

ASSIGNMENT NO. 4

TITLE: Configure and demonstrate Snort tool for intrusion.

AIM: Configure and demonstrate use of vulnerability assessment tools such as Snort tool for intrusion or SSL Web security.

OBJECTIVE: Study any vulnerability assessment tool such as Snort tool and use its implementation features.

THEORY:

Introduction

Snort is a popular choice for running a network intrusion detection system or NIDS for short. It monitors the package data sent and received through a specific network interface.

NIDS can catch threats targeting your system vulnerabilities using signature-based detection and protocol analysis technologies. NIDS software, when installed and configured appropriately, can identify the latest attacks, malware infections, compromised systems, and network policy violations.

Platforms on which Snort runs

Snort runs on most UNIX and various windows.

- UNIX
- Applet, MAC, BEOS, JBM, AIX, BSD open etc.
- LINUX
- Mandrake LINUX, Red Hat, SUSE LINUX etc.
- WINDOWS
- Windows server 2003/XP/2000/NT

What can I do with Snort?

Snort has three primary uses:

- It can be used as a straight packet sniffer like tcpdump.
- A packet logger (useful for network traffic debugging, etc).
- As a full-blown network intrusion prevention system.

Installation

1. Install dependencies

```
sudo apt install -y gcc libpcap-dev zlib1g-dev liblua5.1-dev \
libpcap-dev openssl libssl-dev libnghttp2-dev libdumbnet-dev \
bison flex libdnet autoconf libtool
```

2. create a temporary download folder in home directory

```
mkdir ~/snort_src && cd ~/snort_src
```

A terminal window titled 'root@ubuntu: ~/snort_src' showing the output of the 'ls' command. The output lists four files: 'daq-2.0.7', 'daq-2.0.7.tar.gz', 'snort-2.9.16.1', and 'snort-2.9.16.1.tar.gz'. The prompt is 'root@ubuntu:~/snort_src#'.

```
root@ubuntu:~/snort_src# ls
daq-2.0.7  daq-2.0.7.tar.gz  snort-2.9.16.1  snort-2.9.16.1.tar.gz
root@ubuntu:~/snort_src#
```

3. Install Data Acquisition Library (DAQ) used to make the abstract calls to packet capture libraries. Download the latest DAQ using wget.

```
wget https://www.snort.org/downloads/snort/daq-2.0.7.tar.gz
```

4. Extract the code and go to the new directory

```
tar -xvzf daq-2.0.7.tar.gz
cd daq-2.0.7
```

5. The latest version requires an additional step to auto reconfigure DAQ before running the config. Use the command below which requires you need to have autoconf and libtool installed.

```
autoreconf -f -i
```

6. Afterwards, run the configuration script using its default values, then compile the program with make and finally install DAQ.

```
./configure && make && sudo make install
```

7. Now that DAQ is installed, change back to download folder

8. Next, download the Snort source code with wget.

```
Wget https://www.snort.org/downloads/snort/snort-2.9.16.1.tar.gz
```

9. Once the download is complete, extract the source and change into the new directory with these commands.

```
tar -xvzf snort-2.9.16.tar.gz
cd snort-2.9.16
```

10. Then configure the installation with sourcefire enabled, run make and make install

```
./configure --enable-sourcefire && make && sudo make install
```

