Database "transaction.db" tables

users table sample

user_id	username	password
1	'azcarraga'	'azcarraga123'
2	'mirasol'	'mirasol123'
3	'nicolas'	'nicolas123'

transactions table sample

transaction_id	transaction_date	transaction_type	transaction_categ ory	transaction_amo unt	transaction_descr iptions	user_id
1	'2024-01-05'	'savings'	'Monthly Allowance'	5000.00	'Salary savings'	1
2	'2024-01-05'	'expense'	'Bills'	2500.00	'Electricity bill'	1
3	'2024-01-02'	'income'	'Salary'	25000.00	'Monthly paycheck'	1
4	'2024-01-02'	'investment'	'Stocks'	5000.00	'Initial stock investment'	1
5	'2024-03-10'	'savings'	'Monthly Allowance'	5000.00	'Salary savings'	2
6	'2024-03-07'	'expense'	'Bills'	2500.00	'Electricity bill'	2
7	'2024-03-04'	'income'	'Salary'	25000.00	'Monthly paycheck'	2
8	'2024-03-01'	'investment'	'Stocks'	5000.00	'Initial stock investment'	2
9	'2024-05-10'	'savings'	'Monthly Allowance'	5000.00	'Salary savings'	3
10	'2024-05-01	'expense'	'Bills'	2500.00	'Electricity bill'	3
11	'2024-04-01'	'income'	'Salary'	25000.00	'Monthly paycheck'	3
12	'2024-03-10'	'investment'	'Stocks'	5000.00	'Initial stock investment'	3

Backend (Requirements)

- 1. class UserRepository
- 2. class UserManager
- 3. dataclass Transaction
 - Just for storing data
 - Holds data about a certain transaction
 - Has attributes in the decorator
 - Don't have methods

attributes:

- t_id: int t_date: str
- t_type: str
- t_category: str
- t_amount: float
- t_description: str
- 4. class TransactionRepository
 - The class that directly interacts with the database
 - Can read, write, update, and delete to the database
 - Uses the Transaction class to store data

methods:

- + getAllTransactions(): # for profile page # history page
 - Takes in one parameter:
 - current_user_id (an int)
 - Searches for rows in the **{transactions}** table of the database where:
 - current_user_id matches user_id column
 - Creates a Transaction object for each matching row
 - Appends all **Transaction** objects to a List
 - Returns the list (a List[Transaction])
- getTransactionsByType(): # for profile page # for edit page # for history
 page
 - Takes in two parameters:
 - current_user_id (an int)
 - t_type (a str)

- Searches for rows in the **{transactions}** table of the database where:
 - current_user_id matches user_id column
 - t_type matches transactoin_type column
- Creates a Transaction object for each matching row
- Appends all **Transaction** objects to a List
- Returns the list (a List[Transaction])
- + getTransactionsByCategory(): # for history page
 - Takes in two parameters:
 - current_user_id (an int)
 - t_category (a str)
 - Searches for rows in the **{transactions}** table of the database where:
 - current_user_id matches user_id column
 - t_category matches transaction_category column
 - Creates a **Transaction** object for each matching row
 - Appends all **Transaction** objects to a List
 - Returns the list (a List[Transaction])
- + addTransaction(): # for add page
 - Takes in two parameters:
 - current_user_id (an int)
 - transaction (a Transaction object)
 - Converts the transaction object into a tuple
 - ❖ Inserts the tuple into the **{transactions}** table of the database:
 - Sets the user_id column to current_user_id
- + modifyTransaction(): # for edit page
 - Takes in three parameters:
 - current_user_id (an int)
 - t_id (an int)
 - transaction (a Transaction object)
 - Converts the **transaction** object into a tuple
 - Updates the row in the {transactions} table of the database using the tuple where:
 - current_user_id matches user_id column
 - t_id matches transaction_id column
- + deleteTransaction():
 - Takes in two parameters:
 - current_user_id (an int)
 - t_id (an int)
 - Deletes the row in the **{transactions}** table of the database where:
 - current_user_id matches user_id column
 - t_id matches transaction_id column

dataclass Finance

- Just for storing data
- Holds data about a user's finances
- Has attributes in the decorator
- Don't have methods

attributes:

total_income: float
total_expenses: float
total_savings: float
total_investment: float

6. class TransactionManager

- Handles the app's logic
- Initializes TransactionRepository
- Calculates data
- Creates graph
- Uses the Transaction and Finance classes to store data

methods:

