END TERM EXAMINATION

FIRST SEMESTER [BCA] NOVEMBER-DECEMBER-2018

Paper Code: BCA-101

Subject: Mathematics-I

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Note: Attempt any five questions including Q.no.1 which is compulsory.

- Q1 (a) Evaluate the determinant of the matrix $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{a} & a^2 & bc \\ \frac{1}{b} & b^2 & ca \\ \frac{1}{c} & c^2 & ab \end{vmatrix}$.
 - (b) Use Cramer's rule to sole the system of equations x + y + z + 1 = 0; ax + by + cz + d = 0; $a^2x + b^2y + c^2z + d^2 = 0$
 - (c) Find the maximum value of $y = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^x$
 - (d) Evaluate $\int cosmx. cosnx dx$, when (i) $m \neq n$ (ii) m = n.
 - (e) Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \left(ex^{\frac{1}{x}} + 1\right)$, if it exists.

UNIT-I

- Q2 (a) Show that the vectors $x_1 = (1, 2, 4), x_2 = (2, -1, 3), x_3 = (0, 1, 2)$ and $x_4 = (-3, 7, 2)$ are linearly dependent and find the relation between them.
 - (b) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$
- Q3 (a) Given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ find adj(A) by using Cayley-Hamilton theorem.
 - (b) Find the rank of the matrix A = $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$

UNIT-II

- Q4 (a) Discuss the continuity of the function $f(x) = \frac{xe^{1/x}}{1+e^{1/x}}, when x \neq 0, f(0) = 0$
 - (b) Solve $\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{(1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} e + \frac{e^x}{2}}{x^2} \right)$
- Q5 (a) Discuss the continuity of the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin x}{x} & \text{if } x < 0 \\ (x+1), & \text{if } x \ge 0 \end{cases}$

lim log(tan² 2x) (b) Evaluate (i) $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{(1+x^n-1)}{x}$ $x \to 0 \overline{\log(\tan^2 x)}$

UNIT-III

- (a) Verify Lagrange's Mean value Theorem for $f(x) = 2x^2 7x + 10, 2 \le x \le 5$ Q6
 - (b) Expand logx in powers of (x-1) by Taylor's theorem and hence find the value of $log_e(1.1)$.
- (a) if $y = e^{m \cos^{-1}x}$, show that $(1 x^2) y_{n+2} (2n+1) x y_{n+1} (n^2 + m^2) y_n = 0$ Q7 and calculate $y_n(0)$.
 - (b) find all the asymptotes of the curve $y^3 + 4xy^2 + 4x^2y + 5y^2 + 15xy + 10x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0$

UNIT-IV

- (a) Prove that (m,n) =Q8
 - (b) (i) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{2a} x^{3/2} (2a-x)^{1/2} dx$ (ii) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{2} x(8-x^3)^{1/3} dx$.
- Q9 (a) If $I_n = \int_{0}^{\pi/4} \tan^n x dx$, show that $I_n + I_{n-2} = \frac{1}{n-1}$.
 - (b) Evaluate $\int \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2} \right) dx$.