

Nmap Scan Report - Scanned at Sun Sep 15 08:12:03 2024

Scan Summary

Nmap 7.94SVN was initiated at Sun Sep 15 08:12:03 2024 with these arguments:  
nmap -Pn -A -n -v --script=vuln -oA myscan-vuln 192.168.150.135

Verbosity: 1; Debug level 0

Nmap done at Sun Sep 15 08:17:32 2024; 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 329.21 seconds

192.168.150.135(online)

Address

- 192.168.150.135 (ipv4)
- 08:00:27:BB:47:56 - Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC (mac)

Ports

The 994 ports scanned but not shown below are in state: **closed**

- 994 ports replied with: **reset**

Port		State	Service	Reason	Product	Version	Extra info		
22	tcp	open	ssh	syn-ack	OpenSSH	2.9p2	protocol 1.99		
80	tcp	open	http	syn-ack	Apache httpd	1.3.20	(Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b		
http-server-header		Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b							
http-trace		TRACE is enabled							
http-dombased-xss		Couldn't find any DOM based XSS.							
http-stored-xss		Couldn't find any stored XSS vulnerabilities.							
http-enum		/test.php: Test page /icons/: Potentially interesting directory w/ listing on 'apache/1.3.20' /manual/: Potentially interesting directory w/ listing on 'apache/1.3.20' /usage/: Potentially interesting folder							
http-csrf		Couldn't find any CSRF vulnerabilities.							
111	tcp	open	rpcbind	syn-ack		2	RPC #100000		
rpcinfo		program	version	port/proto	service				
		100000	2	111/tcp	rpcbind				
		100000	2	111/udp	rpcbind				
		100024	1	32768/tcp	status				
		100024	1	32768/udp	status				
139	tcp	open	netbios-ssn	syn-ack	Samba smbd		workgroup: MYGROUP		
443	tcp	open	https	syn-ack	Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b				
sslv2-drown		ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)							
http-dombased-xss		Couldn't find any DOM based XSS.							
http-aspnet-debug		ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)							
http-stored-xss		Couldn't find any stored XSS vulnerabilities.							
http-server-header		Apache/1.3.20 (Unix) (Red-Hat/Linux) mod_ssl/2.8.4 OpenSSL/0.9.6b							
ssl-poodle		VULNERABLE: SSL POODLE information leak State: VULNERABLE IDs: CVE:CVE-2014-3566 BID:70574 The SSL protocol 3.0, as used in OpenSSL through 1.0.1i and other products, uses nondeterministic CBC padding, which makes it easier for man-in-the-middle attackers to obtain cleartext data via a padding-oracle attack, aka the "POODLE" issue. Disclosure date: 2014-10-14 Check results: TLS_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA References: <a href="https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2014-3566">https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2014-3566</a> <a href="https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf">https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf</a> <a href="https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html">https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html</a> <a href="https://www.securityfocus.com/bid/70574">https://www.securityfocus.com/bid/70574</a>							
http-csrf		Couldn't find any CSRF vulnerabilities.							

ssl-ccs-injection	<p>VULNERABLE: SSL/TLS MITM vulnerability (CCS Injection) State: VULNERABLE Risk factor: High OpenSSL before 0.9.8za, 1.0.0 before 1.0.0m, and 1.0.1 before 1.0.1h does not properly restrict processing of ChangeCipherSpec messages, which allows man-in-the-middle attackers to trigger use of a zero length master key in certain OpenSSL-to-OpenSSL communications, and consequently hijack sessions or obtain sensitive information, via a crafted TLS handshake, aka the "CCS Injection" vulnerability.</p> <p>References: <a href="http://www.cvedetails.com/cve/2014-0224">http://www.cvedetails.com/cve/2014-0224</a> <a href="http://www.openssl.org/news/secadv_20140605.txt">http://www.openssl.org/news/secadv_20140605.txt</a> <a href="https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2014-0224">https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2014-0224</a></p>
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ssl-dh-params	<p>VULNERABLE: Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol DHE_EXPORT Ciphers Downgrade MitM (Logjam) State: VULNERABLE IDs: CVE:CVE-2015-4000 BID:74733 The Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol contains a flaw that is triggered when handling Diffie-Hellman key exchanges defined with the DHE_EXPORT cipher. This may allow a man-in-the-middle attacker to downgrade the security of a TLS session to 512-bit export-grade cryptography, which is significantly weaker, allowing the attacker to more easily break the encryption and monitor or tamper with the encrypted stream. Disclosure date: 2015-5-19 Check results: EXPORT-GRADE DH GROUP 1 Cipher Suite: TLS_DHE_RSA_EXPORT_WITH_DES40_CBC_SHA Modulus Type: Safe prime Modulus Source: mod_ssl 2.0.x/512-bit MODP group with safe prime modulus Modulus Length: 512 Generator Length: 8 Public Key Length: 512</p> <p>References: <a href="https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2015-4000">https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2015-4000</a> <a href="https://www.securityfocus.com/bid/74733">https://www.securityfocus.com/bid/74733</a> <a href="https://weakdh.org">https://weakdh.org</a></p> <p>Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Insufficient Group Strength State: VULNERABLE Transport Layer Security (TLS) services that use Diffie-Hellman groups of insufficient strength, especially those using one of a few commonly shared groups, may be susceptible to passive eavesdropping attacks. Check results: WEAK DH GROUP 1 Cipher Suite: TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA Modulus Type: Safe prime Modulus Source: mod_ssl 2.0.x/1024-bit MODP group with safe prime modulus Modulus Length: 1024 Generator Length: 8 Public Key Length: 1024</p> <p>References: <a href="https://weakdh.org">https://weakdh.org</a></p>
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32768 tcp	open	status	syn-ack	1	RPC #100024
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**Remote Operating System Detection**

- Used port: 22/tcp (open)
- Used port: 1/tcp (closed)
- Used port: 33041/udp (closed)
- OS match: Linux 2.4.9 - 2.4.18 (likely embedded) (100%)

**Host Script Output**

Script Name	Output
smb-vuln-ms10-054	false
samba-vuln-cve-2012-1182	Could not negotiate a connection:SMB: ERROR: Server returned less data than it was supposed to (one or more fields are missing); aborting [14]
smb-vuln-ms10-061	Could not negotiate a connection:SMB: ERROR: Server returned less data than it was supposed to (one or more fields are missing); aborting [14]

smb-vuln-cve2009-3103	<p>VULNERABLE: SMBv2 exploit (CVE-2009-3103, Microsoft Security Advisory 975497) State: VULNERABLE IDs: CVE:CVE-2009-3103 Array index error in the SMBv2 protocol implementation in srv2.sys in Microsoft Windows Vista Gold, SP1, and SP2, Windows Server 2008 Gold and SP2, and Windows 7 RC allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (system crash) via an &amp; (ampersand) character in a Process ID High header field in a NEGOTIATE PROTOCOL REQUEST packet, which triggers an attempted dereference of an out-of-bounds memory location, aka "SMBv2 Negotiation Vulnerability."</p> <p>Disclosure date: 2009-09-08 References: <a href="http://www.cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2009-3103">http://www.cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2009-3103</a> <a href="https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2009-3103">https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2009-3103</a></p>
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**Misc Metrics**

Metric	Value
Ping Results	arp-response
System Uptime	2247 seconds (last reboot: Sun Sep 15 07:40:05 2024)
Network Distance	1 hops
TCP Sequence Prediction	Difficulty=196 (Good luck!)
IP ID Sequence Generation	All zeros