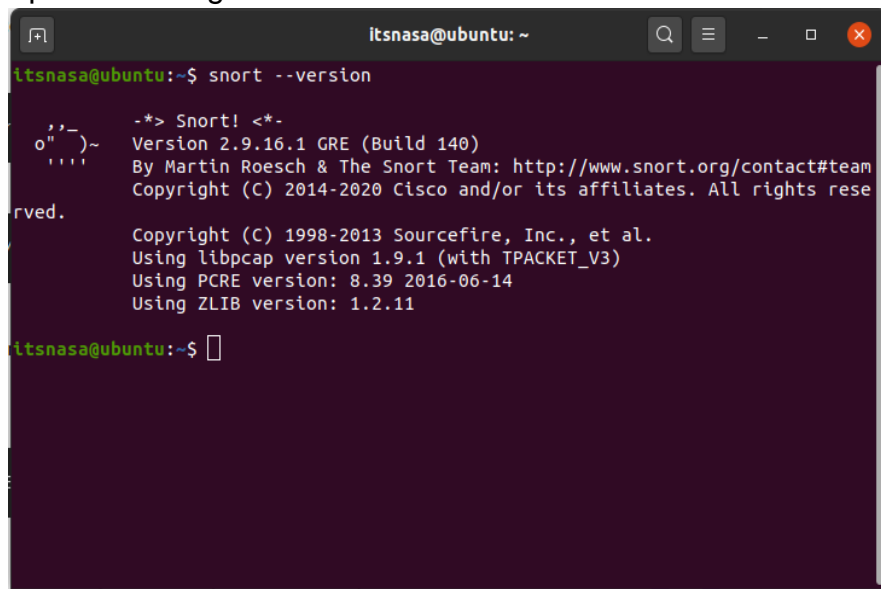
11. Start with updating the shared libraries using the command underneath.

```
sudo ldconfig
```

12. Snort on Ubuntu gets installed to /usr/local/bin/snort directory, it is good practice to create a symbolic link to /usr/sbin/snort.

```
sudo ln -s /usr/local/bin/snort /usr/sbin/snort
```

Snort is now up and running.

A terminal window titled 'ltsnasa@ubuntu: ~' showing the output of the 'snort --version' command. The output includes the Snort logo, version 2.9.16.1 GRE (Build 140), author information (Martin Roesch & The Snort Team), copyright notice (2014-2020 Cisco and/or its affiliates), and details about the compiled libraries: libpcap 1.9.1, PCRE 8.39, and ZLIB 1.2.11.

```
ltsnasa@ubuntu:~$ snort --version

  __  __
 o"/  )~
  '    '

-*> Snort! <*-
Version 2.9.16.1 GRE (Build 140)
By Martin Roesch & The Snort Team: http://www.snort.org/contact#team
Copyright (C) 2014-2020 Cisco and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.

Copyright (C) 1998-2013 Sourcefire, Inc., et al.
Using libpcap version 1.9.1 (with TPACKET_V3)
Using PCRE version: 8.39 2016-06-14
Using ZLIB version: 1.2.11

ltsnasa@ubuntu:~$
```

```
Activities Terminal Oct 15 02:25 root@ubuntu: ~/snort_src
itsnasa@ubuntu:~$ sudo -s
[sudo] password for itsnasa:
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo groupadd snort
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo useradd snort -r -s /sbin/nologin -c SNORT_IDS -g snort
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo mkdir -p /etc/snort/rules
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo mkdir /var/log/snort
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo mkdir /usr/local/lib/snort_dynamicrules
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo chmod -R 5775 /etc/snort
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo chmod -R 5775 /var/log/snort
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo chmod -R 5775 /usr/local/lib/snort_dynamicrules
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo chown -R snort:snort /etc/snort
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo chown -R snort:snort /var/log/snort
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo touch /etc/snort/rules/white_list.rules
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo touch /etc/snort/rules/black_list.rules
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo touch /etc/snort/rules/local.rules
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo cp ~/snort_src/snort-2.9.16/etc/*.*.conf* /etc/snort
cp: cannot stat '/root/snort_src/snort-2.9.16/etc/*.*.conf*': No such file or directory
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# sudo cp ~/snort_src/snort-2.9.16/etc/*.*.map /etc/snort
cp: cannot stat '/root/snort_src/snort-2.9.16/etc/*.*.map': No such file or directory
root@ubuntu:/home/itsnasa# cd ~/snort_src/
root@ubuntu:~/snort_src# ls
daq-2.0.7 daq-2.0.7.tar.gz snort-2.9.16.1 snort-2.9.16.1.tar.gz
root@ubuntu:~/snort_src# sudo cp ~/snort_src/snort-2.9.16.1/etc/*.*.conf* /etc/snort
root@ubuntu:~/snort_src#
```

