



$$\beta = \arcsin \frac{r}{l}$$

$$P_1 = (R\theta, R)$$

$$Q_1 = P_1 + l(-\sin \theta, -\cos \theta)$$

$$\alpha = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{r}{l} \sin \phi \right) \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{r}{l} \sin \phi \Rightarrow \dot{\alpha} = \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \dot{\phi} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial \alpha}{\partial \phi} = \frac{\partial \dot{\alpha}}{\partial \dot{\phi}} = \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha}$$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{\alpha} = \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \ddot{\phi} - \frac{r \sin \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \dot{\phi}^2 + \tan \alpha \dot{\alpha}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \dot{\alpha}}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) = -\frac{r \sin \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \dot{\phi} + \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \tan \alpha \dot{\alpha}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{\partial \dot{\alpha}}{\partial \phi} \right) = -\frac{r \sin \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \dot{\phi} + \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \tan \alpha \dot{\phi}$$

$$M = Q_1 + r(\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha, \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha)$$

$$Q_2 = Q_1 + 2r(\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha, \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha)$$

$$P_2 = Q_2 + l(\sin \theta - 2\alpha, \cos \theta - 2\alpha)$$

$$M_1 = Q_1 + R_2(-\sin \theta, -\cos \theta) = (R\theta, R) + (l + R_2)(-\sin \theta, -\cos \theta)$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_2 &= Q_2 + R_2(-\sin \theta - 2\alpha, -\cos \theta - 2\alpha) \\ &= (R\theta, R) + l(-\sin \theta, -\cos \theta) + 2r(\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha, \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha) \\ &\quad + R_2(-\sin \theta - 2\alpha, -\cos \theta - 2\alpha) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_3 &= M + R_3(\sin \theta - \alpha, \cos \theta - \alpha) \\ &= (R\theta, R) + l(-\sin \theta, -\cos \theta) + r(\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha, \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha) \\ &\quad + R_3(\sin \theta - \alpha, \cos \theta - \alpha) \end{aligned}$$

$$M_T = \frac{m_1 M_1 + m_2 M_2 + m_3 M_3}{m_1 + m_2 + m_3}$$

$$\frac{dM_1}{dt} = (R, 0)\dot{\theta} + (l + R_2)(-\cos \theta, \sin \theta)\dot{\theta}$$

