PLSC 504: Analyzing Text: A Super-Simple Introduction

December 2, 2020

Text as Data: Goals

Humans:

- · Good at: Meaning, subtlety (irony, sarcasm, subtle negation, etc.), context, tone, etc.
- · Bad at: Doing things quickly and consistently.

Computers:

- · Good at: Doing things quickly and consistently.
- · Bad at: Meaning, subtlety (irony, sarcasm, subtle negation, etc.), context, tone, etc.

What Can Text Methods Do?

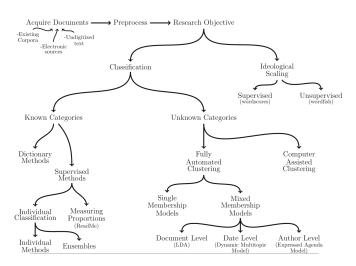
Grimmer's "haystack metaphor": Improved reading...

- Interpreting the meaning of a sentence or phrase → Analyzing a single straw of hay
 - · Humans: amazing (e.g., the humanities)
 - · Computers struggle
- Comparing, Organizing, and Classifying Text → Organizing a hay stack
 - · Humans: terrible. Tiny active memories
 - · Computers: amazing

What automated text methods don't do:

- Develop a comprehensive statistical model of language
- Replace the need to read
- Develop a single tool + evaluation for all tasks

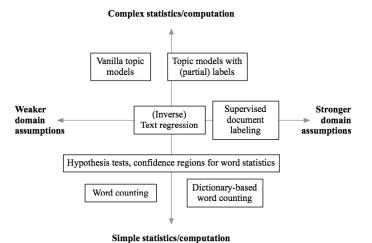
Text as Data: Aims



Grimmer and Stewart's "Four Principles"

- 2. Quantitative methods for text amplify resources and augment humans.
- 3. There is no globally best method for automated text analysis.
- 4. Validate, validate, validate.

Alternative Typology: O'Connor et al.



Text as Data: Basic Terminology

- Word / Term: In NLP, a single collection of letters signifying some meaning(s).
- N-gram: A collection of two or more words, treated as a unit / term.
- <u>Document</u>: A natural collection of terms with a common theme or content.
- Tokenizing: Breaking up a document into words, N-grams, sentences, or other syntactic subunits.
- Corpus: A collection of documents.
- <u>Stop Words</u>: A group of extremely common words typically of little direct interest to the researcher (e.g., conjunctions).
- Normalization: The creation of equivalence classes of terms. Examples include:
 - Case folding: Harmonizing the case/capitalization of terms (e.g., "Work" and "work")
 - Stemming: Reducing words with common stems to those stems (e.g., "works" and "working" become "work*")
 - <u>Lemmatization</u>: Similar to stemming: Combining words with common roots but more diverse meanings (e.g., "democracy" and "democratization").

Notation

- N <u>unique</u> terms/words/tokens T_i in the corpus...
- ...indexed by $i = \{1, 2, ...N\}$
- *J* documents D_j , $j = \{1, 2, ...J\}$
- X_{ij} = the *i*th unique term in the *j*th document

Text Preprocessing: **One** Recipe

Preprocessing a la Grimmer:

- Remove capitalization, punctuation
- Tokenize / define N-grams
- Discard Word Order (Bag of Words Assumption)
- Discard stop words
- Create equivalence classes: stem, lemmatize, or synonym
- Discard less useful features → depends on application
- Other reduction, specialization

Output: Count vector, each element counts occurrence of terms / stems

Capitalization and Punctuation

Capitalization / case-folding:

- Generally best removed (Ferrari and ferrari mean the same thing in English)
- Exceptions / potential pitfalls:
 - · Proper nouns ("Mark Cuban" ≠ "mark" "cuban")
 - · Acronyms ("CAT" \neq "cat," etc.)
- Alternative: "truecasing"...

Punctuation:

- Periods, commas, colons, semicolons can usually go...
- Occasionally question marks and exclamation points are useful (e.g., sentiment analysis)
- **Order is important!** Don't remove punctuation prior to (say) tokenizing sentences...

Terms, Stems, and N-grams

 $\overline{\text{Terms}}$ are the "lowest-level unit;" can be words, stems/roots, synonym groups, etc.

Stemming...

