

# END TERM EXAMINATION

SECOND SEMESTER [BCA] MAY-JUNE, 2025

Paper Code: BCA-106T

Subject: Data Structures & Algorithms

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Note: Attempt all questions as directed. Internal choice is indicated.

Q1 Attempt any Four of the following questions:

(4x5=20)

- (a) Write the algorithm for binary search and explain how it is more efficient than linear search in terms of time complexity.
- (b) Define hashing. Explain any two collision resolution techniques used in hash tables.
- (c) Differentiate between static memory allocation and dynamic memory allocation.
- (d) Write a C program to traverse a Circular Linked List and display all the elements.
- (e) Write the algorithm for a postfix expression evaluation using a stack. Also, evaluate the following postfix expression using a stack.  
5 6 2 + \* 12 4 / -
- (f) Compare linear and circular queues. Why is a circular queue preferred over a linear queue in many applications?
- (g) Differentiate between full, complete, and strict binary trees with diagrams.
- (h) Construct the binary tree using the following traversals:  
Inorder: G D B E H F C I  
Preorder: A B D G E H C F I

Q2 Describe data structure and its types with an example. Write a C program to implement Insertion Sort. Also, explain the best case, average case, and worst-case time complexity of Insertion Sort with an example. (10)

OR

Q3 Explain a sparse matrix with a suitable example. An array A[10][10] is stored in memory with base address 1000. Each element occupies 4 bytes. Calculate the address of the element A[6][8] in both row-major and column-major order. (10)

Q4 Write a C program to perform the following operation on a singly linked list: (10)

- a) Insert a new node at the beginning
- b) Delete the node at the end

OR

Q5 Explain the following types of linked lists using diagrams, with their advantages and disadvantages. (10)

- a) Singly Linked List
- b) Doubly Linked List
- c) Circular Linked List
- d) Header Linked List

P.T.O.

- Q6** Explain a Doubly Ended Queue with an example. Write a C program to implement a queue using an array that includes basic operations: enqueue(), dequeue(), and display(). (10)

OR

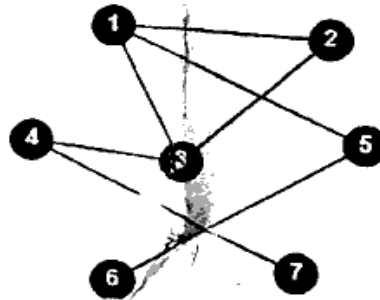
- Q7** Explain a stack with a suitable example. Describe the stack-based algorithm to convert infix to postfix notation. Convert  $A + B * (C \wedge D - E) / (F + G - H)$  using the algorithm, showing stack content at each step. (10)

- Q8** Explain the AVL tree and binary search tree using a suitable example. Design both the AVL tree and the binary search tree for the following sequence of nodes: (10)

37, 12, 45, 8, 29, 3, 22, 50, 16, 41

OR

- Q9** Define a graph and explain the different graph types with proper diagrams and real-life applications. Differentiate the graph from the tree data structure. Also, design the adjacency list and adjacency matrix of the following graph. (10)



\*\*\*\*\*