Assignment #2 Due: 8th of April, 2021

NOTE: Read this please

- 1 Take a print of this assignment (If there is no nearby printer then write it again in the same format along with the spaces provided for answer.
- 2 some questions may need you to do some rough work. Do it on a blank sheet and write on the top of the sheet 'Rough Work'
- 3 Solve it using pen
- 4 Take snaps
- 5 Make a pdf
- 6 Submit

Q1: Use the principle of resolution to show that the hypothesis "Chohan works hard", "If Chohan works hard then he is a dull boy", "if Chohan is a dull boy, he will not get a job" imply the conclusion "Chohan will not get the job". (Marks 3)

Solution:

P1:	C1:	
P2:	C2:	
P3:	C3:	
C:	C4:	
	C5:	From and
	C6:	From and
	C7:	From and

Q2: Write the negation of the following statements in English using the logical equivalence of $\neg \forall x \ P(x) = \exists x \neg P(x) \ \text{and} \ \neg \exists x \ P(x) = \forall x \neg P(x)$. No credit will be given if you didn't use these logical equivalences. (6 marks)

a.
$$\forall x \forall y (P(x,y) \rightarrow \sim Q(x,y))$$

Solution:

b.
$$\exists x \forall y (P(x,y) V \sim Q(x,y))$$

Solution:

Note: When you are done with simplification of the quantifiers then also use the equivalences of $P \rightarrow Q = P V Q$ and Demorgan law to simplify further your answer. I will deduct marks if you ignore this.

	esponding to the following using only the predicates, logical ag else. Assume the domain of $x,y = \{1,2,3\}$ (Marks 9)
$\exists x \ \neg \forall y \ P(x,y) =$	
$\forall x \exists y \neg P(x,y) =$	
Smullyan. The knights only speak the regardless they are happy or sad. Y A and B are if they address you in the you draw any conclusions? (Marks 2 A says "The two of us are both knight B says "A is a knave"	•
Solution: P = A is a knight	\sim P = A is a knave
Q = B is a knight	\sim Q = B is a knave
Scenario 1: Assume all knights to be h	happy
CASE 1:,	
CASE 2:,	
CASE 3:	_
CASE 4:,	
Conclusion: A is	, B is
	-/

Scenario 2: Assume all knight	hts to be sad (means the k	nights will speak lies now	·)
CASE 1:,			
CASE 2:,,,			
CASE 3:,,			
CASE 4:,			
Conclusion: A is	, B is		
Q5: Assume that the statem form. Make the following f Converse:			
Contrapositive:			
Inverse:			