

MID-SEMESTER EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2024

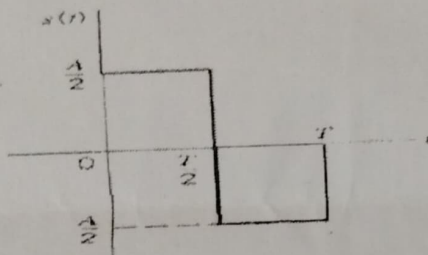
Course Code: COECC12/CAECC12/ CDECC12

Course Title: DATA COMMUNICATION

Time: 1:30 Hours

Max. Marks: 15

Note: Attempt all Questions.
Missing data/information (if any), may be suitably assumed and mentioned in the answer.

Q.No.	Question	Marks	CO
1	(a) Given the periodic signal $x(t) = t^2$, $0 < t < 1$. Determine the exponential Fourier series. (b) Plot the magnitude spectrum of the above signal.	2+1	CO1
2	(a) Find the Fourier Transform of the signal $s(t)$  (b) Find the Fourier Transform of $x(t) = S(2t+2)$	2+1	CO1
3	(a) Given the signal $x(t) = 10\cos(2000\pi t)\cos(8000\pi t)$. What is the minimum sampling rate. (b) What is Aliasing effect and how can it be minimized?	2+1	CO1
4	(a) Derive the expression for SNR (dB) of a uniform quantizer if the input signal is sinusoidal in nature. (b) Consider the functions $\phi_1(t) = e^{- t }$ and $\phi_2(t) = 1 - Ae^{-2 t }$. Determine the constant A such that $\phi_1(t)$ and $\phi_2(t)$ are orthogonal over the time interval $(-\infty, \infty)$.	2+1	CO1
5	Given a (6, 3) linear block code with the following parity check matrix H $H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ (1) Find G (2) Find the codeword for the data bit 101	2+1	CO2

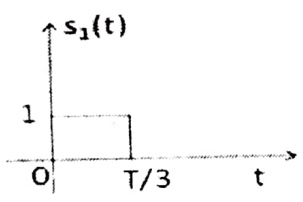
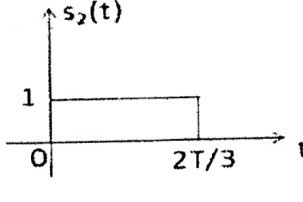
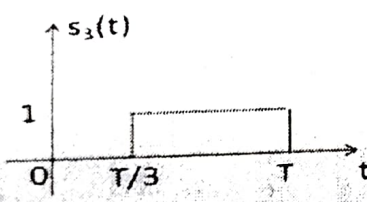
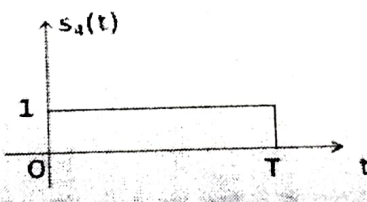
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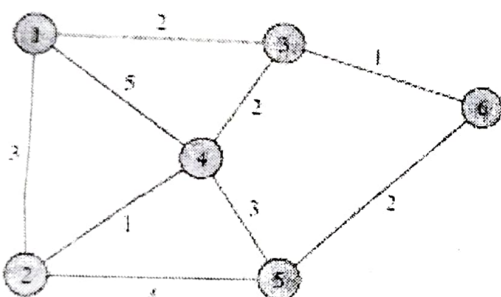
Course Title: DATA COMMUNICATION

Time: 3:00 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

Note: Missing data/information (if any), may be suitably assumed and mentioned in the answer.

Q.No.	Question	Marks	CO
1	<p>Attempt any TWO parts</p> <p>(a) Explain in detail Instantaneous sampling. Find the Nyquist sampling rate for the $m(t) = 3\text{sinc}(50\pi t)\text{sinc}(100\pi t)$.</p> <p>(b) Using the Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization procedure, find a set of orthonormal basis functions to represent the four signals $s_1(t)$, $s_2(t)$, $s_3(t)$ and $s_4(t)$ shown in Fig.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>$s_1(t)$</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>$s_2(t)$</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>$s_3(t)$</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>$s_4(t)$</p> </div> </div> <p>(c) Consider a numerical example involving digital modulation techniques, specifically Binary Phase Shift Keying (BPSK). Suppose we have a binary input signal $m(t)$ consisting of a sequence of bits: $m(t) = \{0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0\}$. Represent the modulated signal and sketch it. Also draw the modulator and demodulator of BPSK.</p>	4 4 4	CO1 CO1 CO1
2	<p>Attempt any TWO parts</p> <p>(a) Explain the ISO-OSI model and briefly state the role of each layer.</p> <p>(b) Discuss the different types of transmission media along with their properties, advantages, disadvantages and applications.</p> <p>(c) The received CRC code bits are $[110011100110]$. The generator polynomial is $g(x) = x^4 + x^3 + 1$. Find whether the received code word is correct or not.</p>	4 4 4	CO1 CO2 CO2

3	<p>Attempt any TWO parts</p> <p>(a) A channel with 50 kbps data rate and a propagation delay of 2 ms follows Stop-and-Wait ARQ protocol. Determine the minimum frame length to achieve a link efficiency of at least 45% if the probability of error is $P=0.1$.</p> <p>(b) Explain the control field of the HDLC frame format. According to this format, what is the maximum window size for the Selective Repeat ARQ protocol?</p> <p>(c) Explain in detail Token Ring and Token Bus. Also differentiate between the two.</p>	4	CO4
4	<p>Attempt any TWO parts</p> <p>(a) Suppose that the ALOHA protocol is used to share a 56 kbps satellite channel. Suppose that frames are 1000 bits long. Find the maximum throughput of the system in frames/second.</p> <p>(b) Consider the network in Figure. Use the Dijkstra algorithm to find the set of shortest paths from node 4 to other nodes.</p>  <p>(c) Explain the p-persistent method by using suitable algorithm/flow diagram.</p>	4	CO3
5	<p>Attempt any TWO parts</p> <p>(a) A railway ticket counter is modeled as an M/M/1 queuing system with an average of 1 new customer arriving every 2 minutes. It is desired to have less than 3 customers line up 99 percent of the time. What should be the service rate for each customer?</p> <p>(b) What do you understand by pure birth and death processes? Explain</p> <p>(c) Compare the infinite and finite length queuing model with mathematical analysis.</p>	4	CO5