



MISSION HACKERS

BANGLADESH

Assignment No-07

Assignment Title: Passive Reconnaissance

Course Title: Cybersecurity & Ethical Hacking

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Submission Date: 08-07-25

Tools Task / Topic: Google Dork, DNSInfo, Maltego

Submitted to:

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Google Dork :

Google Dorking (also called Google Hacking) is the use of advanced search operators in Google to find **sensitive information** or **vulnerabilities** that are publicly exposed on the internet — often unintentionally.

✓ It's legal *only if* used for ethical hacking and with proper permission.

✗ It's illegal to exploit systems or data without consent.

Why is it used in Cybersecurity?

Ethical hackers and security researchers use it to:

- Find exposed login pages
- Discover open directories
- Locate vulnerable servers
- Uncover sensitive documents (PDFs, Excel sheets)
- Search camera feeds, passwords, config files, and more

Basic Syntax of Google Dorks

Here's a breakdown of commonly used **Google search operators**:

Operator	Description	Example
site:	Search only within a specific website	site:gov.bd
intitle:	Search words in the title of a webpage	intitle:"login page"
inurl:	Search keywords in the URL	inurl:admin
filetype:	Search specific file types (PDF, DOCX, XLSX...)	filetype:pdf "password"
ext:	Same as filetype:	ext:xls "confidential"

Operator	Description	Example
intext:	Finds a keyword in the body text	intext:"username=admin"
cache:	Show cached version of a page	cache:example.com
link:	Find pages that link to a specific URL	link:example.com

Google Dork Examples

Goal	Dork
Find login pages	inurl:login or intitle:"Login Page"
Discover exposed admin panels	inurl:admin or intitle:"Admin Panel"
Find config files	filetype:env or filetype:xml "config"
Search for database dumps	filetype:sql "password"
Locate unsecured webcams	inurl:/view.shtml
Find Excel files with emails	filetype:xls intext:@gmail.com
PDFs containing passwords	filetype:pdf "username password"
Open directories	intitle:index.of

Responsible Usage

 We will Use Google Dorking for:

- Cybersecurity research
- Bug bounty (if allowed by target's scope)
- Learning in our **lab environment**
- Penetration testing with permission

 Never:

- Exploit vulnerabilities that we discover
- Access unauthorized systems or data
- Share or sell discovered sensitive info

More Advance Google Dork List :

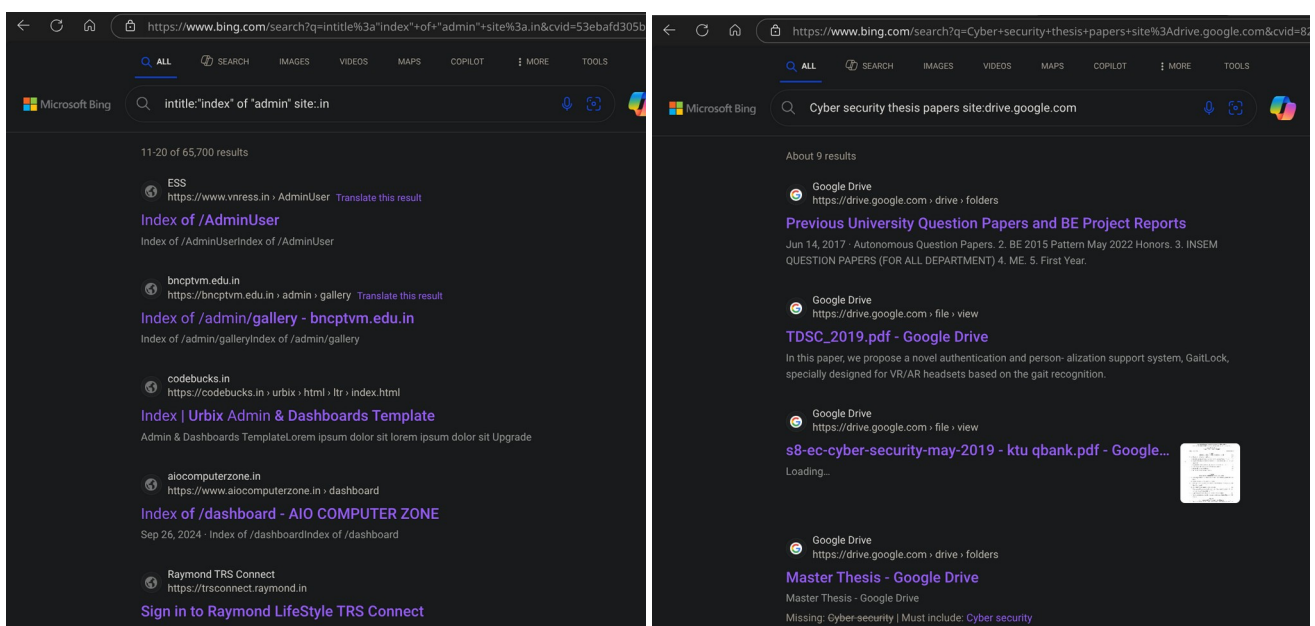
- Find all indexed pages
`site:vulnweb.com`
- Find login pages
`site:vulnweb.com inurl:login`
- Find admin panels
`site:vulnweb.com inurl:admin`
- Find config files
`site:vulnweb.com ext:xml OR ext:conf`
- Search for password in logs
`site:vulnweb.com intext:password filetype:log`
- Find backup files
`site:vulnweb.com ext:bak OR ext:old OR ext:backup`
- Search for SQL error messages
`site:vulnweb.com intext:"You have an error in your SQL syntax"`
- Find public documents
`site:vulnweb.com filetype:pdf OR filetype:docx`
- Find confidential info
`site:vulnweb.com intext:"confidential" OR intext:"private"`
- Check for SQL injection points
`site:vulnweb.com inurl:"id=" intext:"sql"`

