Tarea-5.R

User

2021-09-09

```
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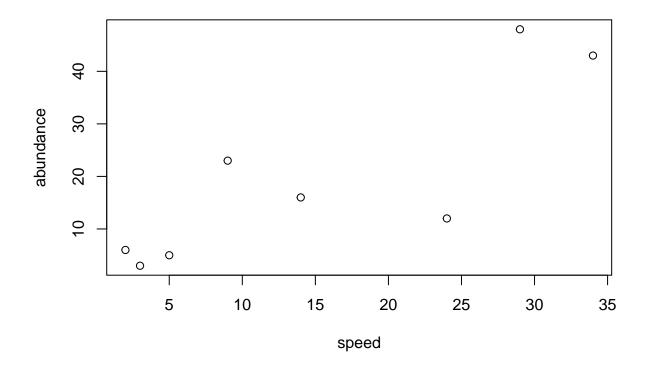
# 2124992

##########

#Tarea 5

# Ejercicio 1 ------

speed <- c(2, 3, 5, 9, 14, 24, 29, 34)
abundance <- c(6, 3, 5, 23, 16, 12, 48, 43)
efim <- data.frame(speed, abundance)
plot(speed, abundance)
```



```
efim$xmn <- (efim$speed - mean(efim$speed))</pre>
efim$ymn <- (efim$abundance - mean(efim$abundance))</pre>
efim$xmn2 <- (efim$speed - mean(efim$speed))^2</pre>
beta <- sum(efim$xmn * efim$ymn)/sum(efim$xmn2)</pre>
alfa <- (mean(efim$abundance))-(beta*mean(efim$speed))</pre>
efim$yef <- alfa + (beta*efim$speed)
efim.lm <- lm(efim$abundance ~ efim$speed)</pre>
summary(efim.lm)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = efim$abundance ~ efim$speed)
## Residuals:
      Min
             1Q Median
                             3Q
                                   Max
## -18.080 -2.481 -0.580 3.975 12.042
## Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.8667 5.7912 0.322 0.75813
## efim$speed
               ## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 10.05 on 6 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7126, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6647
## F-statistic: 14.87 on 1 and 6 DF, p-value: 0.008393
efim.lm$df
## [1] 6
sqrt( 0.7126)
## [1] 0.8441564
#¿Es estadisticamente significativa la correlacion?
# R: H1 si es alternativa si es sifnificativa
# Ejercicio 2 -----
setwd("C:/estadistica/Analisis-estadisticos-2021")
suelo <- read.csv("suelo.csv", header = TRUE)</pre>
head(suelo)
    X Group Contour Depth Gp Block pH N Dens P
                                                      Ca Mg
               ## 1 1
        1
## 2 2
        1
## 3 3
      1
```

```
Top 0-10 T0 4 5.14 0.169 1.10 248 11.92 7.88 1.09 1.01 Top 10-30 T1 1 5.14 0.164 1.12 174 14.17 8.12 0.70 2.17
## 4 4
        1
## 5 5
           2
## 6 6
                 Top 10-30 T1 2 5.10 0.094 1.22 129 8.55 6.92 0.81 2.67
##
    Conduc
## 1 1.09
## 2 1.35
## 3
     1.41
## 4
     1.64
## 5
      1.85
## 6 3.18
cor.test(suelo$pH, suelo$N)
   Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: suelo$pH and suelo$N
## t = 5.5994, df = 46, p-value = 1.149e-06
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.4303716 0.7797377
## sample estimates:
        cor
## 0.636654
cor.test(suelo$pH, suelo$Dens)
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: suelo$pH and suelo$Dens
## t = -4.9436, df = 46, p-value = 1.062e-05
\#\# alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.7479775 -0.3661760
## sample estimates:
##
          cor
## -0.5890264
cor.test(suelo$pH, suelo$P)
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: suelo$pH and suelo$P
## t = 4.9694, df = 46, p-value = 9.74e-06
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.3688348 0.7493286
## sample estimates:
         cor
## 0.5910303
cor.test(suelo$pH, suelo$Ca)
##
```

Pearson's product-moment correlation

```
##
## data: suelo$pH and suelo$Ca
## t = 9.3221, df = 46, p-value = 3.614e-12
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.6809493 0.8885997
## sample estimates:
        cor
## 0.8086293
cor.test(suelo$pH, suelo$Mg)
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: suelo$pH and suelo$Mg
## t = -2.923, df = 46, p-value = 0.005361
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.6111857 -0.1257936
## sample estimates:
##
          cor
## -0.3957821
cor.test(suelo$pH, suelo$K)
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
## data: suelo$pH and suelo$K
## t = 4.8236, df = 46, p-value = 1.585e-05
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.3536810 0.7415855
## sample estimates:
        cor
## 0.5795727
cor.test(suelo$pH, suelo$Na)
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: suelo$pH and suelo$Na
## t = -6.5242, df = 46, p-value = 4.724e-08
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.8165520 -0.5094849
## sample estimates:
##
          cor
## -0.6932614
cor.test(suelo$pH, suelo$Conduc)
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
```

##

```
## data: suelo$pH and suelo$Conduc
## t = -8.0515, df = 46, p-value = 2.484e-10
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.8616916 -0.6141322
## sample estimates:
## cor
## -0.7648104
```