$$\frac{d^2 M_1}{dt^2} = (R, 0)\ddot{\theta} + (l + R_2)(-\cos \theta, \sin \theta)\ddot{\theta} + (l + R_2)(\sin \theta, \cos \theta)\dot{\theta}^2$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \left(\frac{dM_1}{dt} \right) = (R, 0) + (l + R_2)(-\cos \theta, \sin \theta)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \left(\frac{dM_1}{dt} \right) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \left(\frac{dM_1}{dt} \right) \cdot \frac{d^2 M_1}{dt^2} &= R^2 \ddot{\theta} - R(l + R_2) \cos \theta \ddot{\theta} + R(l + R_2) \sin \theta \dot{\theta}^2 - R(l + R_2) \cos \theta \ddot{\theta} \\
&+ (l + R_2)^2 \ddot{\theta} \\
&= [R^2 - 2R(l + R_2) \cos \theta + (l + R_2)^2] \ddot{\theta} + R(l + R_2) \sin \theta \dot{\theta}^2 \\
\frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \left(\frac{dM_1}{dt} \right) \cdot \frac{d^2 M_1}{dt^2} &= 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{dM_2}{dt} &= (R, 0) \dot{\theta} + l(-\cos \theta, \sin \theta) \dot{\theta} \\
&+ 2r(\cos \theta + \phi - \alpha, -\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha)(\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha}) \\
&+ R_2(-\cos \theta - 2\alpha, \sin \theta - 2\alpha)(\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha})
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{d^2 M_2}{dt^2} &= (R, 0) \ddot{\theta} + l(-\cos \theta, \sin \theta) \ddot{\theta} \\
&+ 2r(\cos \theta + \phi - \alpha, -\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha)(\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{\phi} - \ddot{\alpha}) \\
&+ R_2(-\cos \theta - 2\alpha, \sin \theta - 2\alpha)(\ddot{\theta} - 2\ddot{\alpha}) + l(\sin \theta, \cos \theta) \dot{\theta}^2 \\
&+ 2r(-\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha, -\cos \theta + \phi - \alpha)(\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})^2 \\
&+ R_2(\sin \theta - 2\alpha, \cos \theta - 2\alpha)(\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha})^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \left(\frac{dM_2}{dt} \right) &= (R, 0) + l(-\cos \theta, \sin \theta) + 2r(\cos \theta + \phi - \alpha, -\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha) \\
&+ R_2(-\cos \theta - 2\alpha, \sin \theta - 2\alpha)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \left(\frac{dM_2}{dt} \right) &= 2r(\cos \theta + \phi - \alpha, -\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha) \left(1 - \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \\
&+ R_2(-\cos \theta - 2\alpha, \sin \theta - 2\alpha) \left(-2 \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \left(\frac{dM_2}{dt} \right) \cdot \frac{d^2 M_2}{dt^2} &= R^2 \ddot{\theta} - Rl \cos \theta \ddot{\theta} + 2Rr \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha (\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{\phi} - \ddot{\alpha}) \\
&- RR_2 \cos \theta - 2\alpha (\ddot{\theta} - 2\ddot{\alpha}) + Rl \sin \theta \dot{\theta}^2 \\
&- 2Rr \sin \theta + \phi - \alpha (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})^2 + RR_2 \sin \theta - 2\alpha (\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha})^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -Rl \cos \theta \ddot{\theta} + l^2 \ddot{\theta} - 2rl \cos \phi - \alpha (\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{\phi} - \ddot{\alpha}) + R_2 l \cos 2\alpha (\ddot{\theta} - 2\ddot{\alpha}) \\
& + 2rl \sin \phi - \alpha (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})^2 + R_2 l \sin 2\alpha (\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha})^2 \\
& 2Rr \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha \ddot{\theta} - 2rl \cos \phi - \alpha \ddot{\theta} + 4r^2 (\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{\phi} - \ddot{\alpha}) \\
& - 2rR_2 \cos \phi + \alpha (\ddot{\theta} - 2\ddot{\alpha}) - 2rl \sin \phi - \alpha \dot{\theta}^2 \\
& - 2rR_2 \sin \phi + \alpha (\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha})^2 \\
& -RR_2 \cos \theta - 2\alpha \ddot{\theta} + lR_2 \cos 2\alpha \ddot{\theta} - 2rR_2 \cos \phi + \alpha (\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{\phi} - \ddot{\alpha}) + R_2^2 (\ddot{\theta} - 2\ddot{\alpha}) \\
& - lR_2 \sin 2\alpha \dot{\theta}^2 + 2rR_2 \sin \phi + \alpha (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})^2 \\
& = (R^2 + l^2 + 4r^2 + R_2^2 - 2Rl \cos \theta + 4Rr \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha - 2RR_2 \cos \theta - 2\alpha \\
& - 4lr \cos \phi - \alpha + 2lR_2 \cos 2\alpha - 4rR_2 \cos \phi + \alpha) \ddot{\theta} \\
& + (4r^2 + 2Rr \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha - 2rl \cos \phi - \alpha - 2rR_2 \cos \phi + \alpha) \ddot{\phi} \\
& + (-4r^2 - 2R_2^2 - 2Rr \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha + 2RR_2 \cos \theta - 2\alpha + 2lr \cos \phi - \alpha \\
& - 2lR_2 \cos 2\alpha + 6rR_2 \cos \phi + \alpha) \ddot{\alpha} \\
& + Rl \sin \theta \dot{\theta}^2 - 2Rr \sin \theta + \phi - \alpha (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})^2 + RR_2 \sin \theta - 2\alpha (\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha})^2 \\
& + 2lr \sin \phi - \alpha (2\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})(\dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha}) \\
& + lR_2 \sin 2\alpha (2\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha})(-2\dot{\alpha}) \\
& + 2rR_2 \sin \phi + \alpha (2\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - 3\dot{\alpha})(\dot{\phi} + \dot{\alpha})
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \left(\frac{dM_2}{dt} \right) \cdot \frac{d^2 M_2}{dt^2} \\
& = \left(1 - \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \left((4r^2 + 2Rr \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha - 2lr \cos \phi - \alpha - 2rR_2 \cos \phi + \alpha) \ddot{\theta} \right. \\
& \quad + 4r^2 \ddot{\phi} + (-4r^2 + 4rR_2 \cos \phi + \alpha) \ddot{\alpha} - 2lr \sin \phi - \alpha \dot{\theta}^2 \\
& \quad \left. - 2rR_2 \sin \phi + \alpha (\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha})^2 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \left(-2 \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \left((R_2^2 - RR_2 \cos \theta - 2\alpha + lR_2 \cos 2\alpha - 2rR_2 \cos \phi + \alpha)\ddot{\theta} \right. \\
& \quad - 2rR_2 \cos \phi + \alpha \ddot{\phi} + (-2R_2^2 + 2rR_2 \cos \phi + \alpha)\ddot{\alpha} - lR_2 \sin 2\alpha \dot{\theta}^2 \\
& \quad \left. + 2rR_2 \sin \phi + \alpha (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})^2 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{dM_3}{dt} &= (R, 0)\dot{\theta} + l(-\cos \theta, \sin \theta)\dot{\theta} \\
