



Network Fundamentals

OSI and TCP/IP

TCP and UDP

Network devices

Cloud resources

Three Tier and collapsed core

Network topologies

Network cabling

IPv4 addressing and subnetting

- configure, verify, and troubleshoot

IPv4 address types

Private IPv4 addressing

IPv6 addressing schemes

IPv6 addressing

- configure, verify, and troubleshoot

IPv6 SLAAC

- configure, verify, and troubleshoot

IPv6 address types

OSI and TCP/IP Models

	OSI
7	<u>A</u> pplication
6	<u>P</u> resentation
5	<u>S</u> ession
4	<u>T</u> ransport
3	<u>N</u> etwork
2	<u>D</u> ata Link
1	<u>P</u> hysical

“Please do not throw sausage pizza away!”

OSI and TCP/IP Models

	OSI	TCP/IP
7	Application	Application
6	Presentation	
5	Session	
4	Transport	Transport
3	Network	Internet
2	Data Link	Network Access
1	Physical	

OSI and TCP/IP Models - PDU

	OSI	TCP/IP	Protocol Data Unit
7	Application	Application	Data
6	Presentation		
5	Session		
4	Transport	Transport	Segments
3	Network	Internet	Packets
2	Data Link	Network Access	Frames
1	Physical		Bits

OSI and TCP/IP Models - Devices

Layer	Devices
7	Layer 7 Firewall
6	
5	
4	Layer 4 Firewall
3	Router, Multilayer Switch, Wireless Router
2	Switch, Bridge, NIC, Wireless Access Point
1	Hub, NIC, Wireless Access Point

OSI and TCP/IP Models - Internet Protocol Suite

Layer	Internet Protocol Suite
7	HTTP, DNS, DHCP, FTP, Telnet, SSH, SMTP, POP, IMAP, NTP, SNMP, TLS/SSL, BGP, RIP, SIP
6	
5	
4	TCP, UDP
3	IPv4, IPv6, ICMP, ICMPv6, IPSec, OSPF, EIGRP
2	MAC, ARP, Ethernet 802.3, CDP, LLDP, HDLC, PPP, DSL, L2TP, 802.11, SONET/SDH
1	

Application Layer

	OSI	TCP/IP	Function
7	Application	Application	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Applications, protocols and services that interface with the end user- Data is formatted, converted, encrypted decrypted compressed and decompressed and sent or presented to the user (MIME types),- Open, close and manage a session between end-user application processes (RPC)
6	Presentation		
5	Session		
4	Transport	Transport	
3	Network	Internet	
2	Data Link	Network Access	
1	Physical		

Transport Layer

	OSI	TCP/IP	Function
7	Application	Application	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Facilitates end-to-end communications between multiple applications simultaneously (ports)- Reliable and unreliable end-to-end data transport and data stream services (TCP, UDP, SCTP)- Connection oriented, connectionless communications, and data stream services(session establishment and termination)
6	Presentation		
5	Session		
4	Transport	Transport	
3	Network	Internet	
2	Data Link	Network Access	
1	Physical		

Network Layer

	OSI	TCP/IP	Function
7	Application	Application	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Provide host addressing (IP)- Choose the best path to the destination network (Routing)- Switch packets out of the correct interface (Forwarding)- Maintain quality of service (QoS)- Connectionless end-to-end networking
6	Presentation		
5	Session		
4	Transport	Transport	
3	Network	Internet	
2	Data Link	Network Access	
1	Physical		

Data Link Layer

	OSI	TCP/IP	Function
7	Application	Application	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- 2 sublayers:<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Logical Link Control (LLC, 802.2) provides services to the upper layers- Media Access Control (MAC) defines how devices access the medium CSMA/CD, CSMA/CA, Token Passing Host addressing (MAC addressing)- Layer 2 Framing- Error Checking (CRC)
6	Presentation		
5	Session		
4	Transport	Transport	
3	Network	Internet	
2	Data Link	Network Access	
1	Physical		

Encapsulation and Decapsulation

Encapsulation



	OSI	TCP/IP
7	Application	Application
6	Presentation	
5	Session	
4	Transport	Transport
3	Network	Internet
2	Data Link	Network Access
1	Physical	

Decapsulation



Encapsulation

Application	Data	Data				
Transport	Segments	T	D	T	D	Transport Header Data
Internet	Packets				Network Header Transport Header	Data
Network Access	Frames	Frame Header	Network Header	Transport Header	Data	Frame Trailer
	Bits	11110100101010110110101010101010111				