 4-0 = 4 Tturnarround, C = 12-5 = 7 Tturnarround, avg = 20/3 = 6.6



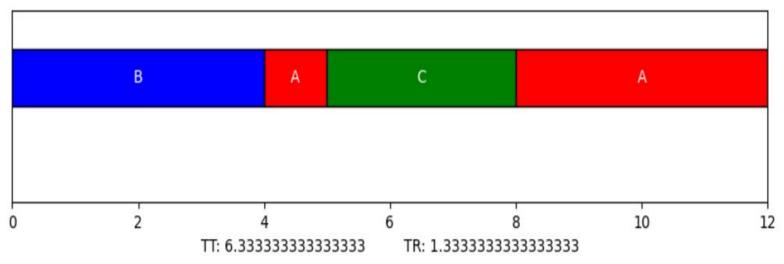
Tresponse, A = 4-0 = 4Tresponse, B = 0-0 = 0Tresponse, C = 9-5 = 4Tresponse, avg = 8/3 = 2.6

Total =
$$9.2$$

STCF(Shortest Time to Completion First)

Proceso	Arrival time	Run time
А	0	5
В	0	4
С	5	3

Tturnarround, A = 12-0 = 12 Tturnarround, B = 4-0 = 4 Tturnarround, C = 8-5 = 3 Tturnarround, avg = 19/3 = 6.3

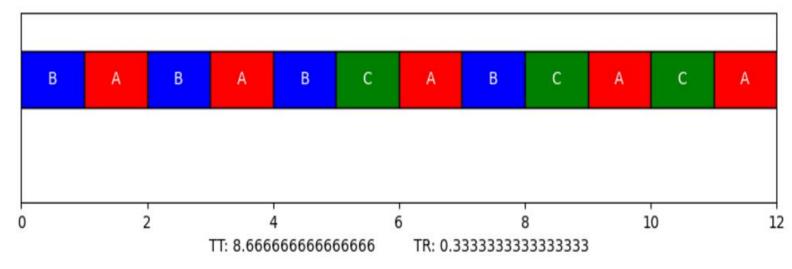


Tresponse, A = 4-0 = 4Tresponse, B = 0-0 = 0Tresponse, C = 5-5 = 0Tresponse, C = 4/3 = 1.3

RR(Round Robin)

Proceso	Arrival time	Run time
Α	0	5
В	0	4
С	5	3

Tturnarround, A = 12-0 = 12 Tturnarround, B = 8-0 = 8 Tturnarround, C = 11-5 = 6 Tturnarround, avg = 26/3 = 8.6



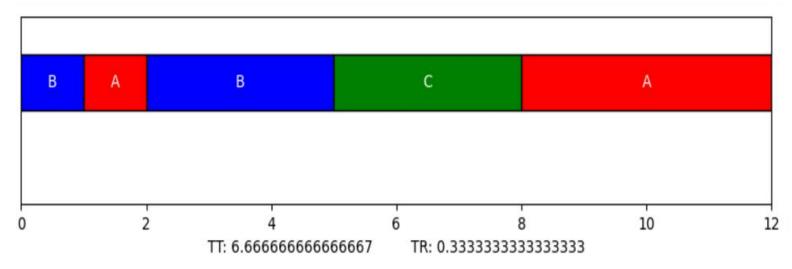
Tresponse, A = 1-0 = 1Tresponse, B = 0-0 = 0Tresponse, C = 5-5 = 0Tresponse, C = 1/3 = 0.3



Modelo

Proceso	Arrival time	Run time
Α	0	5
В	0	4
С	5	3

Tturnarround, A = 12-0 = 12 Tturnarround, B = 5-0 = 5 Tturnarround, C = 8-5 = 3 Tturnarround, avg = 20/3 = 6.6

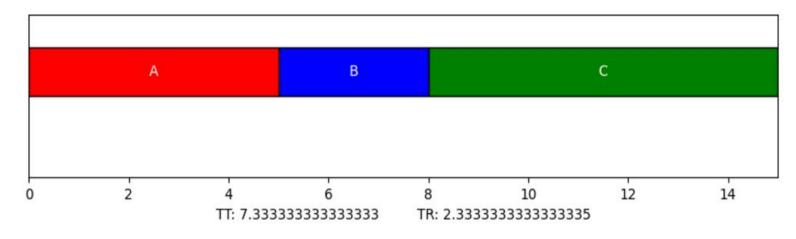


Tresponse, A = 1-0 = 1Tresponse, B = 0-0 = 0Tresponse, C = 5-5 = 0Tresponse, C = 1/3 = 0.3

FCFS(First Come First Served)

Proceso	Arrival time	Run time
Α	0	5
В	2	3
С	4	7

Tturnarround, A = 5-0 = 5 Tturnarround, B = 8-2 = 6 Tturnarround, C = 15-4 = 11 Tturnarround, avg = 22/3 = 7.3



