Experiment 4

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Aim:
To Implement A* Search Algorithms.
Code:
# Python program for A* Search Algorithm
import math
import heapq
# Define the Cell class
class Cell:
  def init (self):
   # Parent cell's row index
     self.parent i = 0
  # Parent cell's column index
     self.parent_j = 0
# Total cost of the cell (g + h)
     self.f = float('inf')
  # Cost from start to this cell
     self.g = float('inf')
  # Heuristic cost from this cell to destination
     self.h = 0
```

Define the size of the grid

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ROW = 9
COL = 10
# Check if a cell is valid (within the grid)
def is valid(row, col):
  return (row \geq= 0) and (row \leq ROW) and (col \geq= 0) and (col \leq COL)
# Check if a cell is unblocked
def is unblocked(grid, row, col):
  return grid[row][col] == 1
# Check if a cell is the destination
def is destination(row, col, dest):
  return row == dest[0] and col == dest[1]
# Calculate the heuristic value of a cell (Euclidean distance to
destination)
def calculate h value(row, col, dest):
  return ((row - dest[0]) ** 2 + (col - dest[1]) ** 2) ** 0.5
# Trace the path from source to destination
def trace path(cell details, dest):
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print("The Path is ")
  path = []
  row = dest[0]
  col = dest[1]
  # Trace the path from destination to source using parent cells
  while not (cell_details[row][col].parent_i == row and
cell details[row][col].parent j == col):
     path.append((row, col))
     temp row = cell details[row][col].parent i
     temp col = cell details[row][col].parent j
     row = temp row
     col = temp col
  # Add the source cell to the path
  path.append((row, col))
  # Reverse the path to get the path from source to destination
  path.reverse()
  # Print the path
  for i in path:
     print("->", i, end=" ")
  print()
# Implement the A* search algorithm
def a star search(grid, src, dest):
  # Check if the source and destination are valid
  if not is_valid(src[0], src[1]) or not is_valid(dest[0], dest[1]):
     print("Source or destination is invalid")
     return
```

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# Check if the source and destination are unblocked
  if not is unblocked(grid, src[0], src[1]) or not is unblocked(grid,
dest[0], dest[1]):
     print("Source or the destination is blocked")
     return
  # Check if we are already at the destination
  if is destination(src[0], src[1], dest):
     print("We are already at the destination")
     return
  # Initialize the closed list (visited cells)
  closed list = [[False for in range(COL)] for in range(ROW)]
  # Initialize the details of each cell
  cell details = [[Cell() for in range(COL)] for in range(ROW)]
  # Initialize the start cell details
  i = src[0]
  i = src[1]
  cell details[i][j].f = 0
  cell_details[i][j].g = 0
  cell details[i][i].h = 0
  cell details[i][j].parent i = i
  cell_details[i][j].parent_j = j
  # Initialize the open list (cells to be visited) with the start cell
  open list = []
  heapq.heappush(open list, (0.0, i, j))
  # Initialize the flag for whether destination is found
  found dest = False
```

```
# Main loop of A* search algorithm
  while len(open list) > 0:
     # Pop the cell with the smallest f value from the open list
     p = heapq.heappop(open list)
     # Mark the cell as visited
     i = p[1]
     j = p[2]
     closed list[i][i] = True
     # For each direction, check the successors
     directions = [(0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0),
              (1, 1), (1, -1), (-1, 1), (-1, -1)
     for dir in directions:
        new i = i + dir[0]
       new j = j + dir[1]
       # If the successor is valid, unblocked, and not visited
       if is_valid(new_i, new_j) and is_unblocked(grid, new_i, new_j)
and not closed list[new i][new i]:
          # If the successor is the destination
          if is destination(new i, new j, dest):
             # Set the parent of the destination cell
             cell details[new i][new i].parent i = i
             cell_details[new_i][new_j].parent_j = j
             print("The destination cell is found")
             # Trace and print the path from source to destination
             trace path(cell details, dest)
             found dest = True
             return
          else:
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# Calculate the new f, g, and h values
             g new = cell details[i][j].g + 1.0
             h new = calculate h value(new i, new j, dest)
             f new = g new + h new
             # If the cell is not in the open list or the new f value is
smaller
             if cell details[new i][new j].f == float('inf') or
cell details[new i][new i].f > f new:
                # Add the cell to the open list
                heapq.heappush(open list, (f new, new i, new j))
                # Update the cell details
                cell details[new i][new i].f = f new
                cell details[new i][new j].g = g new
                cell details[new i][new j].h = h new
                cell details[new i][new i].parent i = i
                cell details[new i][new j].parent j = j
  # If the destination is not found after visiting all cells
  if not found dest:
     print("Failed to find the destination cell")
# Driver Code
def main():
  # Define the grid (1 for unblocked, 0 for blocked)
  qrid = [
     [1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1],
     [1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1],
     [1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1],
     [0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1],
```

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[1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0],
        [1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0],
        [1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1],
        [1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1],
        [1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1]
]

# Define the source and destination src = [8, 0]
    dest = [0, 0]

# Run the A* search algorithm a_star_search(grid, src, dest)

if __name__ == "__main__": main()
```

Output:

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The destination cell is found
The Path is
-> (8, 0) -> (7, 0) -> (6, 0) -> (5, 0) -> (4, 1) -> (3, 2) -> (2, 1) -> (1, 0) -> (0, 0)
```

Result:

Thus Implementation of A* Search has been done and Verified Successfully.