& \quad + r(\cos \theta + \phi - \alpha, -\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha)(\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha}) \\
& \quad + R_3(\cos \theta - \alpha, -\sin \theta - \alpha)(\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha})
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{d^2M_3}{dt^2} &= (R, 0)\ddot{\theta} + l(-\cos \theta, \sin \theta)\ddot{\theta} \\
& \quad + r(\cos \theta + \phi - \alpha, -\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha)(\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{\phi} - \ddot{\alpha}) \\
& \quad + R_3(\cos \theta - \alpha, -\sin \theta - \alpha)(\ddot{\theta} - \ddot{\alpha}) + l(\sin \theta, \cos \theta)\dot{\theta}^2 \\
& \quad + r(-\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha, -\cos \theta + \phi - \alpha)(\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})^2 \\
& \quad + R_3(-\sin \theta - \alpha, -\cos \theta - \alpha)(\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha})^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \left(\frac{dM_3}{dt} \right) &= (R, 0) + l(-\cos \theta, \sin \theta) + r(\cos \theta + \phi - \alpha, -\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha) \\
& \quad + R_3(\cos \theta - \alpha, -\sin \theta - \alpha)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \left(\frac{dM_3}{dt} \right) &= r(\cos \theta + \phi - \alpha, -\sin \theta + \phi - \alpha) \left(1 - \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \\
& \quad + R_3(\cos \theta - \alpha, -\sin \theta - \alpha) \left(-\frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \left(\frac{dM_3}{dt} \right) \cdot \frac{d^2M_3}{dt^2} \\
& \quad = R^2\ddot{\theta} - Rl \cos \theta \ddot{\theta} + Rr \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha (\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{\phi} - \ddot{\alpha}) \\
& \quad + RR_3 \cos \theta - \alpha (\ddot{\theta} - \ddot{\alpha}) + Rl \sin \theta \dot{\theta}^2 \\
& \quad - Rr \sin \theta + \phi - \alpha (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})^2 - RR_3 \sin \theta - \alpha (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha})^2 \\
& \quad - Rl \cos \theta \ddot{\theta} + l^2\ddot{\theta} - rl \cos \phi - \alpha (\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{\phi} - \ddot{\alpha}) - R_3l \cos \alpha (\ddot{\theta} - \ddot{\alpha}) \\
& \quad + rl \sin \phi - \alpha (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})^2 - R_3l \sin \alpha (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha})^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& Rr \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha \ddot{\theta} - rl \cos \phi - \alpha \ddot{\theta} + r^2(\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{\phi} - \ddot{\alpha}) + rR_3 \cos \phi (\ddot{\theta} - \ddot{\alpha}) \\
& \quad - rl \sin \phi - \alpha \dot{\theta}^2 + rR_3 \sin \phi (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha})^2 \\
& RR_3 \cos \theta - \alpha \ddot{\theta} - lR_3 \cos \alpha \ddot{\theta} + rR_3 \cos \phi (\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{\phi} - \ddot{\alpha}) + R_3^2(\ddot{\theta} - \ddot{\alpha}) \\
& \quad + lR_3 \sin \alpha \dot{\theta}^2 - rR_3 \sin \phi (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})^2 \\
& = (R^2 + l^2 + r^2 + R_3^2 - 2Rl \cos \theta + 2Rr \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha + 2RR_3 \cos \theta - \alpha \\
& \quad - 2lr \cos \phi - \alpha - 2lR_3 \cos \alpha + 2rR_3 \cos \phi) \ddot{\theta} \\
& \quad + (r^2 + Rr \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha - lr \cos \phi - \alpha + rR_3 \cos \phi) \ddot{\phi} \\
& (-r^2 - R_3^2 - Rr \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha - RR_3 \cos \theta - \alpha + lr \cos \phi - \alpha + lR_3 \cos \alpha \\
& \quad - 2rR_3 \cos \phi) \ddot{\alpha} \\
& + Rl \sin \theta \dot{\theta}^2 - Rr \sin \theta + \phi - \alpha (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})^2 - RR_3 \sin \theta - \alpha (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha})^2 \\
& \quad + lr \sin \phi - \alpha (2\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})(\dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha}) \\
& \quad + lR_3 \sin \alpha (2\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha})(\dot{\alpha}) \\
& \quad + rR_3 \sin \phi (2\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - 2\dot{\alpha})(-\dot{\phi})
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \left(\frac{dM_3}{dt} \right) \cdot \frac{d^2 M_3}{dt^2} \\
& = \left(1 - \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \left(Rr \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha \ddot{\theta} - rl \cos \phi - \alpha \ddot{\theta} \right. \\
& \quad + r^2(\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{\phi} - \ddot{\alpha}) + rR_3 \cos \phi (\ddot{\theta} - \ddot{\alpha}) - rl \sin \phi - \alpha \dot{\theta}^2 \\
& \quad \left. + rR_3 \sin \phi (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha})^2 \right) \\
& \quad + \left(-\frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \left(RR_3 \cos \theta - \alpha \ddot{\theta} - lR_3 \cos \alpha \ddot{\theta} \right. \\
& \quad + rR_3 \cos \phi (\ddot{\theta} + \ddot{\phi} - \ddot{\alpha}) + R_3^2(\ddot{\theta} - \ddot{\alpha}) + lR_3 \sin \alpha \dot{\theta}^2 \\
& \quad \left. - rR_3 \sin \phi (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})^2 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \left(1 - \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha}\right) \left((r^2 + Rr \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha - lr \cos \phi - \alpha + rR_3 \cos \phi) \ddot{\theta} + r^2 \ddot{\phi} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + (-r^2 - rR_3 \cos \phi) \ddot{\alpha} - lr \sin \phi - \alpha \dot{\theta}^2 + rR_3 \sin \phi (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha})^2 \right) \\
&+ \left(-\frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha}\right) \left((R_3^2 + RR_3 \cos \theta - \alpha - lR_3 \cos \alpha + rR_3 \cos \phi) \ddot{\theta} + rR_3 \cos \phi \ddot{\phi} \right. \\
&\quad \left. + (-R_3^2 - rR_3 \cos \phi) \ddot{\alpha} + lR_3 \sin \alpha \dot{\theta}^2 - rR_3 \sin \phi (\dot{\theta} + \dot{\phi} - \dot{\alpha})^2 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$Q_{r_i} = m \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial \dot{r}_i} \right)^T \frac{dv}{dt}$$