- Industry standard is the "snowball" stemmer...
- Details at http://snowballstem.org/

N-grams:

- Can be specified/user-defined ("Utah Jazz," "Orlando Magic," etc.)
- Useful for proper nouns, terms of art, etc.
- Can also be built from the corpus ("shingled")

Stop Words

- We usually want to remove them...
- Standard R stop words:

```
> stopwords("en")
[1] "a" "an" "and" "are" "as"
[6] "at" "be" "but" "by" "for"
[11] "if" "in" "into" "is" "it"
[16] "no" "not" "of" "on" "or"
[21] "such" "that" "the" "their" "then"
[26] "there" "these" "they" "this" "to"
[31] "was" "will" "with"
```

- Other lists are much longer (e.g. https://github.com/stopwords-iso/stopwords-iso/)
- Potential issues:
 - · Proper nouns ("The Who," "That Was Then")
 - Stop word lists often have gendered pronouns (Monroe, Colaresi, and Quinn 2008)
 - · Any word can be a stop word...

Term-Document and Document-Term Matrices

A term-document matrix has:

- · N rows, corresponding to the N unique terms in the corpus
- \cdot J columns, corresponding to the J documents in the corpus
- · Entries N_{ij} that represent the number of times term i appears in document j

A <u>document-term matrix</u> is a transposed term-document matrix.

Weighting (TF v. TF-IDF)

Term frequency:

 N_{ii} = The number of times term i appears in document j

Term frequency (normalized for document length):

$$TF_{ij} = \frac{N_{ij}}{\sum_{i=1}^{N} N_{ij}},$$

the fraction of all terms in D_i that are term T_i .

Inverse document frequency (normalized):

$$IDF_i = \log_2 \frac{J}{J_i}$$

where J_i is the number of documents in which T_i occurs.

TF-IDF_{ij} is then simply $TF_{ij} \times IDF_i$

TF-IDF Examples

Three "documents":

```
A = \{\text{red}, \text{blue}, \text{red}\}
B = \{\text{green}, \text{blue}, \text{orange}\}
C = \{\text{yellow}, \text{blue}, \text{yellow}\}
```

Example one:

- In document A "red" appears twice (TF_{ij} = 2), and
- · "red" is two of the three total terms in that document (normed $TF_{ij}=0.67$)
- · "red" appears in only one of the three documents (IDF $_i = log_2[3/1] = 1.6$)
- The TF-IDF for "red" in document A is $0.67 \times 1.6 = 1.1$

Example two:

- · In document C "blue" appears once ($TF_{ij}=1$), and
- · "blue" is one of the three total terms in that document (normed $TF_{ij} = 0.33$)
- · "blue" appears in all three documents ($IDF_i = log_2[3/3] = 0$)
- · The TF-IDF for "blue" in document C is $0.33 \times 0 = 0$

TF-IDF Intuition

In general:

- (Normalized) TF indicates the prevalence of a term in a document
- IDF reflects how common or rare the word is across documents
- IDF is thus a measure of the level of "informativeness" (or "document-specificity") of a word
- TF-IDF is thus a measure of a term's "importance" (in some respects)



Text Analysis in R: Toy (/ toe) Example

```
> # Raw text:
> Walter <- "You want a toe? I can get you a toe, believe me. There are ways, Dude.
You don't wanna know about it, believe me."
> # Basic operations:
> # Seplace capitals (all-caps is "toupper"):
> > tolower(Walter)
[1] "you want a toe? i can get you a toe, believe me. there are ways, dude.
you don't wanna know about it, believe me."
> # Replace characters (ex: "a" with "A"):
> chartr("a","A",Walter)
[1] "You want a toe? I cAn get you A toe, believe me. There Are wAys, Dude.
You don't wAnnA know About it, believe me."
```

Basics, continued

```
> # Punctuation removal:
> removePunctuation(Walter)
[1] "You want a toe I can get you a toe believe me There are ways Dude
You dont wanna know about it believe me"
> # Remove words:
> removeWords(Walter, "toe")
[1] "You want a ? I can get you a , believe me. There are ways, Dude.
You don't wanna know about it, believe me."
> # From a list:
> wordsGone<-c("toe", "Dude", "believe")
> removeWords(Walter, wordsGone)
[1] "You want a ? I can get you a , me. There are ways, . You don't wanna know about it, me."
> # Can also removeNumbers and stripWhitespace...
```

