

# CS 213 – Software Methodology

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Interfaces - 1

# Comparing for inequality in a library module

```
public class Searcher {  
    ...  
    public static<T> boolean  
    binarySearch(T[] list, T target) {  
        ...  
        list[index].___?___target  
        ...  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

Note the syntax used for a static method that accepts generically typed parameters

How to compare for inequality? All we know is T is some Object, but Object does not define an inequality comparison method

Want to somehow specify that Ts are not *any* objects, but only those objects that have a *known* inequality comparison method

AND, this specification **MUST be checkable by compiler**, so that (a) our `binarySearch` will compile, and (b) the client code's call to this method will be guaranteed to send in required type of object (with the known comparison method)

How to specify T type with method to check for inequality?

# How to specify a T type with inequality method?

```
public class Searcher {  
    ...  
    public static<T> boolean  
    binarySearch(T[] list, T target) {  
        ...  
        list[index].____?____target  
        ...  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

A class is a user-defined type, e.g. `Point` and `ColoredPoint` are types introduced by the program, which can be checked by the compiler (and appropriately matched at run time)

But we (library designer) can't *implement logic* for a new type instead of T that has, say, a `compareTo` method because the logic depends on the actual type of object that matches the generic type T: different matching objects would need different `compareTo` implementations (e.g. comparing strings is different from comparing points)

# How to specify a T type with inequality method?

```
public class Searcher {  
    ...  
    public static<T> boolean  
    binarySearch(T[] list, T target) {  
        ...  
        list[index].____?____target  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

Solution is to make *like* we are defining a new class (type), with an inequality method, **but stop short of actually implementing the method body** – this is an INTERFACE

e.g. `java.lang.Comparable` interface, which defines a `compareTo` method, without a body:

```
public interface Comparable<T> {  
    int compareTo(T o);  
}
```

Generic  
No curly braces!!  
Object of type T is compared

Then it's up to the client to implement a matching class and fill in the `compareTo` body as appropriate (`String` class implements this interface)

What interface to use with our binary search method?

# What interface to use for T in `binarySearch` method?

```
public class Searcher {  
    ...  
    public static<T> boolean  
    binarySearch(T[] list, T target) {  
        ...  
        list[index].____?____target  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

We have the option of using any of the interfaces defined in Java,  
or roll our own if none of those fits our need

In our `Searcher` example, `Comparable` would be a perfect fit

```
public class Searcher {  
    ...  
    public static <Comparable<T>> boolean  
    binarySearch(Comparable<T>[] list, Comparable<T> target) {  
        ...  
        list[index].compareTo(target)  
        ...  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

WILL NOT COMPILE  
(not proper generic type syntax)

