

# CS 213 : Software Methodology

## Spring 2023

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Jan 30

Inheritance & Static Members

# Inheritance - Static Fields

```
public class SuperCl {  
    static int x=2;  
    public static void m() {  
        System.out.println("in class SuperCl");  
    }  
}
```

```
public class SubCl  
extends SuperCl {  
    int x=3;  
}
```

↑  
Instance field with  
same name as  
inherited static field x

```
public class StaticTest {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.out.println(SubCl.x); // ? DOES NOT COMPILE  
    }  
}
```

“cannot make static reference to non-static field x”

Instance field of same name will HIDE inherited static field

# Inheritance - Static Fields

```
public class SuperCl {  
    static int x=2;  
    public static void m() {  
        System.out.println("in class SuperCl");  
    }  
}
```

What if we write a **static method** in SubCl to get at the inherited static x?

```
public class SubCl  
extends SuperCl {  
    int x=3;  
    public static int getX() {  
        return x;  
    }  
}
```

**WILL THIS COMPILE?**

**NO**

**“cannot make static reference to non-static field x”  
– same as before**

# Inheritance - Static Fields

```
public class Supercl {
    static int x=2;
    public static void m() {
        System.out.println("in class Supercl");
    }
}

public class Subcl
extends Supercl {
    int x=3;
}

public class StaticTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Subcl subcl = new Subcl();
        System.out.println(subcl.x); // ? 3 – instance field x
        Supercl supercl = new Subcl();
        System.out.println(supercl.x); // ? 2 – inherited static field x !!!
    }
}
```

↑ static type      ↑ dynamic type

INHERITED STATIC FIELDS ARE STATICALLY BOUND (TO REFERENCE TYPE),  
NOT DYNAMICALLY BOUND (TO INSTANCE TYPE)

# Static Method Call Binding

```
public class Sorter {  
    public static void  
    sort(String[] names) {  
        System.out.println(  
            "simple sort";  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
public class IllustratedSorter  
    extends Sorter {  
    // override  
    public static void  
    sort(String[] names)  
        System.out.println(  
            "illustrated sort";  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
Sorter p = new IllustratedSorter();
```

↑  
static type

↑  
dynamic type

```
p.sort(); // ? "simple sort"
```

`sort()` is statically bound to `p`, meaning  
since `Sorter` is the static type of `p`,  
the `sort()` method in `Sorter` is called

# Overriding a static method with an instance method

```
public class Sorter {  
  
    public static void  
    sort(String[] names) {  
        System.out.println(  
            "simple sort";  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
public class IllustratedSorter  
extends Sorter {  
  
    // override  
    public static void  
    sort(String[] names)  
        System.out.println(  
            "illustrated sort";  
        }  
    }  
}
```

COMPILE?

WILL NOT COMPILE: "Instance method cannot override static method sort from Sorter"

# Overriding an instance method with a static method

```
public class Sorter {  
  
    public static void  
    sort(String[] names) {  
        System.out.println(  
            "simple sort";  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
public class IllustratedSorter  
extends Sorter {  
  
    // override  
    public static void  
    sort(String[] names)  
        System.out.println(  
            "illustrated sort";  
        }  
    }  
}
```

COMPILE?

WILL NOT COMPILE: "Static method cannot override instance method sort from Sorter"