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Department of Computer Science and Engineering

1st Year 1st Semester B.Sc. (Engg.) Examination-2014

Course: CSE102 Title: Structured Programming

Full Marks:70

Time:4 hours

N.B.

- Answer **SIX** questions, taking any **THREE** from each section.
- All questions are of **equal** values.
- Use separate answer script for each section.

Section A

- What are the primitive data types used in C? Interpret the following variable declaration in gcc compiler: `int x;` 2+1=3
 - Explain each part of the following program in C: 4

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a,b,c;
    scanf("%d%d", &a, &b);
    c=a+b;
    printf("Summation of %d and %d is %d", b,a,c);
    return 0;
}
```
- How can an identifier be declared? 2
 - How a floating point number is organized into memory? 2
 - How many times does "Hello" appear by the following program fragment? 2

```
{
    for(;;){
        printf("Hello");
        if(1) break;
    }
}
```
- Suppose, a, b, c are integer variables with initial value 10, 5 and 30 respectively. Find the value of c after execution of the following statement: 3
`c += (a > 0 && a < 10) ? a++ : a/b ;`

- What will be the output of the following program: 3/3

```
int main()
{
    int i, j;
    for(i=1; i<5; i++){
        for(j=1; j<=i; j++){
            if(i==j)    printf("1");
            else        printf("0");
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```
- Write the purpose of **continue** in a loop with an example. 3
 - What will be the output of the following code segment: 2

```
int main()
{
    int i, n;
    for(n=1; n<8; n++)
    {
        for(i=1; i<n; i++)
            printf("%d", 8-i);
        printf("\n");
    }
}
```
- What is the difference between call by value and call by reference? Clarify it with example of each. 3/3
 - Describe the memory representation of a two-dimensional array, a[3][2]. If the starting address is a, then what will be the address of a[2][1]? 2+2
 - What is the output of the following statement? 2
`printf("%d", !strcmp("push", "pull"));`
 - Write a program to test a string as a palindrome. 4
 - Illustrate the printed result of the following program: 3/3

```
int main() {
    int *pc, c;
    c=22;
    pc=&c;
    printf("%d\n", *pc);
    c=11;
    printf("%d\n", *pc);
    *pc=2;
}
```

```
printf("Value of c: %d\n",c);
return 0;
}
```

- c) What is the difference between function prototype and function definition? 2
- d) How many times does "Bangladesh" appear by the following program fragment? 2

```
int main()
{
    printf("Bangladesh");
    main();
}
```

Section B

5. a) What is the base criteria of a recursive function? 2
- b) Write a program to calculate factorial using a recursive function and illustrate the execution of the function to calculate factorial 5. $3+\frac{2}{3}$
- c) Convert the following switch statement into if-else equivalent statement 3

```
int main()
{
    char grade;
    scanf("%c", &grade);
    switch(grade)
    {
        case 'A': printf("Excellent\n");
                break;
        case 'B':
        case 'C': printf("Well done\n");
                break;
        case 'D':
        case 'F': printf("Better try again\n");
                break;
        default : printf("Invalid grade\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

6. a) How does a structure differ from an array? $1\frac{2}{3}$

- b) Define a structure type, **struct book** containing three member variables for book's title, author, and price. Using this structure write a program to read information for the book from the keyboard and print the same on the screen. 5

- c) Define local, global and static variables with appropriate examples. 3

- d) Illustrate structure padding with comprehensive examples and appropriate figures. 2

7. a) When do we use the following functions? 2

- i) free()
- ii) fclose()

- b) Illustrate the printed result of the following program: 3

```
int main()
{
    int num=212,i;
    for (i=0;i<=2;i++)
        printf("%d\n",num>>i);
    for (i=0;i<=2;i++)
        printf("%d\n",num<<i);
    return 0;
}
```

- c) Write a program to multiply two $n \times k$ and $k \times m$ matrices. $4\frac{2}{3}$

- d) String can be read using both **scanf()** and **gets()** functions. Compare them critically and describe situations where one is superior to the others. 2

8. a) Describe the different modes by which data files can be opened in C. $4\frac{2}{3}$

- b) Write a program to copy the contents of the *input.txt* file to the *output.txt* file. 5

- c) Explain the usage of the functions **fread()** and **fwrite()**. 2