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$$C(t) = \frac{5 \ln t^3 + 2}{A \cdot \ln(t^4 + 1) + B \cdot e^{3t} + 1}$$

$$\text{Wtedy } f(t) = \frac{5 \ln t^3 + 2}{C(t)} - 1 = A \ln(t^4 + 1) + B e^{3t}$$

możemy przybliżyć $f(t)$ przez $\text{lin}\{g_0(t), g_1(t)\}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \langle g_0, g_0 \rangle & \langle g_0, g_1 \rangle \\ \langle g_1, g_0 \rangle & \langle g_1, g_1 \rangle \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} A \\ B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \langle g_0, f \rangle \\ \langle g_1, f \rangle \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A \cdot \sum_{k=0}^N g_0(t_k)^2 + B \cdot \sum_{k=0}^N g_0(t_k) \cdot g_1(t_k) = \sum_{k=0}^N g_0(t_k) \cdot f(t_k)$$

$$A \cdot \sum_{k=0}^N g_1(t_k) \cdot g_0(t_k) + B \cdot \sum_{k=0}^N g_1(t_k)^2 = \sum_{k=0}^N g_1(t_k) \cdot f(t_k)$$