Tokenizing

```
> # Tokenize: Break into sentences:
>
> Walter.sent <- tokenize_sentences(Walter)
> Walter sent
[[1]]
[1] "You want a toe?"
[2] "I can get vou a toe, believe me."
[3] "There are ways, Dude."
[4] "You don't wanna know about it, believe me."
> length(Walter.sent[[1]])
Γ17 4
> # Tokenize II: Break into words:
> Walter.words <- tokenize_words(Walter)
> Walter words
[[1]]
                      "a" "toe" "i" "can"
[1] "you" "want"
[7] "get"
           "vou" "a"
                              "toe" "believe" "me"
[13] "there" "are" "ways" "dude" "you"
                                                 "don't"
[19] "wanna" "know" "about" "it" "believe" "me"
> length(Walter.words[[1]]) # total word count
Γ17 24
```

Tokenize, continued

```
> # Tokenize III: Break sentences into words:
> Walter.sw <- tokenize words(Walter.sent[[1]])
> Walter.sw
[[1]]
[1] "vou" "want" "a"
                       "toe"
[[2]]
[1] "i"
                                                    "toe"
           "can"
                       "get"
                                 "you"
                                                              "believe"
[8] "me"
[[3]]
[1] "there" "are" "ways" "dude"
[[4]]
[1] "you"
             "don't"
                       "wanna"
                                 "know"
                                           "about"
                                                    "it"
                                                              "believe"
[8] "me"
```

Counting Things

```
> # Count words per sentence:
> Walter.wordcount <- sapply(Walter.sw, length)
> Walter.wordcount
[1] 4 8 4 8
> # Term frequencies:
> termFreq(Walter, control=list(removePunctuation=TRUE))
 about.
           are believe
                           can
                                 dont.
                                         dude
                                                  get
                                                         know there
                                    1
                                            1
   toe wanna want ways
                                  you
                                    3
                     1
                             1
attr(,"class")
[1] "term_frequency" "integer"
```

N-grams

```
> # N-grams: Basic N-grams of length 2:
> Walter.Ng2<-tokenize_ngrams(Walter,n=2)
> Walter.Ng2
[[1]]
[1] "you want"
                   "want a"
                                 "a toe"
                                               "toe i"
[5] "i can"
                   "can get"
                                 "get you"
                                               "vou a"
 [9] "a toe"
                   "toe believe" "believe me" "me there"
                   "are ways"
                                 "ways dude"
                                               "dude you"
[13] "there are"
[17] "you don't"
                   "don't wanna" "wanna know" "know about"
[21] "about it"
                   "it believe" "believe me"
> # Count of unique N-grams of length 2:
> table(Walter.Ng2)
Walter.Ng2
                                     believe me
                                                    can get don't wanna
      a toe
               about it
                           are wavs
                                    it believe know about
  dude you
                get you
                              i can
                                                               me there
  there are toe believe
                              toe i wanna know
                                                     want a
                                                              wavs dude
              you don't
                           you want
      you a
```

Skip N-grams

```
> # Skip N-grams: length=4, skip=1:
> tokenize_skip_ngrams(Walter,n=4,k=1)
[1] "vou a i get"
                                "want toe can you"
 [3] "a i get a"
                                "toe can you toe"
 [5] "i get a believe"
                                "can you toe me"
 [7] "get a believe there"
                                "vou toe me are"
 [9] "a believe there ways"
                                "toe me are dude"
                                "me are dude don't"
[11] "believe there ways you"
[13] "there ways you wanna"
                                "are dude don't know"
[15] "ways you wanna about"
                                "dude don't know it"
[17] "you wanna about believe" "don't know it me"
[19] "you want a toe"
                                "want a toe i"
[21] "a toe i can"
                                "toe i can get"
[23] "i can get you"
                                "can get you a"
[25] "get you a toe"
                                "you a toe believe"
[27] "a toe believe me"
                                "toe believe me there"
[29] "believe me there are"
                                "me there are ways"
[31] "there are ways dude"
                                "are ways dude you"
[33] "wavs dude vou don't"
                                "dude vou don't wanna"
[35] "you don't wanna know"
                                "don't wanna know about"
[37] "wanna know about it"
                                "know about it believe"
```

[39] "about it believe me"

Eliminating Stop-Words and Basic Stemming

```
> # Eliminate stop-words:
> stopwords("en")
[1] "a"
           "an"
                 "and" "are"
                                  "as"
                                          "at"
                                                 "he"
                                                         "but."
                          "in"
[9] "by" "for" "if"
                                  "into" "is"
                                                 "it"
                                                         "no"
[17] "not" "of" "on"
                           "or"
                                  "such" "that"
                                                 "the"
                                                         "their"
[25] "then" "there" "these" "they" "this" "to"
                                                  "พลร"
                                                         "will"
[33] "with"
> removeWords(Walter,stopwords("en"))
[1] "You want toe? I can get you toe, believe me. There ways, Dude.
You don't wanna know about , believe me."
> # Basic stemming (uses the Snowball stemmer):
> stemDocument(Walter)
[1] "You want a toe? I can get you a toe, believ me. There are ways, Dude.
You don't wanna know about it, believ me."
```

