Vibrations: A Software View

Basics from previous experiments

- 1. Map feature to the voltage value. For now, use the running power of signals.
- 2. Inteplolating zeros to waveform is essential.
- 3. With I2C port, 512 samples per frame, 44100 sampling rate, writting 24 values per frame is resaonable.
- 4. Use power density to control different feelings.

Software View of the Vibrations Coding

Motivation:

Minimizing human intervention; maximizing the reusability

- 1. use combination of atomic waveforms
- 2. semi-automatic: set rules to assign effects
- 3. fully-automatic: machine learning involved solution (in the feature)

Bottom Level: Atomic Waveform

- waveform of one frame (24 values)
- controls the power density by ration of zeros;
- designed to modulate the raw features (1 for raw feature values;
 0.5 for half of raw feature values);
- Number of atomic waveform should not be large E.g. Design a high zero-ratio waveform for moderate feeling

Intemedie Level: Multi-frame Effects

- combination of atomic waveform frame
- based on multiple features
- create a set of rules to "mix" atomic waveform

E.g with frequency infomation, assiging different atomic waveforms even the power is equivlent

Top Level: Vibration Mode

- the "style" of vibration, like the pre-determined equlization effects
- selecting different features
- tuning feature in to global scope.

E.g. Tuning the distribution of feature values

Vibrations development process (sketch)

Stage 1

Design atomic waveform (can be arbitrary at the begining)
Output: atomic waveform database

Stage 2

Determine the features besides power (like frequency); Design multiframe effects based on certain music segment (should not be long)

Output: A set of rules to select different atomic waveform

Stage 3

Tune the music power on the global level.

Select rules to be applied from the database of stage 2

Output: tunning function database

How does the vibration mode work on real music?

- 1. Feature extraction
- 2. Tune the power distribution based on vibration mode
- 3. Apply all rules on the features; detect and assign *multiframe effects*
- 4. Replace the effects with atomic waveform
- 5. Vibration sequence is ready to be send to hardware

