Introduction to machine learning course Lecture 1: Introduction and presentation of the course

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Before we start

I'd like to know a little bit more about you

- Short presentation: Name, occupation, . . .
- Background in machine learning?
- Background in programming?
- Background in mathematics?
- Expectations from the course (if any)?

Please send me an email so that I have your contact:

alexis.zubiolo@gmail.com

All the material will be available on my personal GitHub:

https://github.com/azubiolo/itstep

Outline

- ▶ What machine learning is, what it is not
- ► A few practical examples
 - classification
 - regression
- Goals and presentation of the course
- Questions and answers

What is machine learning?

A simple example...



How to filter spam emails automatically?

Machine learning paradigm

Goal: Build algorithms that can

- ▶ learn from data
- make predictions on (new) data

Machine learning paradigm

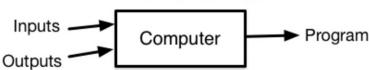
Goal: Build algorithms that can

- learn from data
- make predictions on (new) data

Traditional Programming



Machine Learning



Main components of machine learning

Mathematics

- ▶ Linear algebra
- Calculus
- Numerical optimization

Statistics, probability theory

Computer science

I will assume some knowledge in computer science (= a language you are comfortable with).

Example 1: Regression

Regression = output is a **continuous** numerical value

Example: Estimate the price of an apartment

input: information about the apartment

output: price

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Example: Estimate the price of an apartment

▶ input: **information** about the apartment

output: price

living area (m²)	price (1000's euros)
50	30
76	48
26	12
102	90

Example 1: Regression

Regression = output is a **continuous** numerical value

Example: Estimate the price of an apartment

input: information about the apartment

output: price

living area (m²)	price (1000's euros)
50	30
76	48
26	12
102	90
61	?

Linear model: price = $\mathbf{a} \times \text{area} + \mathbf{b}$

Problem: optimal values for **a** and **b**?

Regression

More data for a richer model:

living area (m²)	# bedrooms	price (1000's euros)
50	1	30
76	2	48
26	1	12
102	3	90
61	2	?

Linear model: price = $\mathbf{a} \times \text{area} + \mathbf{b} \times \# \text{ bedrooms} + \mathbf{c}$

Problem: Optimal values for **a**, **b** and **c**?

Remark: More data does not always imply a better model

 ${\sf Classification} = {\sf output} \ {\sf is} \ {\sf a} \ {\sf label}$

Classification = output is a **label**

- Spam filtering
 - ▶ input: email (text, subject, address, . . .)
 - output: spam or not spam

Classification = output is a **label**

- Spam filtering
 - input: email (text, subject, address, . . .)
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- Object recognition in images or videos
 - input: image or video
 - (example) output: face or not a face

Classification = output is a **label**

- Spam filtering
 - ▶ input: email (text, subject, address, . . .)
 - output: spam or not spam
- Object recognition in images or videos
 - input: image or video
 - (example) output: face or not a face
- Image classification/description
 - input: image
 - output: image description or label (apple, car, ...)

Automated image description generation



"man in black shirt is playing guitar."



"construction worker in orange safety vest is working on road."



"two young girls are playing with lego toy."



"girl in pink dress is jumping in air."



"black and white dog jumps over bar."



young girl in pink shirt is swinging on swing."

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- Dimensionality reduction

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The course

Goals:

- ▶ Introduce main concepts of machine learning
- ▶ **Implement** these concepts in Python (Scikit-learn)

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Practical information:

- ho \sim 10 90-min sessions
- Alternating between lectures and lab sessions
- ▶ I will send you the slides + code after each course

Course outline

- ► **General introduction** to ML and Python (course + lab)
- Regression model (course + lab)
- Classification models (course + lab)
- Clustering models (course + lab)
- Evaluation methods
- ► **General conclusion** + questions + remarks and feedback

Note: This is a first estimation. I will adapt to your needs.

Python and Scikit-learn

Why Python?

- Intuitive, interpreted language
- Cross-platform (Windows, MacOS, Linux)
- An active open-source community
- ► Easy-to-use ML libraries (e.g. Scikit-learn)

Let's see an example. . .

First lab session (about Python) next Thursday

Want to work on your own computer?

Recommended setup:

Anaconda for Python 2.7 https://docs.continuum.io/anaconda/install



Spyder text editor

Don't forget to send me an email:

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Thank you! Questions?