SQL Injection →

Username : 1'or'1'='1

Password : 1'or'1'='1

Examples :



First of all we need to get information of any web server.

So, we will seek information of any website using **Whois** :

Open Terminal [ctrl+alt+t] and run whois <website>

whois vulnweb.com

```
(spyder@kali)-[~]
$ whois vulnweb.com
Domain Name: VULNWEB.COM
Registry Domain ID: 1602006391_DOMAIN_COM-VRSN
Registrar WHOIS Server: whois.eurodns.com
Registrar URL: http://www.EuroDNS.com
Updated Date: 2025-05-20T08:14:02Z
Creation Date: 2010-06-14T07:50:29Z
Registry Expiry Date: 2026-06-14T07:50:29Z
Registrar: EuroDNS S.A.
Registrar IANA ID: 1052
Registrar Abuse Contact Email: legalservices@eurodns.com
Registrar Abuse Contact Phone: +352.27220150
Domain Status: clientTransferProhibited https://icann.org/epp#clientTransferProhibited
Name Server: NS1.EURODNS.COM
Name Server: NS2.EURODNS.COM
Name Server: NS3.EURODNS.COM
Name Server: NS4.EURODNS.COM
DNSSEC: unsigned
URL of the ICANN Whois Inaccuracy Complaint Form: https://www.icann.org/wicf/
>>> Last update of whois database: 2025-07-27T15:22:51Z <<<

For more information on Whois status codes, please visit https://icann.org/epp

NOTICE: The expiration date displayed in this record is the date the
registrar's sponsorship of the domain name registration in the registry is
currently set to expire. This date does not necessarily reflect the expiration
date of the domain name registrant's agreement with the sponsoring
registrar. Users may consult the sponsoring registrar's Whois database to
view the registrar's reported date of expiration for this registration.

TERMS OF USE: You are not authorized to access or query our Whois
database through the use of electronic processes that are high-volume and
automated except as reasonably necessary to register domain names or
modify existing registrations; the Data in VeriSign Global Registry
Services' ("VeriSign") Whois database is provided by VeriSign for
information purposes only, and to assist persons in obtaining information
about or related to a domain name registration record. VeriSign does not
guarantee its accuracy. By submitting a Whois query, you agree to abide
by the following terms of use: You agree that you may use this Data only
for lawful purposes and that under no circumstances will you use this Data
to: (1) allow, enable, or otherwise support the transmission of mass
unsolicited, commercial advertising or solicitations via e-mail, telephone,
```

Using GUI website :

The screenshot shows the Whois website interface. The domain being queried is **vulnweb.com**, which was last updated 6 days ago. The domain information is as follows:

Domain Information	
Domain:	vulnweb.com
Registered On:	2010-06-14
Expires On:	2026-06-14
Updated On:	2025-05-20
Status:	client transfer prohibited
Name Servers:	ns1.eurodns.com ns2.eurodns.com ns3.eurodns.com ns4.eurodns.com

