National Social Studies Olympiad (NSSO)

Social Studies Syllabus Class 1

Chapter 1: Family, neighbors and society.

Chapter 2: Social helpers

Chapter 3: Earth

Chapter 4: Landforms

Chapter 5: Religion culture and traditions

Chapter 6: Seasons

Chapter 7: Transport and communication

Chapter 8: Our Duties towards family and society.

Chapter 9: Waterbodies Chapter 10: Manners Chapter 11: Map- States

Social Studies Syllabus Class 2

Chapter 1: Family, neighbours and society

Chapter 2: Basic Needs

Chapter 3: Our Ancient men

Chapter 4: Our Country

Chapter 5: Our Great leaders

Chapter 6: Social Helpers

Chapter 7: Places of worship

Chapter 8: Public Places

Chapter 9: Good Habits

Chapter 10: Hobbies for recreation

Chapter 11: Road Safety

Chapter 12: Natural Resources

Chapter 13: Our Festivals

Chapter 14: Transport and Communication

Chapter 15: Map-States and Capitals

Chapter 1: Direction and Maps Chapter 2: Understanding time Chapter 3: Our Village, Our city

Chapter 4: Basic Needs

Chapter 5: Our Community life

Chapter 6: Public services for community life Chapter 7: Earth-Continents and Oceans Chapter 8: Our country and national symbol Chapter 9: Religion culture and Tradition

Chapter 10: Occupation

Chapter 11: Local governing bodies

Chapter 12: Metropolises Chapter 13: Our Early People

Chapter 14: Transport and Communication

Chapter 15: Maps-State, Capital and metropolises

Social Studies Syllabus Class 4

Chapter 1: Rights and Duties Chapter 2: Our Rich heritage Chapter 3: National Symbol

Chapter 4: Our country and its states

Chapter 5: The legends of India Chapter 6: The Freedom Struggle Chapter 7: Natural Resource Chapter 8: Climate of India

Chapter 9: Agriculture and Industries (Occupations)

Chapter 10: Landforms in India Chapter 11: Local Governing bodies

Chapter 12: Earth – Continents and Ocean Chapter 13: Religion, Culture and Tradition Chapter 14: Transport and Communication Chapter 15: Maps-States, Capitals and River



Chapter 1: Introduction History and Geography

Chapter 2: Evolution Chapter 3: Stone age

Chapter 4: Settled Life and Urban Civilization (World)

Chapter 5: Earth and Solar system Chapter 6: Living world on earth Chapter 7: Family and Society

Chapter 8: States and Important cities
Chapter 9: Agriculture and Industries
Chapter 10: Forest sover of India

Chapter 10: Forest cover of India

Chapter 11: Natural Resource- Soil and minerals

Chapter 12: Physical features of India Chapter 13: Religion, Culture and Tradition

Chapter 14: Democracy and local governing Bodies

Chapter 15: Natural Disasters Chapter 16: Maps- Crops

Social Studies Syllabus Class 6

Chapter 1: Sources of History

Chapter 2: Life and Early Humans

Chapter 3: Civilization Chapter 4: Vedic Age

Chapter 5: Religion and Culture of ancients India

Chapter 6: Kings and Kingdoms

Chapter 7: Architecture and Literature Chapter 8: Towards gender equality

Chapter 9: Ancients Traders- India and world

Chapter 10: Community life

Chapter 11: Government – Nations, States, City, Village

Chapter 12: Citizenship and Human Rights

Chapter 13: Globes and Maps

Chapter 14: Asia, Europe and Africa

Chapter 15: Natural Resources and Energy Chapter 16: Maps-Asia, Europe and Africa

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Chapter 1: Vijyanagra and Bahamani Kingdoms