Setting rules for Snort

1. Grab the community rules using wget with the command below.

```
wget https://www.snort.org/rules/community -O ~/community.tar.gz
```

2. Extract the rules and copy them to your configuration folder.

```
sudo tar -xvf ~/community.tar.gz -C ~/
sudo cp ~/community-rules/* /etc/snort/rules
```

3. By default, Snort on Ubuntu expects to find a number of different rule files which are not included in the community rules. You can easily comment out the unnecessary lines using the sed command underneath.

```
sudo sed -i 's/include \$RULE_PATH/#include \$RULE_PATH/' /etc/snort/snort.conf
```

```
root@ubuntu:~/snort_src# wget https://www.snort.org/rules/community -O ~/community.tar.gz
--2020-10-15 02:25:32-- https://www.snort.org/rules/community
Resolving www.snort.org (www.snort.org)... 104.18.138.9, 104.18.139.9, 2606:4700:16012:8a09, ...
Connecting to www.snort.org (www.snort.org)[104.18.138.9]:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 302 Found
Location: https://snort-org-s3.s3.amazonaws.com/production/release_files/files/000/015/294/original/community-rules.tar.gz?X-Amz-Algorithm=AWS4-HMAC-SHA256&X-Amz-Credential=AKIAIAXCIED2SPHSC7GAN2F20201015X2Fus-east-1X2F53N2Faws4_request&X-Amz-Date=20201015T092534Z&X-Amz-Expires=3600&X-Amz-SignedHeaders=host&X-Amz-Signature=b4cd87980e4ebae33b6298b0a10110bfeafcf88e4c34deaaafc191d5cf2d1 [following]
--2020-10-15 02:25:34-- https://snort-org-s3.s3.amazonaws.com/production/release_files/files/000/015/294/original/community-rules.tar.gz?X-Amz-Algorithm=AWS4-HMAC-SHA256&X-Amz-Credential=AKIAIAXCIED2SPHSC7GAN2F20201015X2Fus-east-1X2F53N2Faws4_request&X-Amz-Date=20201015T092534Z&X-Amz-Expires=3600&X-Amz-SignedHeaders=host&X-Amz-Signature=b4cd87980e4ebae33b6298b0a10110bfeafcf88e4c34deaaafc191d5cf2d1
Resolving snort-org-s3.s3.amazonaws.com (snort-org-s3.s3.amazonaws.com)... 52.217.86.212
Connecting to snort-org-s3.s3.amazonaws.com (snort-org-s3.s3.amazonaws.com)[52.217.86.212]:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 333007 (325K) [application/gzip]
Saving to: '/root/community.tar.gz'

/root/community.tar 100%[=====] 325.20K 351KB/s in 0.9s

2020-10-15 02:25:36 (351 KB/s) - '/root/community.tar.gz' saved [333007/333007]

root@ubuntu:~/snort_src# sudo tar -xvf ~/community.tar.gz -C ~/
community-rules/
community-rules/community.rules
community-rules/VRT-License.txt
community-rules/LICENSE
community-rules/AUTHORS
community-rules/snort.conf
community-rules/sid-msg.map
root@ubuntu:~/snort_src# sudo cp ~/community-rules/* /etc/snort/rules
root@ubuntu:~/snort_src# sudo sed -i 's/include \${RULE_PATH}/include \${RULE_PATH}/' /etc/snort/snort.conf
root@ubuntu:~/snort_src#
```

With the configuration and rule files in place, edit the snort.conf to modify a few parameters.