Below the domain information is the Registrar Information:

Registrar Information	
Registrar:	EuroDNS S.A.
IANA ID:	1052
Abuse Email:	legalservices@eurodns.com
Abuse Phone:	+352.27220150

There is also a section for Registrant Contact, which is currently empty. On the right side of the page, there are suggestions for similar domains, each with a 'Buy Now' button:

- thevulnweb.com
- vulnwebgroup.com
- myvulnweb.com
- vulnwebshop.com
- vulnweb.net
- vulnwebonline.net

At the bottom right, there is a promotional banner for .space domains, showing a price of \$1.18 (down from \$29.88) with a 'BUY NOW' button and a note that stocks are limited.

Taking Name Server info using nslookup :

nslookup vulnweb.com

```
(spyder@kali)-[~]
$ nslookup vulnweb.com
Server:      192.168.0.1
Address:     192.168.0.1#53

Non-authoritative answer:
Name:   vulnweb.com
Address: 44.228.249.3

(spyder@kali)-[~]
$ nslookup -type=NS vulnweb.com
Server:      192.168.0.1
Address:     192.168.0.1#53

Non-authoritative answer:
vulnweb.com    nameserver = ns1.eurodns.com.
vulnweb.com    nameserver = ns4.eurodns.com.
vulnweb.com    nameserver = ns2.eurodns.com.
vulnweb.com    nameserver = ns3.eurodns.com.

Authoritative answers can be found from:

(spyder@kali)-[~]
$ nslookup vulnweb.com
```

DIG (Domain Information Groper) :

Open Terminal and run :

dig vulnweb.com

```
(spyder@kali)-[~]
$ dig vulnweb.com

; <<>> DiG 9.20.9-1-Debian <<>> vulnweb.com
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 27286
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags;; udp: 512
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;vulnweb.com.                IN      A

;; ANSWER SECTION:
vulnweb.com.                3600    IN      A      44.228.249.3

;; Query time: 116 msec
;; SERVER: 192.168.0.1#53(192.168.0.1) (UDP)
;; WHEN: Sun Jul 27 21:48:38 +06 2025
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 56
```

Automatic Scripting Tools [dnsinfo]

Open terminal and clone

<https://github.com/ShajalalCSE/dnsinfo.git>

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ ./dnsinfo.sh vulnweb.com
[+] Starting advanced DNS recon for: vulnweb.com
-----
[*] Basic DNS Records:
vulnweb.com.          3600    IN      HINFO   "RFC8482" ""
ns4.eurodns.com.
ns1.eurodns.com.
ns3.eurodns.com.
ns2.eurodns.com.
"google-site-verification=4LQ0RV-lTi-d4GPxtBEQWmFnwff7UAazQc9gZvHukbw"
"v=spf1 -all"

[*] A & AAAA Records:
44.228.249.3

[*] Zone Transfer Attempt:
[>] Trying AXFR on ns4.eurodns.com.

; <<>> DiG 9.20.9-1-Debian <<>> @ns4.eurodns.com. vulnweb.com AXFR
; (2 servers found)
;; global options: +cmd
; Transfer failed.
[>] Trying AXFR on ns2.eurodns.com.

; <<>> DiG 9.20.9-1-Debian <<>> @ns2.eurodns.com. vulnweb.com AXFR
; (2 servers found)
;; global options: +cmd
; Transfer failed.
[>] Trying AXFR on ns1.eurodns.com.

; <<>> DiG 9.20.9-1-Debian <<>> @ns1.eurodns.com. vulnweb.com AXFR
; (2 servers found)
;; global options: +cmd
; Transfer failed.
[>] Trying AXFR on ns3.eurodns.com.

; <<>> DiG 9.20.9-1-Debian <<>> @ns3.eurodns.com. vulnweb.com AXFR
; (2 servers found)
;; global options: +cmd
; Transfer failed.

