

• gdy ~~$r^2 > q^3$~~ $r^2 > q^3$ jest złe, więc:

$$(r - \sqrt{q^3 + r^2}) = \left(\frac{-q^3}{r + \sqrt{q^3 + r^2}} \right)$$

• gdy $\sqrt{q^3 + r^2} > r$:

$$(r + \sqrt{q^3 + r^2})^{\frac{1}{3}} + (r - \sqrt{q^3 + r^2})^{\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{2r}{(r + \sqrt{q^3 + r^2})^{\frac{2}{3}} + q + (r - \sqrt{q^3 + r^2})^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

Aby wyznaczyć tylko raz:

$$p_1 = (r - \sqrt{q^3 + r^2})^{\frac{2}{3}}, \text{ wtedy}$$

$$p_2 = (r + \sqrt{q^3 + r^2})^{\frac{2}{3}} = \left(\frac{-q^3}{r + \sqrt{q^3 + r^2}} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{(-q^3)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{p_1} = \frac{q^2}{p_1}$$