Rotational energy

$$\begin{aligned}
KE &= \frac{1}{2} I_1 \dot{\theta}^2 + \frac{1}{2} I_2 (\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha})^2 + \frac{1}{2} I_3 (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha})^2 + \frac{1}{2} I_D (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha} + \dot{\phi})^2 \\
\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial KE}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right) &= I_1 \ddot{\theta} + I_2 (\ddot{\theta} - 2\ddot{\alpha}) + I_3 (\ddot{\theta} - \ddot{\alpha}) + I_D (\ddot{\theta} - \ddot{\alpha} + \ddot{\phi}) \\
&= (I_1 + I_2 + I_3 + I_D) \ddot{\theta} + I_D \ddot{\phi} + (-2I_2 - I_3 - I_D) \ddot{\alpha} \\
\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial KE}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \right) &= \frac{d}{dt} \left(I_2 (\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha}) \left(-2 \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) + I_3 (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha}) \left(-\frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \right. \\
&\quad \left. + I_D (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha} + \dot{\phi}) \left(1 - \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \right) \\
&= (2I_2 \ddot{\theta} - 4I_2 \ddot{\alpha}) \left(-\frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) + (I_3 \ddot{\theta} - I_3 \ddot{\alpha}) \left(-\frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \\
&\quad + (I_D \ddot{\theta} - I_D \ddot{\alpha}) \left(1 - \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) + I_D \ddot{\phi} \left(1 - \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \\
&\quad + [-2I_2 (\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha}) - I_3 (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha}) - I_D (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha} + \dot{\phi})] \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \dot{\phi}}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \right) \\
&= \left[I_D + (-2I_2 - I_3 - I_D) \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right] \ddot{\theta} + I_D \left(1 - \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \ddot{\phi} \\
&\quad + \left[-I_D + (4I_2 + I_3 + I_D) \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right] \ddot{\alpha} \\
&\quad + [-2I_2 (\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha}) - I_3 (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha}) - I_D (\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha} + \dot{\phi})] \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \dot{\phi}}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial KE}{\partial \dot{\phi}} &= I_2(\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha}) \left(-2 \frac{\partial \dot{\alpha}}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \right) + I_3(\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha}) \left(-\frac{\partial \dot{\alpha}}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \right) + I_D(\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha} + \dot{\phi}) \left(-\frac{\partial \dot{\alpha}}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \right) \\
&= [-2I_2(\dot{\theta} - 2\dot{\alpha}) - I_3(\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha}) - I_D(\dot{\theta} - \dot{\alpha} + \dot{\phi})] \left(\frac{\partial \dot{\alpha}}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Gravitational energy