Creating a NLP Document

```
> # Create a basic document (NLP package):
> WS <- PlainTextDocument(Walter, author="Walter Sobchak",
                         description="Get you a toe",
                        language="en",
                         origin="The Big Lebowski")
> str(WS)
List of 2
$ content: chr "You want a toe? I can get vou a toe, believe me. There are ways, Dude. You don't wanna k
$ meta :List of 7
 ..$ author
            : chr "Walter Sobchak"
 ..$ datetimestamp: POSIXlt[1:1], format: "2018-03-14 16:39:41"
 ..$ description : chr "Get you a toe"
 ..$ heading : chr(0)
  ..$ id : chr(0)
  ..$ language : chr "en"
  .. $ origin : chr "The Big Lebowski"
  ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "TextDocumentMeta"
- attr(*, "class")= chr [1:2] "PlainTextDocument" "TextDocument"
```

A Basic Corpus (multiple documents)

```
> # Creating a (simple) corpus from sentences/words (NLP package):
> Walter.clean <- removePunctuation(Walter.sent[[1]])
> WSC<-Corpus(VectorSource(Walter.clean))
> inspect(WSC)
<<SimpleCorpus>>
Metadata: corpus specific: 1, document level (indexed): 0
Content: documents: 4
[1] You want a toe
[2] I can get vou a toe believe me
[3] There are ways Dude
[4] You dont wanna know about it believe me
> str(WSC)
List of 4
$ 1:List of 2
  .. $ content: chr "You want a toe"
  ..$ meta :List of 7
  ...$ author
                : chr(0)
  ....$ datetimestamp: POSIX1t[1:1], format: "2018-03-14 18:09:21"
  ....$ description : chr(0)
  .... $ heading : chr(0)
  ....$ id
                    : chr "1"
  .. .. $ language : chr "en"
  ....$ origin : chr(0)
  ... - attr(*, "class")= chr "TextDocumentMeta"
  ..- attr(*, "class")= chr [1:2] "PlainTextDocument" "TextDocument"
```

Term-Document Matrix

```
> # Term-Document Matrix:
> WS.TDM <- TermDocumentMatrix(WSC,control=list(tolower=TRUE,
                                            stemming=TRUE))
> inspect(WS.TDM)
<<TermDocumentMatrix (terms: 14, documents: 4)>>
Non-/sparse entries: 18/38
Sparsity
                  : 68%
Maximal term length: 6
Weighting
                  : term frequency (tf)
Sample
        Docs
Terms
        1 2 3 4
 about 0 0 0 1
  are
        0 0 1 0
 believ 0 1 0 1
        0 1 0 0
  can
 dont 0 0 0 1
 dude 0 0 1 0
 get
        0 1 0 0
 know 0 0 0 1
        1 1 0 0
  toe
```

vou

1 1 0 1

Document-Term Matrix

```
> # Document-Term Matrix:
> WS.DTM <- DocumentTermMatrix(WSC.control=list(tolower=TRUE.
                                                stemming=TRUE))
> inspect(WS.DTM)
<<DocumentTermMatrix (documents: 4, terms: 14)>>
Non-/sparse entries: 18/38
Sparsity
Maximal term length: 6
Weighting
                  : term frequency (tf)
Sample
    Terms
Docs about are believ can dont dude get know toe you
> as.matrix(WS.DTM)
    Terms
Docs about are believ can dont dude get know there toe wanna want way you
```