- + calculateOverallFinance(): # for profile page
 - Takes in one parameter:
 - user_id (an int)
 - Uses the getAllTransactions(user_id) method of the
 TransactionRepository object to get all of the user's transactions
 - Calculate the total amount of each transaction type separately
 - Creates a Finance object containing the totals of each type
 - Returns the Finance object
- + calculateOverallBalance(): # for profile page
 - Takes in one parameter:
 - user_id (an int)
 - Uses calculateOverallFinance(user_id) to get overall_fiance (a
 Finance object)
 - Uses total_expenses and total_income of the overall_finance object
 - Subtracts total_expenses from total_income
 - Returns the result (a float)
- + calculateMonthlyFinances(): # for home page
 - Takes in one parameter:
 - user_id (an int)
 - Uses the getTransactionsByType(user_id) method of the TransactionRepository object to get all of the user's transactions for each type:
 - "expense", "savings", "income", "investment"
 - Stores each result (a **List[Transactions]**) separately (one for each type)
 - Sort and group the transactions from the list by year_month (one dictionary for each type):
 - Each dictionary maps year_month (a str) to List[Finance]

- For year_month gap that doesn't have transactions for a given type, map the year_month to a list containing a dummy
 Transaction object where all attributes are set to 0.0 (a float)
- ♠ Ex:

```
expenses = {
          "2024-01":[transaction], # transaction obj containing all 0s
          "2024-02":[transaction1, transaction2, transaction3...],
          "2024-04":[transaction], # transaction obj containing all 0s,
          "2024-05":[transaction1, transaction2, transaction3...],
          ...
          "2025-01":[transaction1, transaction2, transaction3...],
          ...
}
savings = {...}
income = {...}
investment = {...}
```

- For each year-month:
 - Calculates the total amount of each transaction type
 - Creates a Finance object containing the totals of each transaction type
- Appends each Finance object to a dict:
 - The dictionary maps year_month (a str) to the Finance object containing the totals for a specific month
 - **❖** Ex:

- Returns the dictionary (a **Dict[str**, **Finance]**)
- + calculateQuarterlyFinances(): # for home page
 - Takes in one parameter:
 - user_id (an int)
 - Uses the getTransactionsByType(user_id) method of the TransactionRepository object to get all of the user's transactions for each type:
 - "expense", "savings", "income", "investment"
 - Stores each result (a **List[Transactions]**) separately (one for each type)
 - Sort and group the transactions from the list by **year_quarter** (one dictionary for each type):
 - Each dictionary maps year_quarter (a str) to List[Finance]

- For year_quarter gap that doesn't have transactions for a given type, map the year_quarter to a list containing a dummy Transaction object where all attributes are set to 0.0 (a float)
- **❖** Ex:

```
expenses = {
          "2024-Q1":[transaction], # transaction obj containing all 0s
          "2024-Q2":[transaction1, transaction2, transaction3...],
          "2024-Q4":[transaction], # transaction obj containing all 0s,
          "2025-Q1":[transaction1, transaction2, transaction3...],
          ...
          "2025-Q4":[transaction1, transaction2, transaction3...],
          ...
}
savings = {...}
income = {...}
investment = {...}
```

- For each year-quarter:
 - Calculates the total amount of each transaction type
 - Creates a Finance object containing the totals of each transaction type
- Appends each **Finance** object to a dict:
 - The dictionary maps year_quarter (a str) to the Finance object containing the totals for a specific quarter
 - **❖** Ex:

```
quarterly_finances = {
     "2024-Q1":total_finance
     "2024-Q2":total_finance,
     "2024-Q3":total_finance,
     "2024-Q4":total_finance,
     ...
     "2025-Q4":total_finance,
     ...
```

- Returns the dictionary (a **Dict[str, Finance]**)
- + createMonthlyGraph(): # for home page
 - Takes in one parameter:
 - monthly_finances (a Dict[str, Finance])
 - Plots the monthly data into a grouped bar graph using the {matplotlib} library
 - With title, labels, and legend
 - Returns the result (a matplotlib.figure.Figure)

- + createQuarterlyGraph(): # for home page
 - Takes in one parameter:
 - quarterly_finances (a Dict[str, Finance])
 - Plots the quarterly data into a grouped bar graph using the {matplotlib}
 library
 - With title, labels, and legend
 - Returns the result (a matplotlib.figure.Figure)