Open the configuration file in your favourite text editor, for example using Gedit with the command below

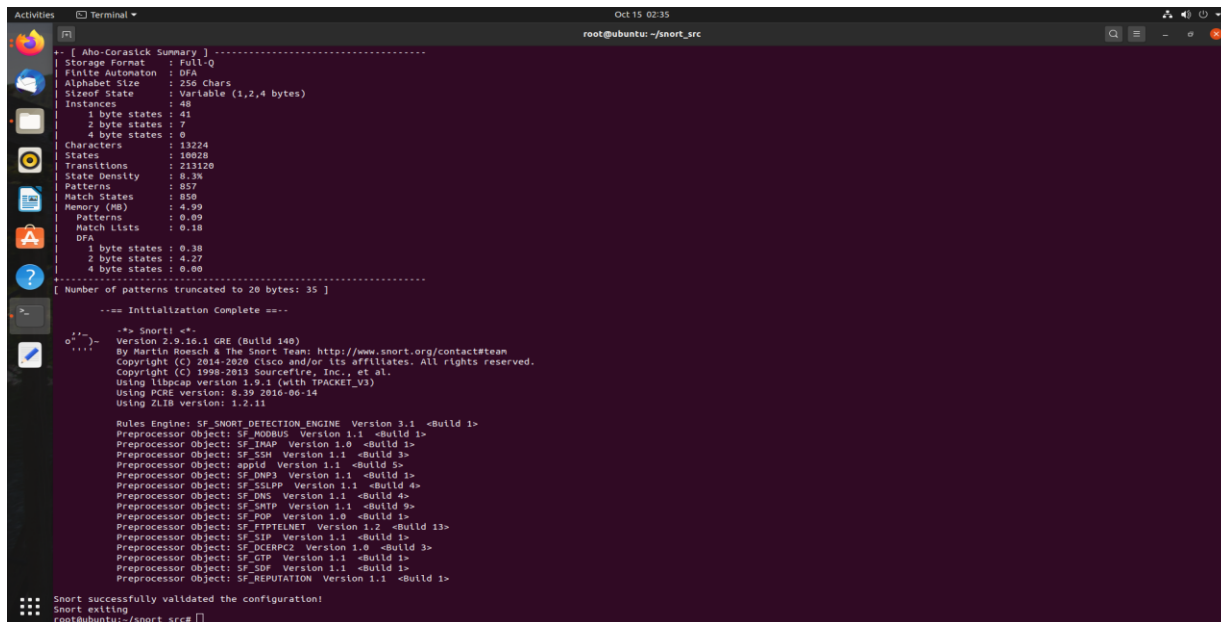
```
sudo gedit /etc/snort/snort.conf
```

```
42 #####
43
44 # Setup the network addresses you are protecting
45 ipvar HOME_NET any
46
47 # Set up the external network addresses. Leave as "any" in most situations
48 ipvar EXTERNAL_NET any
49
50 # List of DNS servers on your network
51 ipvar DNS_SERVERS $HOME_NET
52
53 # List of SMTP servers on your network
54 ipvar SMTP_SERVERS $HOME_NET
55
56 # List of web servers on your network
57 ipvar HTTP_SERVERS $HOME_NET
58
59 # List of sql servers on your network
60 ipvar SQL_SERVERS $HOME_NET
61
62 # List of telnet servers on your network
63 ipvar TELNET_SERVERS $HOME_NET
64
65 # List of ssh servers on your network
66 ipvar SSH_SERVERS $HOME_NET
67
68 # List of ftp servers on your network
69 ipvar FTP_SERVERS $HOME_NET
70
71 # List of sip servers on your network
72 ipvar SIP_SERVERS $HOME_NET
73
74 # List of ports you run web servers on
75 portvar HTTP_PORTS
76 [80,81,311,383,591,593,901,1220,1414,1741,1830,2301,2381,2809,3037,3128,3702,4343,4848,5250,6988,7000,7144,7145,7510,7777,7779,8000,8008,8014,8020,8080,8085,8086,8090,8110,8123,8180,8181,8243,828
77 # List of ports you want to look for SHELLCODE on.
78 portvar SHELLCODE_PORTS !80
79
80 # List of ports you might see oracle attacks on
81 portvar ORACLE_PORTS 1824
82
83 # List of ports you want to look for SSH connections on:
84 portvar SSH_PORTS 22
85
86 # List of ports you run ftp servers on
87 portvar FTP_PORTS [21,2100,3035]
88
89 # List of ports you run sip servers on
90 portvar SIP_PORTS [5060,5061,5060]
91
92 # List of file data ports for file inspection
93 portvar FILE_DATA_PORTS [HTTP_PORTS,110,143]
94
95 # List of GTP ports for GTP preprocessor
```

Edit your path files.