Associations

```
> # Associations:
> cor(as.matrix(WS.DTM))
     about
            are believ
                       can dont dude
                                      get know there toe wanna want
                                                                    way
                                                                         you
about
     1.00 -0.33
                 0.58 -0.33 1.00 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -0.33 -0.58 1.00 -0.33 -0.33 0.33
     -0.33 1.00 -0.58 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -0.58 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -1.00
are
believ 0.58 -0.58
                1.00 0.58 0.58 -0.58 0.58 0.58 -0.58 0.00 0.58 -0.58 -0.58 0.58
     -0.33 -0.33 0.58 1.00 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -0.33 -0.33 0.58 -0.33 -0.33 -0.33 0.33
can
     1.00 -0.33
                 0.58 -0.33 1.00 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -0.33 -0.58 1.00 -0.33 -0.33 0.33
dont.
dude
     -0.33 1.00 -0.58 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -0.58 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -1.00
get
                 0.58 1.00 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -0.33 -0.33 0.58 -0.33 -0.33 -0.33 0.33
     -0.33 -0.33
know
     -0.33 1.00 -0.58 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -0.58 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -1.00
there
toe
     -0.58 -0.58 0.00 0.58 -0.58 -0.58 0.58 -0.58 -0.58 1.00 -0.58 0.58 -0.58 0.58
     wanna
     -0.33 -0.33 -0.58 -0.33 -0.33 -0.33 -0.33 -0.33 -0.33 0.58 -0.33 1.00 -0.33 0.33
want
     -0.33 1.00 -0.58 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -0.58 -0.33 -0.33 1.00 -1.00
way
      0.33 -1.00
you
                0.58 0.33 0.33 -1.00 0.33 0.33 -1.00 0.58 0.33 0.33 -1.00 1.00
>
> findAssocs(WS.TDM, "toe", 0.3)
$toe
can get want vou
0.58 0.58 0.58 0.58
```

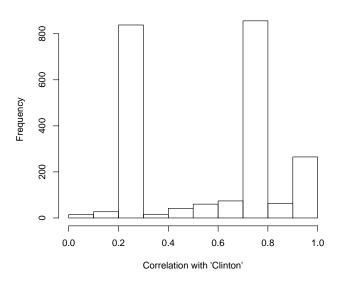
Example Two: The 2016 Presidential Debates

```
> Dfiles <- list.files(path="Data/Debates/",
                      pattern="pdf")
> Dpdf<-readPDF(control = list(text = "-layout"))
> D16<-VCorpus(URISource(pasteO("Data/Debates/",Dfiles)),
              readerControl = list(reader = Dpdf))
> # Now clean that mess up while creating the TDM:
>
> D16.TDM <- TermDocumentMatrix(D16.
              control=list(removePunctuation = TRUE,
              stopwords=TRUE, tolower=TRUE,
              stemming=TRUE, removeNumbers=FALSE))
> inspect(D16.TDM)
<<TermDocumentMatrix (terms: 2728, documents: 3)>>
Non-/sparse entries: 4810/3374
Sparsity
                   : 41%
Maximal term length: 21
Weighting
                   : term frequency (tf)
Sample
         Docs
          Debate2016-1.pdf Debate2016-2.pdf Debate2016-3.pdf
Terms
  clinton
                       134
                                          82
                                                           119
  countri
                        83
                                          65
                                                           74
                                          73
                        50
                                                            69
 get
 it?
                        97
                                          64
                                                            44
 peopl
                        72
                                         101
                                                            93
                                          57
                                                           67
  say
                        61
                                          55
                                                           71
  think
                        84
                       151
                                         111
                                                           141
 trump
                        54
                                          88
                                                           95
  want
                        65
                                                           92
  will
                                          74
```

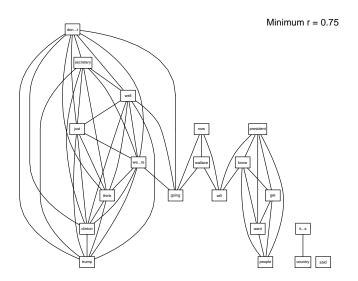
Associations

```
> # Associations:
>
> findAssocs(D16.TDM, "clinton", 0.98)
$clinton
   attacks
              benefit
                           build
                                       built
                                                    buv
                                                           created
                                                                         deals
                            1.00
      1.00
                 1.00
                                       1.00
                                                   1.00
                                                              1.00
                                                                          1.00
 donald?s experience
                                      issues
                            iran
                                                   jobs
                                                              lots
                                                                        matter
      1.00
                 1.00
                            1.00
                                        1.00
                                                   1.00
                                                              1.00
                                                                          1.00
                                                                         world
negotiate
             prepared
                             say
                                  secretary
                                                segment
                                                             trump
      1.00
                 1.00
                             1.00
                                        1.00
                                                   1.00
                                                              1.00
                                                                          1.00
  biggest
               birth
                         company
                                    defend
                                                   he?s
                                                              home
                                                                         japan
      0.99
                0.99
                             0.99
                                       0.99
                                                   0.99
                                                              0.99
                                                                          0.99
      just
                nafta
                            next
                                       wrong
      0.99
                 0.99
                            0.99
                                       0.99
> findAssocs(D16.TDM, "trump", 0.98)
$trump
   attacks
              benefit
                           birth
                                       build
                                                  built
                                                               buv
                                                                      clinton
      1.00
                1.00
                            1.00
                                       1.00
                                                   1.00
                                                              1.00
                                                                          1.00
                deals
                          defend
                                    donald?s experience
   created
                                                              iran
                                                                        issues
                1.00
      1.00
                            1.00
                                        1.00
                                                   1.00
                                                              1.00
                                                                          1.00
     japan
                 jobs
                            lots
                                      matter
                                                  nafta negotiate
                                                                      prepared
      1.00
                 1.00
                            1.00
                                        1.00
                                                   1.00
                                                              1.00
                                                                          1.00
                                     biggest countries
       sav
            secretary
                           world
                                                              iust
                                                                      segment
      1.00
                 1.00
                            1.00
                                        0.99
                                                   0.99
                                                              0.99
                                                                          0.99
   they?ve
                wrong
                         company
                                     economy
                                                   home
      0.99
                 0.99
                            0.98
                                        0.98
                                                   0.98
```