[*] DNSSEC Status:
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1
; EDNS: version: 0, flags: do; udp: 512

[*] Brute-force Subdomains:
www.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3
mail.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3
ftp.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3
dev.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3
admin.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3
test.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3
staging.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3
beta.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3
blog.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3
api.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3
```


portal.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3
webmail.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3
cpanel.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3
vpn.vulnweb.com has address 44.228.249.3

```
[*] dnsrecon Scan:
[*] std: Performing General Enumeration against: vulnweb.com...
[!] Wildcard resolution is enabled on this domain
[!] It is resolving to 44.228.249.3
[!] All queries will resolve to this list of addresses!!
[*] Checking for Zone Transfer for vulnweb.com name servers
[*] Resolving SOA Record
[+] SOA ns1.eurodns.com 199.167.66.107
[+] SOA ns1.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b002::107
[*] Resolving NS Records
[*] NS Servers found:
[+] NS ns2.eurodns.com 104.37.178.107
[+] NS ns2.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b001::107
[+] NS ns4.eurodns.com 104.37.178.108
[+] NS ns4.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b001::108
[+] NS ns3.eurodns.com 199.167.66.108
[+] NS ns3.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b002::108
[+] NS ns1.eurodns.com 199.167.66.107
[+] NS ns1.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b002::107
[*] Removing any duplicate NS server IP Addresses...
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 2610:1c8:b001::108
[-] Zone Transfer Failed for 2610:1c8:b001::108!
[-] Port 53 TCP is being filtered
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 199.167.66.108
[+] 199.167.66.108 Has port 53 TCP Open
[-] Zone Transfer Failed (Zone transfer error: REFUSED)
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 2610:1c8:b002::107
[-] Zone Transfer Failed for 2610:1c8:b002::107!
[-] Port 53 TCP is being filtered
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 104.37.178.107
[+] 104.37.178.107 Has port 53 TCP Open
[-] Zone Transfer Failed (Zone transfer error: REFUSED)
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 199.167.66.107
[+] 199.167.66.107 Has port 53 TCP Open
[-] Zone Transfer Failed (Zone transfer error: REFUSED)
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 2610:1c8:b002::108
[-] Zone Transfer Failed for 2610:1c8:b002::108!
[-] Port 53 TCP is being filtered
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 2610:1c8:b001::107
[-] Zone Transfer Failed for 2610:1c8:b001::107!
[-] Port 53 TCP is being filtered
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 104.37.178.108
[+] 104.37.178.108 Has port 53 TCP Open
[-] Zone Transfer Failed (Zone transfer error: REFUSED)
[*] Checking for Zone Transfer for vulnweb.com name servers
[*] Resolving SOA Record
[+] SOA ns1.eurodns.com 199.167.66.107
[+] SOA ns1.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b002::107
[*] Resolving NS Records
[*] NS Servers found:
[+] NS ns2.eurodns.com 104.37.178.107
[+] NS ns2.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b001::107
[+] NS ns3.eurodns.com 199.167.66.108
```

```

[+] NS ns3.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b002::108
[+] NS ns1.eurodns.com 199.167.66.107
[+] NS ns1.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b002::107
[+] NS ns4.eurodns.com 104.37.178.108
[+] NS ns4.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b001::108
[*] Removing any duplicate NS server IP Addresses...
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 2610:1c8:b001::108
[-] Zone Transfer Failed for 2610:1c8:b001::108!
[-] Port 53 TCP is being filtered
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 199.167.66.108
[+] 199.167.66.108 Has port 53 TCP Open
[-] Zone Transfer Failed (Zone transfer error: REFUSED)
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 2610:1c8:b002::107
[-] Zone Transfer Failed for 2610:1c8:b002::107!
[-] Port 53 TCP is being filtered
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 104.37.178.107
[+] 104.37.178.107 Has port 53 TCP Open
[-] Zone Transfer Failed (Zone transfer error: REFUSED)
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 199.167.66.107
[+] 199.167.66.107 Has port 53 TCP Open
[-] Zone Transfer Failed (Zone transfer error: REFUSED)
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 2610:1c8:b002::108
[-] Zone Transfer Failed for 2610:1c8:b002::108!
[-] Port 53 TCP is being filtered
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 2610:1c8:b001::107
[-] Zone Transfer Failed for 2610:1c8:b001::107!
[-] Port 53 TCP is being filtered
[*]
[*] Trying NS server 104.37.178.108
[+] 104.37.178.108 Has port 53 TCP Open
[-] Zone Transfer Failed (Zone transfer error: REFUSED)
[-] DNSSEC is not configured for vulnweb.com
[*] SOA ns1.eurodns.com 199.167.66.107
[*] SOA ns1.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b002::107
[*] NS ns2.eurodns.com 104.37.178.107
[*] NS ns2.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b001::107
[*] NS ns3.eurodns.com 199.167.66.108
[*] NS ns3.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b002::108
[*] NS ns4.eurodns.com 104.37.178.108
[*] NS ns4.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b001::108
[*] NS ns1.eurodns.com 199.167.66.107
[*] NS ns1.eurodns.com 2610:1c8:b002::107
[*] A vulnweb.com 44.228.249.3
[*] TXT vulnweb.com v=spf1 -all
[*] TXT vulnweb.com google-site-verification=4LQORV-lTi-
d4GPxtBEQWmFnwff7UAazQc9gZvHukbw
[*] TXT _dmarc.vulnweb.com v=spf1 -all
[*] TXT _domainkey.vulnweb.com v=spf1 -all
[*] TXT _dmarc._domainkey.vulnweb.com v=spf1 -all
[*] Enumerating SRV Records
[-] No SRV Records Found for vulnweb.com