$$\begin{aligned}
PE &= m_1 g(R - (l + R_2) \cos \theta) \\
&\quad + m_2 g(R - l \cos \theta + 2r \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha - R_2 \cos \theta - 2\alpha) \\
&\quad + m_3 g(R - l \cos \theta + r \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha + R_3 \cos \theta - \alpha) \\
&= (m_1 + m_2 + m_3)gR + (-m_1(l + R_2) - m_2l - m_3l)g \cos \theta \\
&\quad + (2m_2r + m_3r)g \cos \theta + \phi - \alpha - m_2R_2g \cos \theta - 2\alpha \\
&\quad + m_3R_3g \cos \theta - \alpha
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial PE}{\partial \theta} &= (m_1(l + R_2) + m_2l + m_3l)g \sin \theta + (-2m_2r - m_3r)g \sin \theta + \phi - \alpha \\
&\quad + m_2R_2g \sin \theta - 2\alpha - m_3R_3g \sin \theta - \alpha
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial PE}{\partial \phi} &= -(2m_2r + m_3r)g \left(1 - \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \sin \theta + \phi - \alpha \\
&\quad + m_2R_2g \left(-2 \frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \sin \theta - 2\alpha - m_3R_3g \left(-\frac{r \cos \phi}{l \cos \alpha} \right) \sin \theta - \alpha
\end{aligned}$$

Overall,

$$\begin{aligned}
0 &= m_1 \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \left(\frac{dM_1}{dt} \right) \cdot \frac{d^2 M_1}{dt^2} + m_2 \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \left(\frac{dM_2}{dt} \right) \cdot \frac{d^2 M_2}{dt^2} + m_3 \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \left(\frac{dM_3}{dt} \right) \cdot \frac{d^2 M_3}{dt^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial KE}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right) + \frac{\partial PE}{\partial \theta} \\
\tau &= m_1 \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \left(\frac{dM_1}{dt} \right) \cdot \frac{d^2 M_1}{dt^2} + m_2 \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \left(\frac{dM_2}{dt} \right) \cdot \frac{d^2 M_2}{dt^2} + m_3 \frac{\partial}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \left(\frac{dM_3}{dt} \right) \cdot \frac{d^2 M_3}{dt^2} \\
&\quad + \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial KE}{\partial \dot{\phi}} \right) + \frac{\partial PE}{\partial \phi}
\end{aligned}$$

If I keep the rotation of disk constant, such that $\dot{\phi} = \omega$.

Without noise and disturbance, if the initial state is $\begin{bmatrix} \theta \\ \phi \\ \dot{\theta} \\ \dot{\phi} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \beta \\ \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$, then for certain

range of ω , the trajectory is smooth and stable. And the trajectory can be fitted by the function of $\theta = (\sin \phi p_1) \times p_2 + p_3 \times \phi$

Therefore, I added two feedback so that

$$\ddot{\phi} = -K_1(\dot{\phi} - \omega) - K_2[(\sin \phi p_1) \times p_2 + p_3 \times \phi - \theta]$$

K_1 term is to keep $\dot{\phi}$ constant, K_2 term is to keep the trajectory stable.