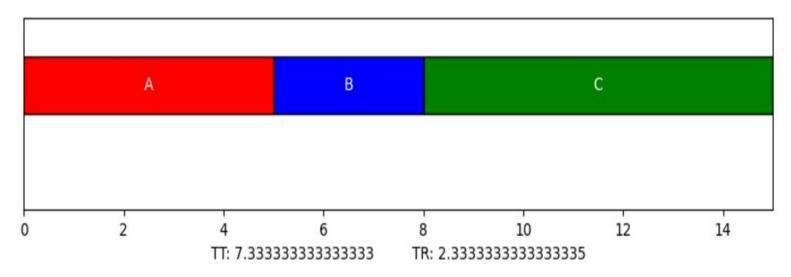
Tresponse, A = 0-0 = 0Tresponse, B = 5-2 = 3Tresponse, C = 8-4 = 4Tresponse, C = 8-4 = 4



SJF(Shortest Job First)

Proceso	Arrival time	Run time
Α	0	5
В	2	3
С	4	7

Tturnarround, A = 5-0 = 5 Tturnarround, B = 8-2 = 6 Tturnarround, C = 15-4 = 11 Tturnarround, avg = 22/3 = 7.3



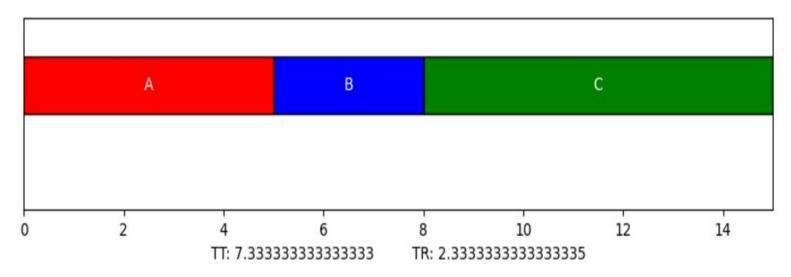
Tresponse, A = 0-0 = 0Tresponse, B = 5-2 = 3Tresponse, C = 8-4 = 4Tresponse, C = 8-4 = 4

Total =
$$9.6$$

STCF(Shortest Time to Completion First)

Proceso	Arrival time	Run time
Α	0	5
В	2	3
С	4	7

Tturnarround, A = 5-0 = 5 Tturnarround, B = 8-2 = 6 Tturnarround, C = 15-4 = 11 Tturnarround, avg = 22/3 = 7.3

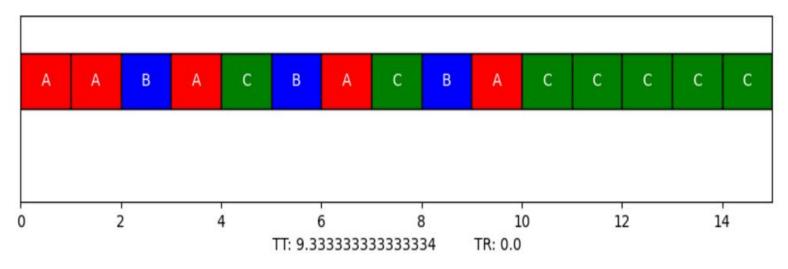


Tresponse, A = 0-0 = 0Tresponse, B = 5-2 = 3Tresponse, C = 8-4 = 4Tresponse, avg = 7/3 = 2.3

RR(Round Robin)

Proceso	Arrival time	Run time
Α	0	5
В	2	3
С	4	7

Tturnarround, A = 10-0 = 10 Tturnarround, B = 9-2 = 7 Tturnarround, C = 15-4 = 11 Tturnarround, avg = 28/3 = 9.3



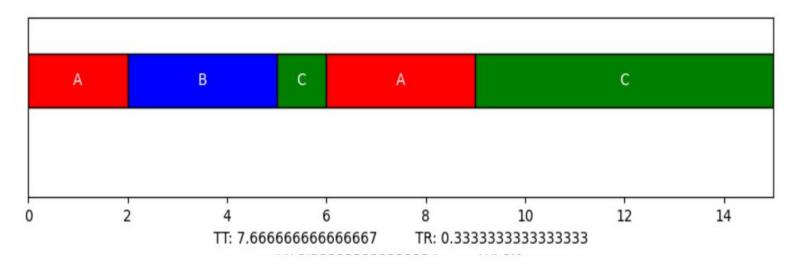
Tresponse, A = 0-0 = 0Tresponse, B = 2-2 = 0Tresponse, C = 4-4 = 0Tresponse, C = 4-4 = 0



Modelo

Proceso	Arrival time	Run time
Α	0	5
В	2	3
С	4	7

Tturnarround, A = 9-0 = 9 Tturnarround, B = 5-2 = 3 Tturnarround, C = 15-4 = 11 Tturnarround, avg = 23/3 = 7.6



Tresponse, A = 0-0 = 0Tresponse, B = 2-2 = 0Tresponse, C = 5-4 = 1Tresponse, C = 0.3 = 0.3

Código

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/13rbmYk6tEdietAjv32JV5 Ak7K2BRf93A?usp=chrome ntp#scrollTo=Z lbxMOPlQdY&uniqifier=1



Muchas gracias