[*] Amass Passive Subdomain Enum:
testaspnet.vulnweb.com (FQDN) --> a_record --> 44.238.29.244 (IPAddress)
testasp.vulnweb.com (FQDN) --> a_record --> 44.238.29.244 (IPAddress)
rest.vulnweb.com (FQDN) --> a_record --> 18.215.71.186 (IPAddress)
localhost.vulnweb.com (FQDN) --> a_record --> 127.0.0.1 (IPAddress)
44.224.0.0/11 (Netblock) --> contains --> 44.238.29.244 (IPAddress)
16509 (ASN) --> managed_by --> AMAZON-02 - Amazon.com, Inc. (RIROrganization)

```

16509 (ASN) --> announces --> 44.224.0.0/11 (Netblock)
18.208.0.0/13 (Netblock) --> contains --> 18.215.71.186 (IPAddress)
127.0.0.0/8 (Netblock) --> contains --> 127.0.0.1 (IPAddress)
14618 (ASN) --> managed_by --> AMAZON-AES - Amazon.com, Inc. (RIROrganization)
14618 (ASN) --> announces --> 18.208.0.0/13 (Netblock)
0 (ASN) --> managed_by --> Reserved Network Address Blocks (RIROrganization)
0 (ASN) --> announces --> 127.0.0.0/8 (Netblock)

The enumeration has finished

[*] CNAME Records:

[*] Email Security Records:

- SPF:
"v=spf1 -all"
- DKIM (default selector):
"v=spf1 -all"
- DMARC:
"v=spf1 -all"

[*] Reverse DNS Check:

1.249.228.44.in-addr.arpa	domain	name	pointer	ec2-44-228-249-1.us-
west-2.compute.amazonaws.com.				
2.249.228.44.in-addr.arpa	domain	name	pointer	ec2-44-228-249-2.us-
west-2.compute.amazonaws.com.				
3.249.228.44.in-addr.arpa	domain	name	pointer	ec2-44-228-249-3.us-
west-2.compute.amazonaws.com.				
4.249.228.44.in-addr.arpa	domain	name	pointer	ec2-44-228-249-4.us-
west-2.compute.amazonaws.com.				
5.249.228.44.in-addr.arpa	domain	name	pointer	ec2-44-228-249-5.us-
west-2.compute.amazonaws.com.				

[*] Checking Wildcard DNS:

[*] DNS Cache Snooping Test (on 8.8.8.8):

vulnweb.com.	3600	IN	A	44.228.249.3
--------------	------	----	---	--------------

[+] Recon Complete!

✓ Summary of DNS Reconnaissance on vulnweb.com

🔍 1. Zone Transfer Vulnerability