Your Snort should now be ready to run. Test the configuration using the parameter -T to enable test mode.

```
sudo snort -T -c /etc/snort/snort.conf
```

A terminal window titled 'Terminal' with the prompt 'root@ubuntu: ~/snort_src'. It displays the output of the 'snort -T' command. The output includes a detailed 'Aho-Corasick Summary' with statistics on storage format, finite automaton, alphabet size, state size, instances, states, transitions, patterns, and memory usage. It also shows the initialization of the Snort engine and a list of loaded preprocessors such as SF_MQDBUS, SF_INMAP, SF_SMH, SF_APPID, SF_DNP3, SF_SMLPP, SF_DNS, SF_SMTD, SF_POP, SF_FTPTELNET, SF_SIP, SF_DECRC2, SF_GTP, SF_SOF, and SF_REPUTATION. The final message states 'Snort successfully validated the configuration!' and 'snort exiting'.

Testing the configuration

To test if Snort is logging alerts as intended, add a custom detection rule alert on incoming ICMP connections to the local.rules file. Open your local rules in a text editor.

```
sudo nano /etc/snort/rules/local.rules
```

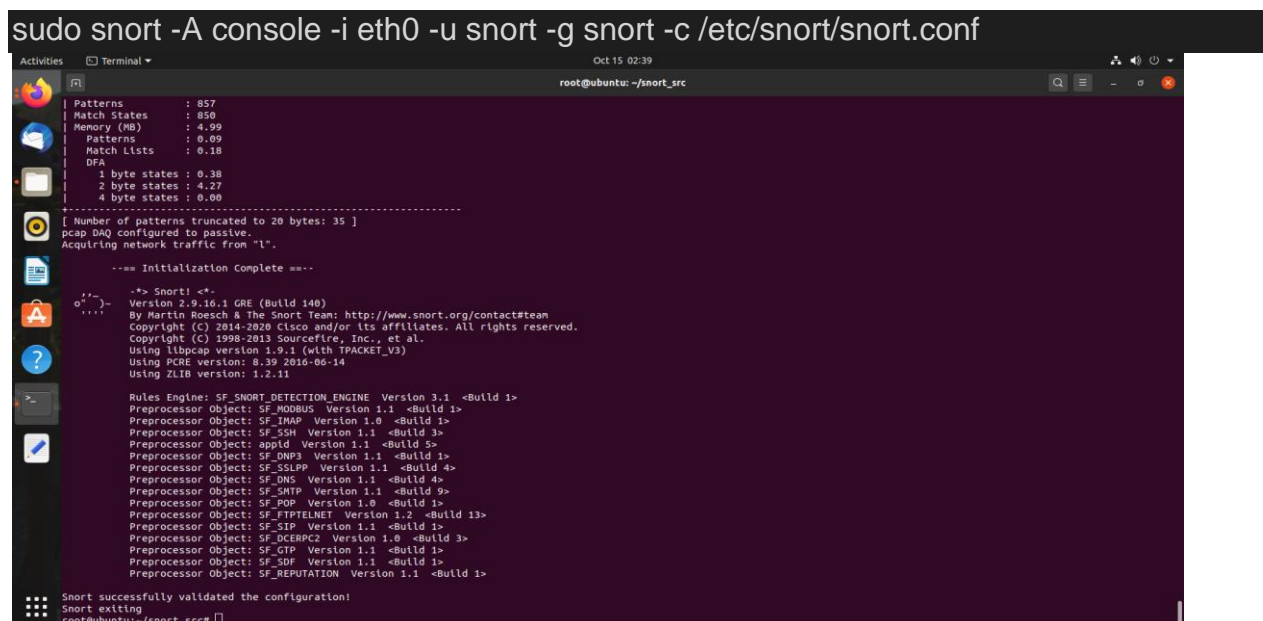
Then add the following line to the file.

```
alert icmp any any -> $HOME_NET any (msg:"ICMP test"; sid:10000001; rev:001;)
```



Save the local.rules and exit the editor.