(Positive) Correlations with "clinton"



Term-Document Matrix Plot (using Rgraphviz)



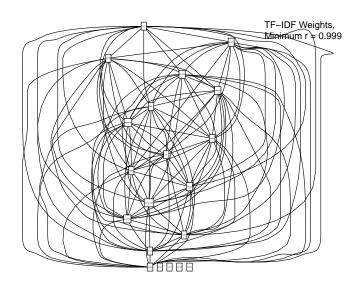
TF vs. TF-IDF Weighting

```
> # Weighting:
> D16.TFW <- weightTf(D16.TDM)
> D16.TFIDFW <- weightTfIdf(D16.TDM)
>
> as.matrix(D16.TFW)[1:8,]
       Docs
        Debate2016-1.pdf Debate2016-2.pdf Debate2016-3.pdf
Terms
  ?have
 ?his
  ?1et.
  7mr
  ?your
 204
 713
 ?14
> as.matrix(D16.TFIDFW)[1:8,]
       Docs
Terms
        Debate2016-1.pdf Debate2016-2.pdf Debate2016-3.pdf
  ?have
                 0.00000
                                   0.00021
                                                      0.0000
  ?his
                 0.00000
                                   0.00000
                                                      0.0002
 ?1et
                 0.00000
                                   0.00000
                                                      0.0002
                 0.00000
                                   0.00021
                                                      0.0000
  ?mr
  ?vour
                 0.00000
                                   0.00042
                                                      0.0000
  204
                 0.00019
                                   0.00000
                                                      0.0000
 ?13
                 0.00019
                                   0.00000
                                                      0.0000
 ?14
                 0.00019
                                   0.00000
                                                      0.0000
```

TF vs. TF-IDF (continued)

```
> TFs<-findMostFreqTerms(D16.TFW,n=20) # top-20 terms
> TFIDFs<-findMostFreqTerms(D16.TFIDFW,n=20) # in each
> cbind(names(TFs$'Debate2016-1.pdf'),c(names(TFIDFs$'Debate2016-1.pdf')))
      [,1]
                  [.2]
 [1,] "trump"
                  "holt"
 [2.] "clinton"
                  "interruption"
 [3.] "it?s"
                  "lester"
 [4,] "going"
                  "police"
 [5,] "holt"
                  "percent"
 [6.] "think"
                  "black"
 [7,] "people"
                  "frisk"
 [8,] "country"
                  "sean"
 [9.] "will"
                  "hannity"
[10.] "we?re"
                  "stamina"
[11,] "just"
                  "website"
[12.] "look"
                  "learn"
[13.] "said"
                  "losing"
[14,] "that?s"
                  "leaving"
[15,] "well"
                  "nato"
[16.] "want"
                  "certificate"
[17,] "know"
                  "concerned"
[18,] "one"
                  "crosstalk"
[19,] "secretary" "fed"
[20,] "get"
                  "murders"
```

TDM Plot, using TF-IDF Weights



Wrap-Up / Takeaways

- Things we didn't talk much about:
 - · Data sources (web scraping, APIs, OCRing scans, etc.)
 - · Text data formats (HTML, XML, JSON, etc.)
 - Regular expressions
 - · R alternatives (mostly Python, also others)
- Always start with a goal
- Conduct sensitivity analyses
- Text analysis: statistics < programming