# **OPTICAL INSTRUMENTATION** (AEIE 4126)

Time Allotted: 2½ hrs Full Marks: 60

Figures out of the right margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to answer Group A and any 4 (four) from Group B to E. taking one from each group.

1.

andida	tes are required to give answer in the	eir own words as far as practicable.							
Group – A									
Answe	er any twelve:	$12 \times 1 = 12$							
	Choose the correct alternative	e for the following							
(i)	Fiber optic sensors use the following as (a) Electric field (c) Optical field	a prime means of measurement (b) Magnetic field (d) Gravitational field.							
(ii)	Light is guided within the core of a step (a) refraction at the core–air interface (b) total internal reflection at the core of (c) total internal reflection at the outer of (d) change in speed of light within the core	adding interface surface of the cladding							
(iii)	Nonradiative radiation is due to (a) Photon emission (c) Phonon emission	<ul><li>(b) Absorption</li><li>(d) All of these.</li></ul>							
(iv)	Total internal reflection will happen due (a) refractive index of the core is less that (b) refractive index of the core is greater (c) refractive index of the core is equal to (d) all of these.	an cladding r than cladding							
(v)	Two optical fiber with numerical aperture 0.17 and 0.20 are to be spliced. When will be the loss at the joint in the forward direction?  (a) Zero dB  (b) 1.41 dB  (c) 1.82 dB  (d) 2.50 dB.								
(vi)	The Light wavelength that Si can absorband gap of Si? (a) 1.1 eV (c) 1.74 eV	rb is 1.12 μm. What is the approximate  (b) 1.4 eV  (d) 2.3 eV.							

	coupling ratio? (a) 45%	(b) 50%	(c) 90 %	(d) 100%.
(viii)	Unoccupied or va (a) 1-f (E) (c) f (E)	acant probability	of occupation is ex (b) 1+f (E) (d) none o	
(ix)	Which of the follo (a) p-n photodic (c) Avalanche ph	ode	` ' ' '	ut? hotodiode voltaic detector.
(x)	Lowest signal lo following type of (a) Air core (c) Single mode	_	oandwidth are cha (b) Multin (d) Plastic	
	F	ill in the blanks wi	ith the correct word	d
(xi)		off wavelength on and NA = 0.12,	_	ngle mode fiber with core
(xii)	Write the refractiv	ve index of a graded	index fiber in terms	of profile parameter
(xiii)	The relation betw	ween NA and relat	cive refractive inde	x
(xiv)	-		rith a refractive in ical aperture is	ndex of 1.5 and a cladding
(xv)	The densities of electron and holes are the same in			
		Grou	ıp - B	
(a) (b)	-	-		terials? [(CO2)(Remember/LOCQ)] ed as $\eta_{int} = r_r / [r_r + r_{nr}]$ . [(CO3)(Analyze/IOCQ)]
(c)	in the active re respectively. Det internally genera	egion of a double termine the total	e heterojunction locarrier recombina levice when the pe	mes of the minority carriers LED are 50 nS and 90 nS tion lifetime and the power eak emission wavelength is $[(CO3)(Evaluate/HOCQ)]$ $(2+2)+4+4=12$
(a)	Calculate the w			onsivity of a photo detector? iency and responsivity are
(b) (c)	A photo diode ha	as quantum efficie	n photo current is	[(CO4)(Remember/LOCQ)] proved? [(CO4)(Apply/IOCQ)] 0 $\mu$ m. Calculate responsivity 10 $\mu$ A. [(CO4)(Evaluate/HOCQ)] 2 + 2 + 1) + 3 + (2 + 2) = 12

A 2\*2 directional coupler has an input power level of 10  $\mu w.$  The power available at output ports 1 & 2 are 45  $\mu w$  & 45  $\mu w$ , respectively. What is the

(vii)

2.

3.

### Group - C

4. (a) What is meant by optical and electrical confinement in a laser?

