

$$a_{ik}^{(p)} = \frac{A \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \dots & p & i \\ 1 & 2 & \dots & p & k \end{pmatrix}}{A \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \dots & p \\ 1 & 2 & \dots & p \end{pmatrix}}, \quad A \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \dots & p & i \\ k_1 & k_2 & \dots & k_p & k_{p+1} \end{pmatrix} = G_p \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \dots & p & i \\ k_1 & k_2 & \dots & k_p & k_{p+1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$b_{in} = A \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \dots & p & i \\ 1 & 2 & \dots & p & n \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{vmatrix} a_{p+1,p+1} & \dots & a_{p+1,n} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{n,p+1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{vmatrix} = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} b_{p+1,p+1} & \dots & b_{p+1,n} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ b_{n,p+1} & \dots & b_{nn} \end{vmatrix}}{[A \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \dots & p \\ 1 & 2 & \dots & p \end{pmatrix}]^{n-p}} = \frac{|B|}{[A \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \dots & p \\ 1 & 2 & \dots & p \end{pmatrix}]^{n-p}}$$

$$|A| = A \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \dots & n \\ 1 & 2 & \dots & n \end{pmatrix} = A \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \dots & p \\ 1 & 2 & \dots & p \end{pmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} a_{p+1,p+1}^{(p)} & \dots & a_{p+1,n}^{(p)} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{n,p+1}^{(p)} & \dots & a_{nn}^{(p)} \end{vmatrix} \Rightarrow |B| = [A \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \dots & p \\ 1 & 2 & \dots & p \end{pmatrix}]^{n-p} \cdot \frac{|A|}{A \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \dots & p \\ 1 & \dots & p \end{pmatrix}} =$$

$$= [A \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \dots & p \\ 1 & \dots & p \end{pmatrix}]^{n-p-1} |A| \quad (2.8)$$