

Roll No. ....

Total Pages : 4

**209508**

**Dec., 2018**

**B.Tech. (ME) Vth Semester**

**MATHS-III**

**(GA-502C)**

**Time : 3 Hours]**

**[Max. Marks : 75**

*Instructions :*

- (i) *It is compulsory to answer all the questions (1.5 marks each) of Part-A in short.*
- (ii) *Answer any four questions from Part-B in detail.*
- (iii) *Different sub-parts of a question are to be attempted adjacent to each other.*

**PART-A**

1. (a) Define Dirichlet's Conditions. (1.5)
- (b) State and Prove Change of scale property of Fourier Transform. (1.5)
- (c) If  $\sin (A + iB) = x + iy$ , prove that  
$$x^2 \operatorname{cosec}^2 A - y^2 \sec^2 A = 1. \quad (1.5)$$
- (d) Show that the function  $e^x (\cos y + i \sin y)$  is an analytic function. Also find its derivative. (1.5)
- (e) Evaluate  $\int_C (12z^2 - 4iz)dz$  along the curve C joining the points (1, 1) and (2, 3). (1.5)

- (f) A card is drawn from an ordinary pack and a gambler bets that it is spade or an ace. What are the odds against his winning the bet. (1.5)
- (g) If A and B are two events such that  $P(A) = 1/4$ ,  $P(B) = 1/3$  and  $P(A \cup B) = 1/2$ . Show that A and B are independent events. (1.5)
- (h) Six coins are tossed 6400 times. Using the Poisson Distribution determine the approximate probability of getting six heads x times. (1.5)
- (i) Find a half-range cosine series for the function  $f(x) = x^2$  in the range  $0 \leq x \leq \pi$ . (1.5)
- (j) Find the Fourier Sine transform of  $f(x) = e^{-ax}$ ,  $a > 0$ . (1.5)

## PART-B

2. (a) An Alternating current after passing through rectifier has the form

$$i = \begin{cases} I_0 \sin x & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ 0 & \text{for } \pi \leq x \leq 2\pi \end{cases}$$

where  $I_0$  is the maximum current and the period is  $2\pi$ . Express i as a fourier series. (8)

- (b) Find the fourier series expansion of  $f(x) = 1 + |x|$  defined in  $-3 < x < 3$ . (7)



3. (a) Find the Fourier cosine Transform of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$ .

Hence derive fourier sine transform of

$$\phi(x) = \frac{x}{1+x^2}. \quad (8)$$

- (b) Using finite fourier transform, solve  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ ,

subject to the conditions :

(i)  $u_x(0, t) = u_x(6, t) = 0$ , for  $0 < x < 6$ ,  $t > 0$ .

(ii)  $u(x, 0) = x(6 - x)$ , for  $0 < x < 6$ . (7)

4. (a) If  $u - v = (x - y)(x^2 + 4xy + y^2)$  and  $f(z) = u + iv$  is an analytic function of  $z = x + iy$ , find  $f(z)$  in terms of  $z$  by Milne Thomson Method. (8)

- (b) Prove that  $u = x^2 - y^2$  and  $v = \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}$  are harmonic functions of  $(x, y)$ , but are not harmonic conjugates. (7)

5. (a) Evaluate  $\int_c \frac{z^2 - 2z}{(z+1)^2(z^2+4)} dz$  where  $c$  is the circle  $|z| = 10$ . (8)

- (b) Expand  $f(z)$  as Taylor's or Laurent's series expansion.

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 - 1}{(z+2)(z+3)} \text{ when (i) } |z| < 2 \text{ (ii) } 2 < |z| < 3$$

(iii)  $|z| > 3$  (7)



6. (a) Two-Thirds of the students in a class are boys and the rest are girls. It is known that the probability of a girl getting a first class is 0.25 and that of a boy getting a first class is 0.28. A student is selected at random and is found to get the first class. What is the probability that the student is a boy ? (8)
- (b) A die is thrown three times. Events A and B are defined as below :
- A : 4 appears on third throw
- B : 6 and 5 appears respectively on first two throws.
- Find the probability of A given that B has already occurred. (7)

7. (a) Let X be a random variable defined by the density function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^2, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ . Find  $E(X)$ ,  $E(3X - 2)$ ,  $E(X^2)$ . (8)
- (b) Fit a Binomial Distribution to the following frequency distribution :

|     |    |    |    |    |    |    |   |
|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| $x$ | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  |   |
| $f$ | 13 | 25 | 52 | 58 | 32 | 16 | 4 |

(7)