- Zone Transfer (AXFR) was **attempted on all listed nameservers**:
 - ns1.eurodns.com
 - ns2.eurodns.com
 - ns3.eurodns.com
 - ns4.eurodns.com
- **Result**: All attempts were **refused or failed**. This means:
 - 🛡️ **GOOD**: Zone transfer is **not allowed**, which is secure.
 - ⚠️ **BUT**: Some NS servers showed **open TCP port 53**, which is worth monitoring (but not a direct vulnerability on its own).

✓ No Zone Transfer vulnerability found – this is a **positive** result from a security standpoint.

🌐 2. Wildcard DNS Configuration

- The domain uses **Wildcard DNS**, meaning:
 - All subdomain queries resolve to the **same IP address**: 44.228.249.3
 - This often hides **real subdomains**, and might be used:
 - By devs for convenience
 - To confuse attackers or tools
 - ⚠️ **Risk**: Can **interfere with subdomain enumeration**, and may hide unused or legacy subdomains still pointing to sensitive services.
-

3. Subdomain Enumeration

Brute-force and passive methods revealed multiple valid subdomains:


Example Subdomains	Observed Behavior
admin.vulnweb.com	Exists → Possible Admin Panel
test.vulnweb.com / staging.vulnweb.com	Used for testing → Often misconfigured
localhost.vulnweb.com	Points to 127.0.0.1 → Critical Misconfiguration

Misconfigured DNS (localhost.vulnweb.com)

This entry **resolves to the loopback address** 127.0.0.1, which is dangerous because:

- It can cause **denial-of-service** on internal services
- Can be abused in **SSRF (Server-Side Request Forgery)** attacks
- It exposes the internal logic or test entries in public DNS

4. DNSSEC Not Configured

- The domain does **not use DNSSEC** (Domain Name System Security Extensions).
-  **Risk:** DNS records can be spoofed or manipulated in MITM attacks.

 Recommendation: Enable DNSSEC for tamper-proof DNS queries.

5. Email Security Misconfigurations

- SPF, DKIM, and DMARC records all show:

v=spf1 -all

- Meaning:
 - No authorized mail servers exist for sending email
 - Could prevent **spoofing**, but also means:
 - **Email services may be misconfigured or non-existent**
 - Email delivery from domain might fail entirely
- ⚠ Indicates **incomplete or defensive-only email config**, often a placeholder.







🧠 6. Reverse DNS Findings

- Shows reverse lookup records for IPs under:
 - ec2-44-228-249-x.us-west-2.compute.amazonaws.com
- Hints that the server is hosted on **Amazon AWS**
- Not a vulnerability, but useful **infrastructure info**

🛡 Conclusion:

Area	Status	Summary
Zone Transfer	✅ Secure	No AXFR allowed (good)
Wildcard DNS	⚠ Risky	Can confuse tools, hide misconfigurations
Subdomains	⚠ Risky	Many sensitive entries found (admin, localhost)
DNSSEC	❌ Missing	DNS not cryptographically validated
Email Records	⚠ Defensive / Incomplete	SPF/DKIM present but misused
Localhost Record	❌ Critical Misconfig	Maps public domain to 127.0.0.1 (bad)

Recommendations:

1.  No urgent DNS server vulnerability — but still:
 2.  **Enable DNSSEC**
 3.  **Remove or fix localhost.vulnweb.com**
 4.  **Review Email TXT records** for SPF/DKIM/DMARC
 5.  **Monitor wildcard DNS behavior** (or remove it if not needed)
 6.  Check subdomains like admin, test, staging for exposed panels
-

Reconnaissance Using Automation Tool :

BigBountyRecon Recon Setup :

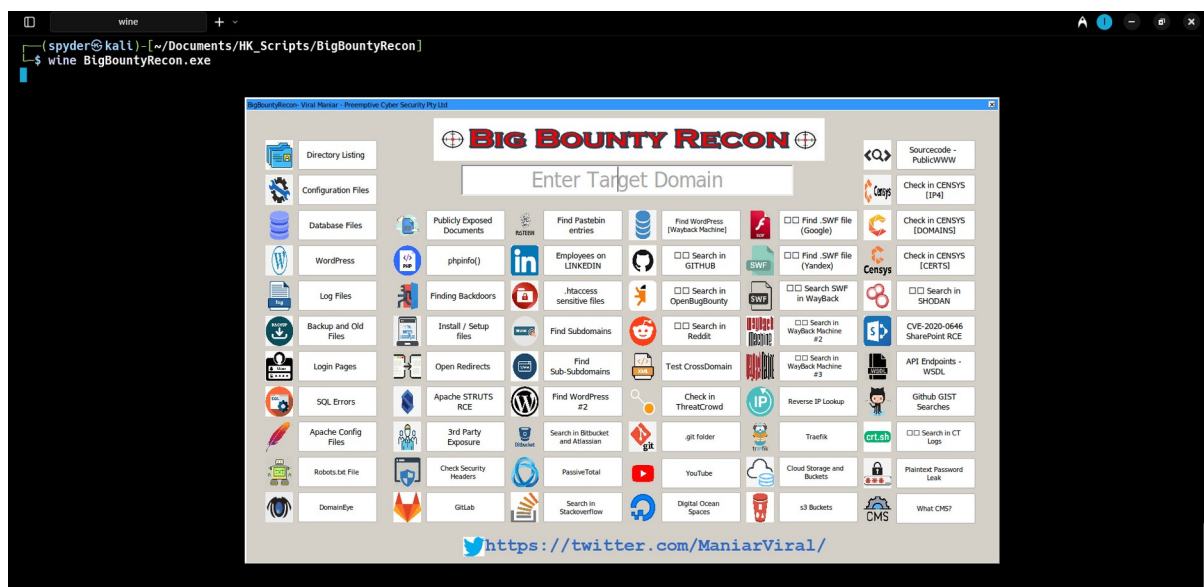
Step 1 : Open the Url BigBountyRecon and download the latest binary

Step 2 : Open Terminal in the BigBountyRecon folder and run
wine BigBountyRecon.exe

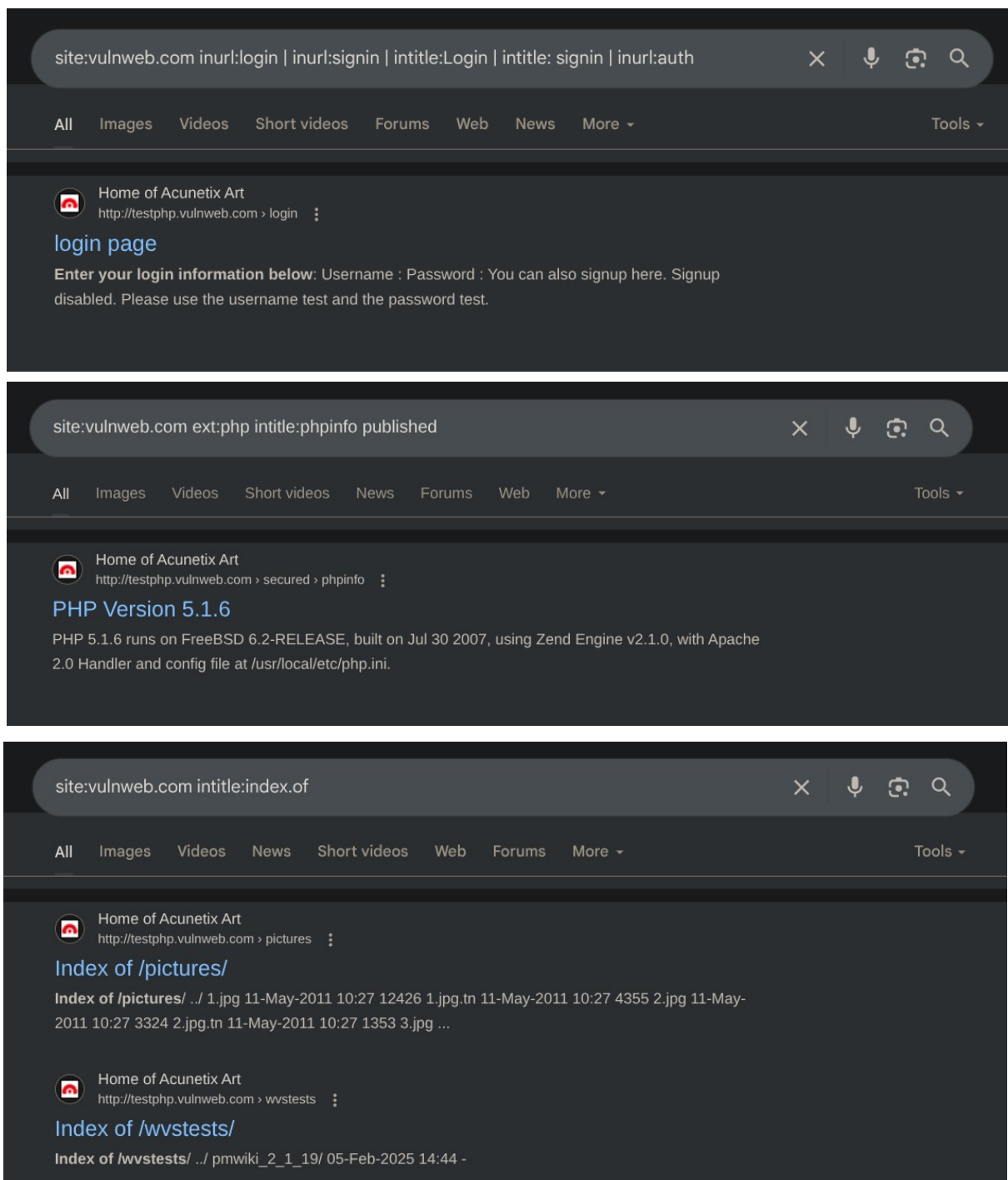
```
(spyder@kali)-[~/Documents/HK_Scripts/BigBountyRecon]
$ ls
Banner.PNG      BigBRecon.ico  LICENSE      README.md
BigBountyRecon.csproj  bin           obj
BigBountyRecon.exe  Form1.cs      Program.cs
BigBountyRecon.sln  Form1.resx    Properties
```