[(CO3)(Understand/LOCQ)]

- (b) What is the importance of mole fraction in the fabrication direct band gap semiconductor? How a direct band gap semiconductor is converted into indirect band gap semiconductor? [(CO2)(Remember/LOCQ)]
- (c) Derive the expression of concentration of electron in conduction band with the basic concept of k space analysis. [(CO2)(Apply/IOCQ)]

(2+2)+(2+2)+4=12

- 5. (a) Why refractive index of the core is more than cladding in the optical fiber? What is the acceptance angle? [(CO1)(Remember/LOCQ)]
  - (b) Explain multipath time dispersion and material dispersion. How can these be minimized? [(CO1)(Analyse/IOCQ)]
  - (c) An optical fiber has a NA of 0.20 and a cladding refractive index of 1.59. Determine the acceptance angle for fiber in water, which has a refractive index of 1.33. [(CO1)(Evaluate/HOCQ)]

(2+2)+(2+2+2)+2=12

### Group - D

- 6. (a) What are the various types of optical fiber? What are factors to be encountered during the fabrication of optical fiber? [(CO1)(Understand/LOCQ)]
  - (b) Derive an expression of multipath dispersion for the meridional ray propagation through the optical fiber. [(CO1)(Remember/LOCQ)]
  - (c) A multipath step index fiber is operating at a wavelength of 0.85 µm with a core diameter of 80 µm and a relative refractive index difference is of 1.5%. If the refractive index of core is 1.48. (i) Determine normalized frequency of the fiber (ii) the number of guided modes

    [(CO1)(Evaluate/HOCQ)]

(2+2)+4+(2+2)=12

- 7. (a) What are the causes of intrinsic and extrinsic losses in optical fiber?

  [(CO1)(Remember/LOCQ)]
  - (b) Derive the total loses in case of intrinsic type losses in dB. [(CO1)(Remember/LOCQ)]
  - (c) The speed of light in vaccum and that in core of SI fiber is 3\*10<sup>8</sup> and 2\*10<sup>8</sup> m/s respectively. When the fiber is placed in air, the critical angle at the core cladding interface is 75°. Calculate (i) NA of fiber. (ii) Multipath dispersion per unit length.

    [(CO1)(Evaluate/HOCQ)]

4 + 4 + 4 = 12

## Group - E

- 8. (a) What is electro-optic effect? What do you mean by Pockel effect and Kerr effect? [(CO6)(Remember/LOCQ)]
  - (b) Draw the arrangement of a Pockel electro-optic based amplitude modulator system. [(CO6)(Remember/LOCQ)]

Calculate the change in refractive index due to the longitudinal electro optic effect for a 5 cm long crystal of lithium niobate for an applied voltage of 10 kV. If the wavelength of light being propagating through the crystal is 850 nm. Calculate  $V_{\pi}$  for the crystal.

$$[(CO6)(Evaluate/HOCQ)]$$
  
(2 + 2 + 2) + 2 + (2 + 2) = 12

9. (a) How are fiber-optic sensors classified?

[(CO6)(Remember/LOCQ)]

(b) Briefly describe Mach-Zehnder interferomatric sensor.

[(CO6)(Remember/LOCQ)]

(c) In case of a fiber-optic based system, show that the below relation in the sensing arm due to change in strain is given approximately by,  $\frac{\Delta\emptyset}{\Phi} = \left[\frac{\Delta L}{L} + \frac{\Delta n}{n}\right]$ 

[(CO6)(Apply/IOCQ)]

$$2 + 4 + 6 = 12$$

Cognition Level	LOCQ	IOCQ	HOCQ
Percentage distribution	53.13	23.95	22.91

#### Course Outcome (CO):

After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Learn the techniques of communications using optical fiber.
- 2. Learn the difference between direct and indirect band gap semiconductors.
- 3. Characterize structures and performance of LEDs and lasers.
- 4. Learn the structures and performance of photo detectors (like photo diode, PIN diode, APD etc).
- 5. Explain the techniques of measurement of distance, length, velocity, acceleration, current, voltage using laser. Formulate the structure of generalized measurement system.
- 6. Acquire the knowledge of different types of Optical Fiber sensors and their applications.

<sup>\*</sup>LOCQ: Lower Order Cognitive Question; IOCQ: Intermediate Order Cognitive Question; HOCQ: Higher Order Cognitive Question.