

29/03/2024

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Day 22 of DSA

Tasks

Check
Box

Segment Tree

☒ Segment Tree Construction (Theory)

☒ Implement Segment Tree Construction

☒ Query in segment

☒ Min / Max Element Queries / Updates

* Segment Tree Construction

Given Array

5	3	2	4	1	8	6	10
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

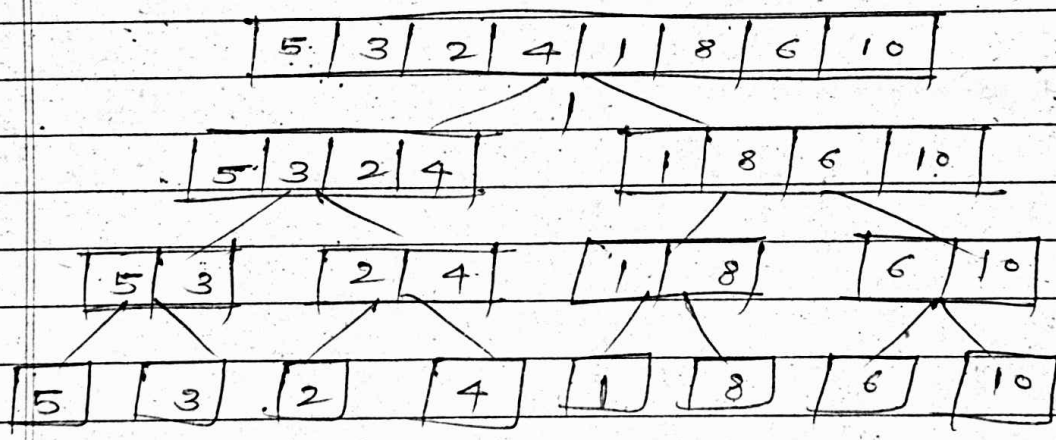
Power of Number 2 in Programming

→ Binary Representation of numbers

All operations be it sum / subtraction / product, all are accomplished in $O(1)$

→ Division of Array (Divide and conquer)

* We can divide the above array as



Number of Nodes = $n + \frac{n}{2} + \frac{n}{4} + \dots + 2 + 1$

$\xrightarrow{\quad \quad \quad} \frac{n+1}{2}$

For calculating sum,
we have to calculate No. of Terms

$$a r^{x-1} = n$$

$$a=1, r=2$$

$$2^{(x-1)} = n$$

$$\log_2 (2)^{x-1} = \log_2 (n)$$

$$x = 1 + \log_2 n$$

$$\therefore \text{Number of levels} = 1 + \log_2 n$$

$$2 - \text{Number of Nodes} = 1 + 2 + 4 + \dots + n$$

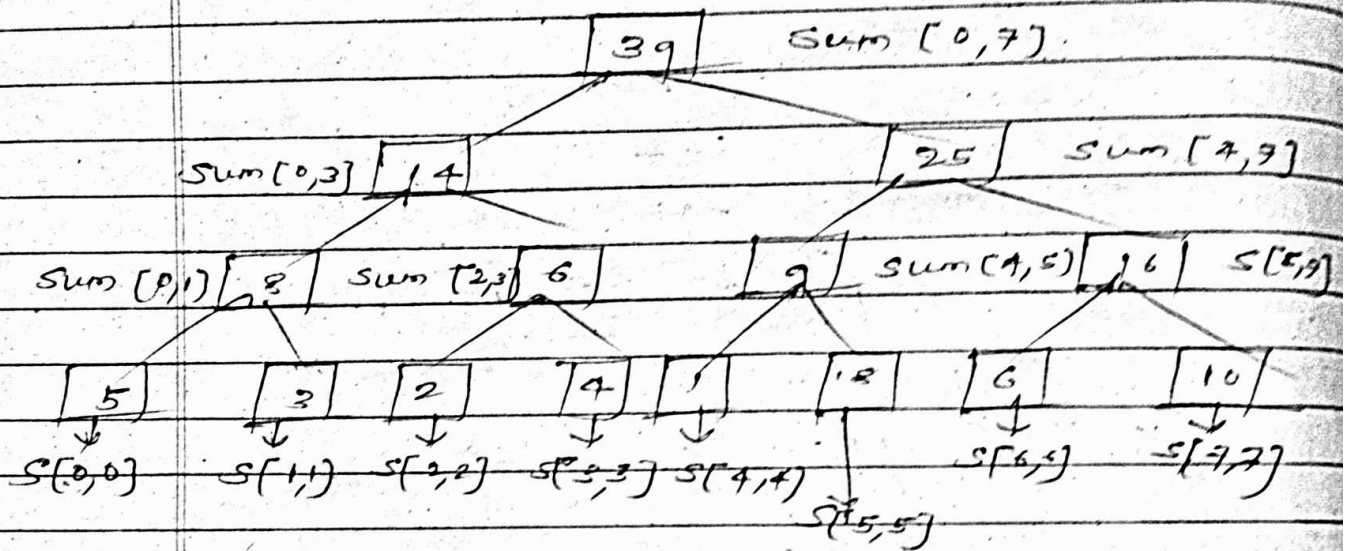
$$= \frac{1 [(2)^{1+\log_2 n} - 1]}{2 - 1}$$