```
(spyder@kali)-[~/Documents/HK_Scripts/BigBountyRecon]
$ wine BigBountyRecon.exe
```

Then the BigBountyRecon will open :



After that We can select option for Google dork and it will redirect it to the Browser. Just we need to enter the website / Domain. Such as, “vulnweb.com”



This is how we can automation the Google Dork for a particular website...

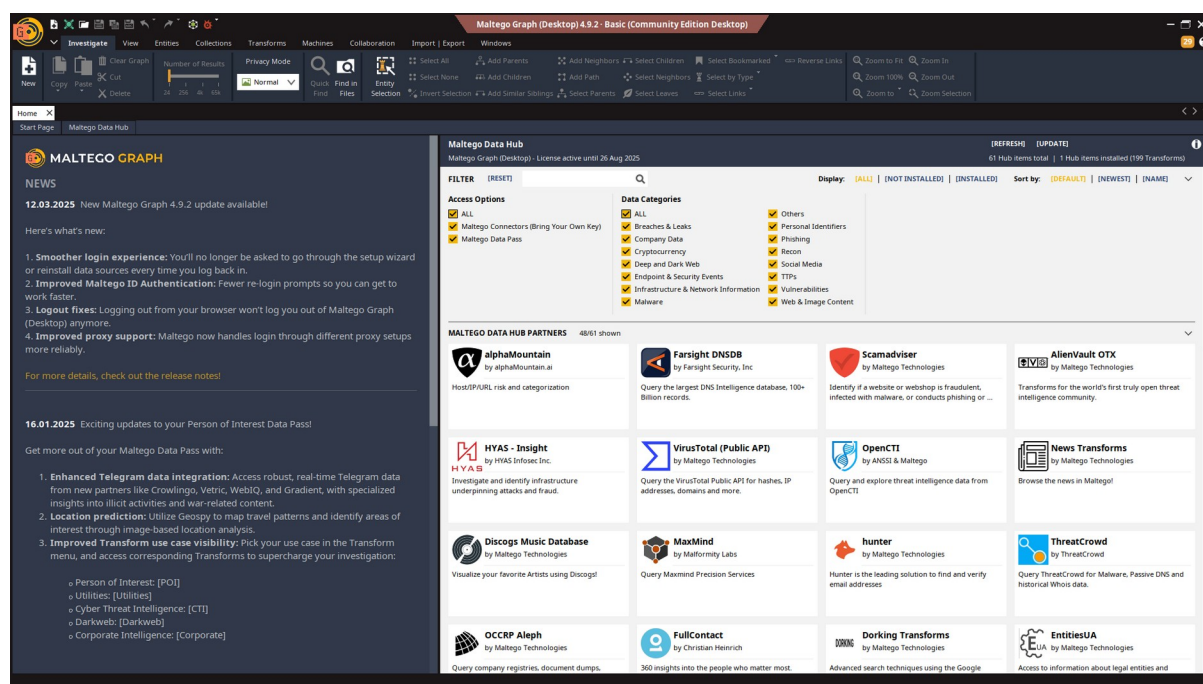
Maltego Tool

Open-source intelligence (OSINT) tool for graphical link analysis.

✓ Features:

- ❖ Visual map of relationships
- ❖ Entities: Domains, IPs, People, Emails, etc.
- ❖ Transform-based querying
- ✓ Use: Analyze social networks, domains, organizations

1. Create Maltego-ID from [Maltego Website](#)
2. Login into website
3. Open Maltego App and login using browser
4. After setup everything it should be like this



5. Open a New File it will show an empty New Graph
 6. In the search for **Domain** and Drag drop it into Graph
 7. Right Click on the Domain and edit the Domain name [vulnweb]
 8. Then Right Click on the Domain graph and select here multiple options, for get info..
- such as, we Click on Domain Owner Details and we get :



9. If I want to get information about more.. then we can Select one of those options



This is how we get information about any kind of website or domain...