Chapter 2: Bhakthi and Sufi movements

Chapter 3: New kings and Kingdom

a: Nayakas, Palegaras, Naada Prabhus

b: Wodeyars of Mysuru, Kakatiyas, Rajputas, Marathas, Deccan Kingdoms

Chapter 4: Sultans of Delhi Chapter 5: Mughal empire

Chapter 6: Arabs and Turkish Invasions

Chapter 7: Establishment and impact of British Empire

Chapter 8: Freedom struggle

Chapter 9: Social and religion reforms

Chapter 10: Industrial Revolutions

Chapter 11: Asia, Africa and Europe

Chapter 12: America (North and South), Australia and Antarctica

Chapter 13: Weather And Climate

Chapter 14: Natural Vegetation and Wildlife

Chapter 15: Structure of Earth

Chapter 16: Human Environment- Settlement, Transport and Communication

Chapter 17: Air and Water

Chapter 18: Natural Resources-Soil Minerals

Chapter 19: Naturals regions

Chapter 20: Tribes, Nomads and Settled Communities

Chapter 21:Democracy

Chapter 22: Fundamental Rights of Duties

Chapter 23:Our Defense Forces

Chapter 24: Factors of production

Chapter 25:Tax and its Importance

Chapter 26:Our Constitutions

Chapter 27: Map

Chapter 1: Geographical Features and Pre-historic India

Chapter 2: Ancient Civilization of India and World

Chapter 3: British rule

Chapter 4: Freedom Movement

Chapter 5: India gains Independence

Chapter 6: Wars

a. The Carnatic Wars

b. Battle of Babur

c. Batte of Plassey

d. Dual Government in Bengal

e. Anglo Maratha

f. Anglo Mysore

g. Anglo Sikh

Chapter 7: Colonialism

Chapter 9: Rise of Jainism and Buddhism

Chapter 10: Mauryas, Kushans, Guptans, Vardhanas

Chapter 11: South India

a. Shatavahanas, Kadambas, Gangas

b. Chalukyas of Badami, Pallavas of Kanchi

c. Rashtrakas of Manyakheta

d. Chalukyas of kalyana

e. Cholas, Hoysalas of Dwarasamudra

Chapter 12: Our Constitution and Parliament

Chapter 13: Human Rights and UNO

Chapter 14: Judiciary System of India

Chapter 15: Caste System

Chapter 16: Natural Resources

Chapter 17: Economic Activities

Chapter 18: Vegetation and Wildlife

Chapter 19: Inside and Outside of the Earth

Chapter 20: Population

Chapter 21: Structure of Ocean Floor

Chapter 22: Money-Saving and Investment

Chapter 23: National Income and Sectoral Aspects

Chapter 24: Maps

Chapter 1: Harappan Civilization Chapter 2: Events After 1960

Chapter 3: Vedic Period and 6th century BC

Chapter 4: Mauryan, Sangam, Guptas, Cholas, South, Delhi Sultanate, Mughals

Chapter 5: Indo-Islamic Culture Chapter 6: The Renaissance

Chapter 7: French Revolution Russian Revolution

Chapter 8: Nazism and Hitler

Chapter 9: Colonialism

Chapter 10: Naxalism, Communalism, Regionalism Chapter 11: Human Rights and Fundamental Rights

Chapter 12: Our constitution
Chapter 13: Union and State Govt

Chapter 14: Defense System

Chapter 15: Election and political Parties

Chapter 16: National Integrations

Chapter 17: Legislature Judiciary executive

Chapter 18: Physical Features of India

Chapter 19: India- Climate, Natural resources, Population, Tourism, Trade

Chapter 20: Earth (Motion, Structure, Landforms and Disasters)

Chapter 21: Weathering of rocks

Chapter 22: Hydrosphere and atmosphere

Chapter 23: Natural Regions

Chapter 24: Internal forces of Earth Chapter 25: Economic Development

Chapter 26: Education

Chapter 27: Empowerment of Women

Chapter 28: Income and Tax Chapter 29: Electoral Politics

Chapter 30: Maps

Chapter 1: British Rule in India

Chapter 2: National Movement and Era of Gandhi

Chapter 3: Post Independent India

Chapter 4: Political development of 20th Century

Chapter 5: Imperialism Chapter 6: World war - 1

Chapter 7: Post war-Economic depression

Chapter 8: Fascism, Nazism Chapter 9: World War-2

Chapter 10: UNO

Chapter 11: European union

Chapter 12: Great Revolt of 1857

Chapter 13: Social and reform movement-19th century

Chapter 14: Cold war

Chapter 15: Partition of Bengal

Chapter 16: Muslim League

Chapter 17: Towards Independence and partition

Chapter 18: Constitution

Chapter 19: India and world peace

Chapter 20: Consumers Rights

Chapter 21: Democracy and diversity, Political

Chapter 22: Gender, Religion and Caste

Chapter 23: Legislature, Judiciary Executive

Chapter 24: Challenges to Democracy

Chapter 25: Sectors of Indian economy

Chapter 26: Money and Credit

Chapter 27: Globalization

Chapter 28: Federalism

Chapter 29: India

Chapter 30: World-Continents

Chapter 31: Earth

Chapter 32: Waste Management

Chapter 33: Naturals Resources, Regions, Climate

Chapter 34: Atmosphere, Hydrosphere, Lithosphere

Chapter 35: Map