$$= 2^{1+\log_2 n} - 1$$

$$= (2n - 1)$$

$$\text{For odd No.:- tree size} = 4 \times n$$

Structure of segment Tree Construction



Note:- We use divide & conquer to
build segment tree

Pseudocode:

$$10^5 + 2$$

const int N = $10^5 + 2$;

int a[N]; tree[4 * N];

void build (int node, int st, int en)

{
if (st == en)

{
tree[node] = a[st];

return;

int mid = (st + en) / 2;

build (2 * node, st, mid);

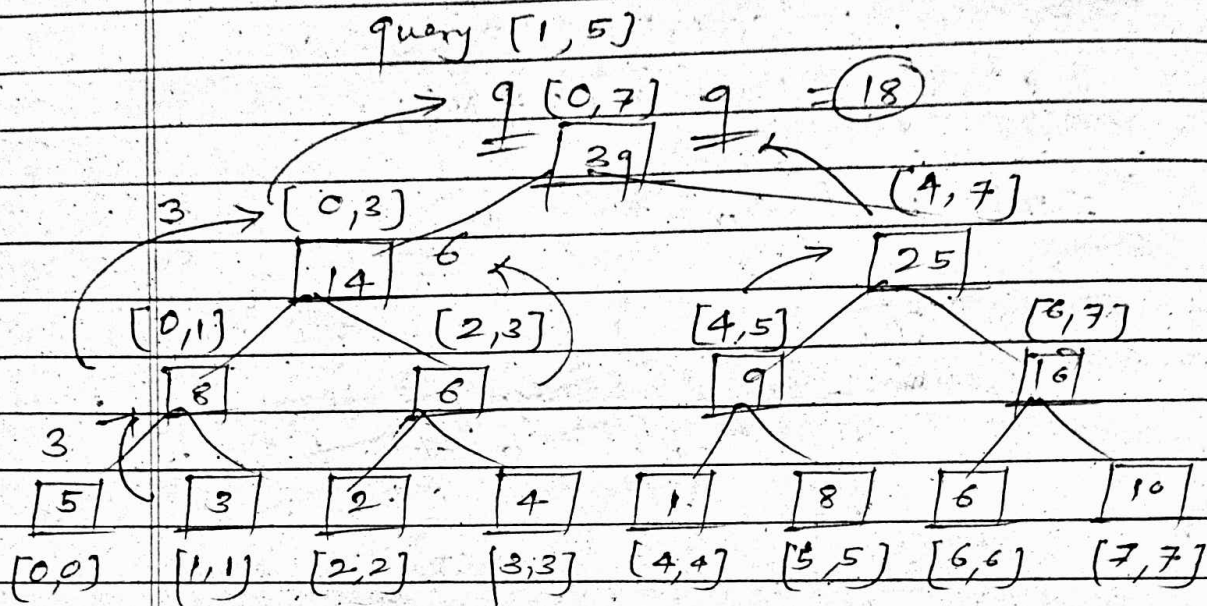
build (2 * node + 1, mid + 1, en);

tree[node] = tree[2 * node] +
tree[2 * node + 1];

calling function

build (1, 0, n - 1);

* Query in Segment Tree



- ① Complete segment
- ② partial segment

* Pseudocode

```

int query(int node, int st, int en, int l, int r)
{
    if (st > r || en < l) return 0;
    if (l <= st && en <= r) return tree[node];

    int mid = (st + en) / 2;

    int q1 = query(2 * node, st, mid, l, r);
    int q2 = query(2 * node + 1, mid + 1, en, l, r);

    return q1 + q2;
}
  
```

* Maximum & Minimum Queries / updates

① Query = Output the maximum/minimum for the sub-array $a[i..j]$

② Update = Update the i th element of the array $arr[idx] = \text{updated value}$