Start Snort with -A console options to print the alerts to stdout. You will need to select the correct network interface with the public IP address of your server, for example, eth0.



Check the file after some time.

```
snort.conf x local.rules x pingtest.txt x white.list x black.list x
1 10/05-00:51:38.679653 [**] [1:1000002:0] Testing TCP! [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 52.114.14.121:443 -> 192.168.43.52:50406
2 10/05-00:51:38.729671 [**] [1:1000002:0] Testing TCP! [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 192.168.43.52:50406 -> 52.114.14.121:443
3 10/05-00:51:38.776282 [**] [1:1000002:0] Testing TCP! [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 192.168.43.52:50406 -> 52.114.14.121:443
4 10/05-00:51:38.947566 [**] [1:1000002:0] Testing TCP! [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 52.114.14.121:443 -> 192.168.43.52:50406
5 10/05-00:51:41.236976 [**] [1:1000002:0] Testing TCP! [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 2404:6800:4009:0812:0000:0000:0000:200e:443 ->
2405:0204:9511:ea78:fd33:63f3:c118:b910:50494
6 10/05-00:51:41.237138 [**] [1:1000002:0] Testing TCP! [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 2404:6800:4009:0812:0000:0000:0000:200e:443 ->
2405:0204:9511:ea78:fd33:63f3:c118:b910:50494
7 10/05-00:51:41.237139 [**] [1:1000002:0] Testing TCP! [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 2404:6800:4009:0812:0000:0000:0000:200e:443 ->
2405:0204:9511:ea78:fd33:63f3:c118:b910:50494
8 10/05-00:51:41.237178 [**] [1:1000002:0] Testing TCP! [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 2405:0204:9511:ea78:fd33:63f3:c118:b910:50494 ->
2404:6800:4009:0812:0000:0000:0000:200e:443
9 10/05-00:51:42.255502 [**] [1:1000003:0] Testing UDP! [**] [Priority: 0] {UDP} 192.168.43.52:15350 -> 77.109.122.154:1270
10 10/05-00:51:42.839535 [**] [1:1000003:0] Testing UDP! [**] [Priority: 0] {UDP} 77.109.122.154:1270 -> 192.168.43.52:15350
11 10/05-00:51:46.238090 [**] [1:1000001:0] Testing ICMP! [**] [Priority: 0] {IPV6-ICMP} fe80:0000:0000:0000:70b7:aaff:fe32:65a9
-> 2405:0204:9511:ea78:fd33:63f3:c118:b910
12 10/05-00:51:46.238149 [**] [1:1000001:0] Testing ICMP! [**] [Priority: 0] {IPV6-ICMP} 2405:0204:9511:ea78:fd33:63f3:c118:b910
-> fe80:0000:0000:0000:70b7:aaff:fe32:65a9
13 10/05-00:51:49.246997 [**] [1:1000003:0] Testing UDP! [**] [Priority: 0] {UDP} 192.168.43.52:15350 -> 147.135.136.65:8680
14 10/05-00:51:49.560712 [**] [1:1000003:0] Testing UDP! [**] [Priority: 0] {UDP} 147.135.136.65:8680 -> 192.168.43.52:15350
15 10/05-00:51:54.996990 [**] [1:1000002:0] Testing TCP! [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 2404:6800:4009:0812:0000:0000:0000:200e:443 ->
2405:0204:9511:ea78:fd33:63f3:c118:b910:50494
16 10/05-00:51:55.047395 [**] [1:1000002:0] Testing TCP! [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 2405:0204:9511:ea78:fd33:63f3:c118:b910:50494 ->
2404:6800:4009:0812:0000:0000:0000:200e:443
```

It is successfully working.

CONCLUSION:

Thus, installation and implementation of snort is completed in this assignment.